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LATEST INTELLIGENCE

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IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON.

The Democratic Caucus on Saturday Night—A Committee of Conference Appointed—Action to Propitiate the Shaky Anti-Lecompton Democrats, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Washington, Sunday, March 28.

John Cochrane was Chairman of the Democratic caucus on Saturday evening. Stephens, of Georgia, made a strong speech to show that the only hope of the Union was in the unity of the Democratic Party, and that everything possible should be done to preserve this harmony.

English, of Indiana, an Anti-Lecompton Democrat, seconded Stephens, and made a speech in a similar vein, suggesting the propriety of the adoption of some amendment to make the bill acceptable to Democrats who wanted to support the Administration, but could not agree to the unadulterated swindle.

Stephens moved for a Committee of twenty, half Lecompton and half Anti, to devise some plan of agreement, and to report on Tuesday evening. English seconded the motion, and it was carried. John Cochrane appointed the Committee.

This move on the part of English is evidently designed to afford a pretext to enable the fishing Anti-Lecompton men to go for Lecompton. English has been looked upon as doubtful for some time back.

The Lecomptonites to-night boast confidentially that English and Foley, of Indiana, and Shaw, of Illinois, have agreed to go with them, and that McKibben will probably do the same.

Cochrane's Committee have agreed upon an immaterial amendment, which is to furnish the platform for this treason.

Capt. A. W. Reynolds was confirmed on Thursday by the Senate, without opposition, and restored to his rank as Assistant Quartermaster in the Army.

Capt. Reynolds will doubtless be sent with the army to Utah, having served long on the frontiers, he will be of great service in the department of the West. S.

[FROM THE REPORTER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Washington, Sunday, March 28.

Yesterday Col. Roberts, U. S. A., gave a trial open to all new and improved arms in the orchard at his residence, on the heights at Georgetown. The company was distinguished and select, including Secretary of War Floyd, General Persifer F. Smith, Colonel Roberts, Colonel May, Major McCulloch and several others. The practice was continued from noon till sundown. Secretary Floyd fired five shots with Sharp's carbine, and put all in the target at three hundred yards. Colonel Roberts carried off the most marks, and also put the only shot in the white. At the close of the day the marks stood thus in the target: 300 yards, Sharp's rifle, manufactured a Hartford, Conn., 51; Morse's rifle, 33; Colt's, 8; Gouk's, 3. After the conclusion of the trial an agent of Sharp's fired ten shots in forty seconds. Subsequently at 600 to 750 yards, seven shots were put in the target, including three by Colonel Roberts. Another trial comes off soon at the Navy Yard.

Col. Johnston, in his latest-received official dispatch, says that the Mormon troops are organized to resist the establishment of a Territorial Government by the United States, and in furtherance of that object have erected works of defence in the mountain passes and near Salt Lake City. He does not believe that a spirit of conciliation toward them would now be properly appreciated; it would rather be wrongly interpreted. In view of the treasonable temper and feeling pervading the leaders, and greater portion of the Mormons, he thinks that neither the honor nor dignity of the Government will allow the slightest concession; they should be made to submit to the constitutional and legal demands of the Government unconditionally. An adjustment of the existing difficulties on any other basis would be nugatory. Their threat to oppose the march of the troops in the Spring will not have the slightest influence in delaying it, and if they desire to join issue, he believes it is for the interest of the Government that they should have an opportunity.

XXXVth CONGRESS......First Session.

SENATE....Washington, Saturday, March 27.

The Senate is not in session.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Washington, Saturday, March 27.

The House proceeded to the consideration of the report of the Special Committee in regard to the Matteson case, which concludes with a resolution that it is inexpedient to take further action in regard to the resolution for his expulsion.

Mr. Seward, of Georgia, argued in favor of the views contained in the report. The House has, by the Constitution, power to punish a member for disorderly conduct; and by a vote of two-thirds may expel a member, but it never was designed that a charge should be raised at a subsequent Congress, because there is no power to limit or restrict the sovereignty of the people in the choice of their representatives.

Mr. Craige, of North Carolina, asked whether any legislative body has not the right to protect itself against scoundrelism, and against association with a man whose reputation is infamously corrupt?

Mr. Seward replied that there was so much diversity of opinion as to what constitutes a gentleman, that he should like Mr. Craige to fix the legal standard.

Mr. Craige said the House could protect itself when a man's character is pronounced infamous, and about which there is no diversity of opinion.

Mr. Seward remarked that he was not here as a prosecutor or defender of Mr. Matteson, but was endeavoring to explain the law as he understood it. He asked Mr. Craige to put his finger on the record to show that Mr. Matteson was interested one cent in the transactions investigated by the previous Congress.

Mr. Craige said that by universal consent Mr. Matteson was not a fit associate for any man.

Mr. Seward observed that the gentleman from North Carolina was not bound to associate with Mr. Matteson any more than he was. There is nothing to show that Matteson was engaged in bribery, or was bribed. If he had libeled the House, he might be tried under the criminal law.

The report of the Committee was agreed to by Yeas 96; Nays 69.

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Adrain, Andrews, Arnold, Bennett, Billinghurst, Bingham, Blair, Bliss, Bowie, Brayton, Buffinton, Burlingame, Campbell, Case, Chaffee Clark, Clawson, Clark B, Cochrane, Colfax, Comins, Corning, Covode, Cragin, Damrell, Davis of Md., Davis of Ia., Davis of Mass., Davis of Iowa, Dawes, Dean, Dick, Dodd, Durfee, Farnsworth, Fenton, Foley, Foster, Giddings, Gilman, Gilmer, Goodwin Granger, Grow, Hall of of Mass., Harlan, Hickman, Horton, Howard, Jewett, Kellogg, Kelsey, Kilgore, Knapp, Kunkel of Pa., Leach, Leiter, Lovejoy, Montgomery, Morrill, Morris of Pa., Morse of Me., Morse of N. Y., Mott, Nichols, Olin, Parker, Pettit, Pike, Potter, Purviance, Ritchie, Robbins, Roberts, Royce Seward Shaw of Ill., Sherman of Ohio, Smith of Tenn., Spinner Stanton, Stephens, Tappan, Taylor of La., Thayer, Tompkins, Trippe, Wade, Walbridge, Waldron, Walton, Washburne, Whitely, Wilson, Wood—96.

Nays—Messrs. Anderson, Atkins, Burnett, Burns Burroughs Clemens, Clingman, Cobb, John Cochrane, Cox, Cockerill, Craige, Curry, Davidson, Dowdell, Elliot, Eustis, Florence, Garrett, Gartrell, Gillis, Goode, Greenwood, Groesbeck, Hall of Ohio, Hoard, Hopkins, Houston, Hughes, Jackson, Jenkins, Jones of Tenn., Jones of Penn., Kelly, Kunkel of Md., Lawrence, Leidy, Letcher, McQueen, Marshall of Ill., Mason, Miles, Millson, Moore, Niblack, Peyton, Phelps, Powell, Quitman, Ready, Reagan, Reilley, Ruffin, Sandidge, Savage, Scales, Scott, Shaw of N. C., Sickles Smith of Va., Stallworth, Stevenson, Stewart of Md., Talbot, Ward, Warren, Watkins, Wortendyke, Wright of Ga.—69.

Absent—Messrs. Ahl, Avery, Barksdale, Bishop, Bocock, Bonham, Boyce, Branch, Bryan, Caruthers, Caskie, Chapman, Clark (2,) Clay, Craig, Crawford, Curtis, Reuben Davis, Dewart, Dimmick, Edie, Edmundson, English, Faulkner, Gooch, Gregg, Harris (2,) Haskin, Hatch, Hawkins, Hill, Huyler, Owen Jones, Keitt, Lamar, Landy, Maclay, McKibbin, Marshall of Kentucky, Matteson, Maynard, Miller, Morgan, Morris of Illinois, Murray, Palmer, Pendleton, Phillips, Pottle, Ricaud, Russell, Searing, Sherman of New-York, Shorter, Singleton, Smith of Illinois, Taylor of New-York, Thomson, Underwood, Washburn (2,) White, Winslow, Woodson, Wright of Tennessee, Zollicoffer.

Mr. J. Glancy Jones, of Pennsylvania, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill making appropriations for expenses incurred in collecting the revenue from Customs, and repealing all laws authorizing their payments on the Pacific coast out of the revenue, before being paid into the treasury.

Also, a bill modifying the act of 1857, relative to the safe keeping of the transfer and disbursements of the public revenue, so as to authorize the disbursing agent, with the sanction of the head of his department, to hold money and pay it directly to the person to whom payment is to be made, without first depositing the same in the treasury.

The House passed the Senate bill establishing three additional land districts in California.

Mr. Shaw, of Illinois, alluded to the remark made by Mr. Smith, of Virginia, yesterday, that the successor to Col. Richardson informed him that the Democratic members from Illinois had held a conference, and concluded that the only course left for Mr. Douglas to insure a reëlection to the Senate was to oppose Lecompton. Mr. Shaw wished to say that no such conference had been held to his knowledge, and certainly he had participated in no such meeting.

Mr. Smith, of Illinois, indorsed that statement.

Mr. Morris, of Illinois, was confident no such conference was held, or even contemplated by the Democratic members of the delegation. He never had any intimation from Mr. Douglas that he (Douglas) was influenced by any such motive, nor did he believe it to be the fact. He had said that he looked on the Lecompton movement as a great wrong, and violation of the principles of self-government, and that neither Mr. Douglas nor his friends would or ought to be sustained by Illinois if they gave it their support. If Mr. Smith understood more than this he totally misapprehended him.

Mr. Smith, of Virginia, reiterated that in conversation with Mr. Morris he stated distinctly and explicitly that the Illinois delegation had held a conference, and decided on the course Mr. Douglas should pursue in order to secure his reëlection to the Senate. If he was correctly informed, Mr. Morris related this to others; that a gentleman also informed him that the delegates of Illinois, at the Cincinnati Convention, had recommended various appointments to the President, but that the recommendations were disregarded, and this was one of the grievances on the part of the delegation. The gentleman from Illinois had a similar conversation with a gentleman from Kentucky.

Mr. Burnett, of Kentucky, remarked that he did not feel at liberty to repeat the conversation between Mr. Morris and himself without the gentleman's consent.

Mr. Morris inquired where the conversation took place.

Mr. Smith replied it did not matter where, so that the main fact was stated.

Mr. Morris said that the conversation between him and Mr. Smith was in December last in presence of his (Morris') family, when he spoke as to whether some plan might not be devised by which the Kansas question could be settled without serious conflict or division in the Democratic Party, and he had also stated that neither Mr. Douglas, nor any other man who favored Lecompton could be elected to the Senate. He recollected further stating that on his arrival in Washington, upon ascertaining that Mr. Douglas would take a position against Lecompton, he engaged in conversation with Col. Richardson and Mr. Douglas, when he informed the latter that if he had made up his mind to oppose Lecompton, he should avail himself of the earliest opportunity to deliver his views, for if he put off his speech to the 21st December, when a vote was to be taken in Kansas, his motives would be impugned, and his enemies would take advantage of it. None of the Illinois delegation but himself took part in the conversation. As a warm personal and political friend of Mr. Douglas what motive could he have in making a statement to his detriment? He doubtless said to Mr. Smith that the delegation in Congress, but not the delegates to the Cincinnati Convention, complained that Illinois had not been well provided for in the distribution of offices. He had been greatly misrepresented.

Mr. Burnett did not pretend to give the precise words of the conversation he had had with Mr. Morris, but he understood Mr. Morris to state distinctly that the Democratic members from Illinois had a conference, and determined that Mr. Douglas should pursue his present course on the Kansas question, and that this was the only means by which Mr. Douglas could sustain himself at home; and unless he opposed Lecompton, defeat would not only be inevitable to Mr. Douglas, but to his friends. In that conversation Mr. Morris also spoke as to whether means could be devised by which the Democrats could act together harmoniously, and said that Mr. Douglas did not intend to be "crushed out" by the Administration.

Mr. Marshall, of Ill., repeated, on authority, that no such conference as that alluded to had been held. The statement was wholly untrue.

Mr. Smith said that it was true that a conversation was held by him with Mr. Morris in presence of his family; but he went there at Mr. Morris' request, to consult about an old soldier's claim, and the other subject came up after this was disposed of. Having no political secrets himself, he held it to be his duty to his country to trace out, by any proper and legitimate means, the secret motives and private purposes of public men who attributed other reasons for their conduct.

Mr. Wright, of Georgia, said if this conversation were not terminated, it must of necessity run into personalities. There seemed to be a tendency to widen the breach.

Mr. Morris said that Mr. Smith had announced his settled determination to retail private conversations when he thought the public interests required it.

Mr. Smith explained. He did not say he would use private confidential conversations for public use, but without injunctions of confidence he would be at liberty to refer to them, for he could see no difference between public men and public subjects. If there are traitors, could not he expose the treason?

Mr. Morris was glad that Mr. Smith watches over the interests of the country, and will defend every avenue of liberty to the last. What gentlemen would desire that every private conversation with his fellow members or friends should be publicly exposed. The conversation between him and Mr. Smith occurred in private; but it had been retailed in a speech by the gentleman from Virginia.

Mr. Wright saw no necessity for any personal feeling. All the difficulty came from the use of the word "conference."

The House then went into Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Lane, delegate from Oregon, after speaking in support of the admission of that Territory as a State of the Union, branched off on Kansas, advocating the Lecompton Constitution.

Mr. Hall, of Massachusetts, opposed the Lecompton Constitution, and in the course of his remarks defended the deeds and memory of the Pilgrim Fathers.

He said we live in a formation period, and the policy of the country is about to be changed, and from the elements around us the party of the future will be the spring. The elements thus far have been resistant, but they will become conservative, and acquire power and strength. Such a party cannot have a taint of sectionalism about it, and from the necessity of its construction, it seems impossible that it can become aggressive on any constitutional or covenanted right of any portion of the people of the United States. The dominion of the Slave Power is over, or is drawing to a close, and, as it draws to its close, the star of hope for the reorganization of this Government on its original pattern will rise in the ascendant.

The House then adjourned.

The Position and Prospects of Lecompton—The Acquisition of Sonora—The Cuban Question—Arizona, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Washington, Saturday, March 27, 1858.

There is nothing new, to-day, in connection with the Lecompton swindle. Its friends and opponents are working like beavers, to get their forces into good working order for Thursday next, when it is fully expected that the vote will be taken. Treachery aside, there can be no doubt of the triumphant success of the Crittenden amendment,—provided a few crotchety Republicans will consent to be practical men for a little while, and work for success, instead of trifling with a mere abstraction. Adopt Crittenden's amendment, and the Lecompton outrage will be practically crushed out,—because it will give the people of Kansas full and fair opportunity to decide for themselves the institutions under which they are to live; and the machinery through which this decision is to be rendered will be so guarded, that there can be no danger of considerable frauds. The only objection to the amendment worthy of consideration is the fact that, *theoretically*, it assents to the admission of Kansas as a Slave-State, if her people shall so decide. The case would seem to be one, however, in which the most ultra opponent of Slavery might and ought vote for this objectionable feature, *with a protest*, in order to secure the defeat of the substantial iniquity presented as its alternative.

The project of acquiring Sonora is revived, and Mr. Buchanan will probably make it a point of his foreign policy. It is a pet project with him, and I have some doubts whether he would not rather consummate it than build up a great and powerful Republic south of us, even if the latter could be done by a word. Sonora would be valuable to us, doubtless, because it would give us command of the Gulf of California; but it is exceedingly doubtful whether the Senate will ever consent to the purchase of anything more than is necessary to secure to us the Port of Guaymas. Mr. Buchanan will push the scheme, however, if he sees opportunity, until he finds it impossible, and then, in common with all the acquisitionists,—who oppose an American Protectorate of Mexico *because* they prefer to extend our possessions,—he will begin to understand that the Protectorate is the only means by which the United States can ever obtain commanding influence over that distracted region of country. I predict that if a Government can be found with which to treat, the Administration will make a demonstration for the acquisition of Sonora before many months elapse, and that it will fail.

The President will also attempt to make an issue for Cuba. How he will do it, is not easy to determine. If by war or threats of war against Spain, he will fail in that also, in the initial step. Indeed, unless he shall greatly modify the plan of operations which he is understood to favor, he will be likely to retard rather than advance the project of annexation. He is expected to demand a prompt redress of grievances,—and, upon any reasonable pretext, to seiz the island of Cuba as a hostage, and then proceed t treat for its purchase. Suppose France, at this juncture, shall come forward, offer Spain her mediation and her pecuniary aid in the settlement of the difficulty, and secure her own advances by the assertion of a protectorate. In this event, not only would our pretext for *stealing* Cuba be lost,—but the interference o France would have removed it further than ever from our grasp. I believe the day for the acquisition o Cuba by the United States is past,—and will not return for years to come,—or until Mexico shall have been consolidated and strengthened so as to become another power threatening to Spanish sovereignty i the Gulf, instead of being, as now, a temptation to Spanish cupidity, and an encouragement to the idle dream in which Spain now indulges,—of again extending her sceptre over Spanish America. I submit that the American protectorate over Mexico, is the first, and the longest step towards the peaceful acquisition of "the ever-faithful isle."

The Senate Committee on Territories have determined to report against the bill to organize the Territorial Government of Arizona. Why they have come to this conclusion it is difficult to imagine. The isolated condition of Arizona clearly entitles her to this act of justice. She has already a large population; and, as her rich resources are developing, immigration begins to pour in with considerable force. Give them a good Government, administered by themselves, and they will soon make a little California midway between the two oceans. In connection with this subject I cannot forbear reference to some strangely jumbled publications in a New-York journal, violently assailing Senator Gwin; accusing him of being a fillibuster, of seeking to build up a Slave State in the Arizona country, and of sacrificing the interests of the North by devoting his energies to the building up of extreme Southern routes to the Pacific Ocean. All of this is unfair, and some of it untrue. Senator Gwin is a gentleman of too much sense to expect to make a Slave State in the locality in question, even if he had any disposition so to do. He is not a *fillibuster*, has always opposed fillibusterism, and is himself, in turn, bitterly opposed by every active sympathizer with that cause in his State. Certainly the charge of sectionalism in the matter of overland communications cannot be sustained by reference to any measure ever proposed by him; and a week or two will probably emphatically and practically disprove the allegation that he is not quite as ready to avail himself of Northern as of Southern avenues to the Pacific. He is a decided party man, and votes with the Administration upon all measures; but as a general legislator, he is national, as well as liberal, whenever liberality seems to be sound economy. S.

Later From Santa Fe.

St. Louis, Saturday, March 27.

Santa Fé papers of the 27th ult., are received, but they contain no news of special importance.

Some Indian depredations and several wanton outrages by the Mexicans against the Indians are reported.

Government wagons had been sent from Santa Fé to the Cantonment of Burgwin to convey Capt. Bowman's command to Fort Union. This company consists of seventy men, and will go with Capt. Marcy to Utah. Twenty-five mounted men also accompany him.

The Indian agent, Kit Carson, says that the Utah Indians are in great want, and have to be fed liberally.

Capt. Pope, of the Artesian Well Expedition, had arrived at Dona Ana.

The Kansas correspondent of the *Republican* says, that a gentleman, just from Nemaha County, reports meeting five Government trains, and that grass was growing so rapidly on the plains that it would subsis stock within five days.

Michigan Southern Railroad—An Authorized Circular.

Toledo, Ohio, Saturday, March 27.

Letters received here from the Secretary of the Michigan Southern Railroad, and other parties, state that the recent counter-circular of Messrs. Jervis, Olyphant, and Riggs, three Directors of the Michigan Southern Railroad, asking for proxies for the annua election in April, is not sanctioned by the Board. The only authorized circular is signed by Wm. Walcot, Secretary. That document is signed by ten out of the thirteen Directors, representing nearly 3,000 shares of the Stock, while of the three Directors who sign the counter-report, only one owns stock in the Company, and he only to the extent of 18 shares.

Robbery—Fire, &c.

Savannah, Saturday, March 27.

The Post-Office at Tampa, Florida, was thoroughly robbed on the 19th inst.

The business portion of Monticello, Florida, has been destroyed by fire.

The schooner *Gordon*, from Matanzas for Savannah, was shot at by the British sloop-of-war *Styx*, on Sunday last, in the belief that she was a slaver.

Maine Legislature.

Augusta, Me., Saturday, March 27.

The Legislature of this State, having nearly concluded its business, will adjourn on Monday or Tuesday next.

The Marion at Charleston.

Charleston, Saturday, March 27.

The U. S. M. steamship *Marion*, Capt. Wm. Foster, from New-York, arrived here at six o'clock this morning.

Accident at Bangor.

Bangor, Saturday, March 27.

The floor of an auction store in this city broke this forenoon during a gale. About two hundred men, women and children were precipitated into the cellar. Fortunately, no person was killed.

The North American Outward Bound.

Portland, Saturday, March 27.

The steamer *North American* sailed from this port at 3½ o'clock this afternoon, with sixty passengers and a full cargo for Liverpool.

A New Post-Office at Boston.

Boston, Saturday, March 27.

A new building is to be constructed at the corner of Summer-street and Chauncey-place by private parties, and leased to the Government for the Boston Post-Office. The contract was officially made to-day. The new edifice will be expressly arranged for Post-Office purposes, and will probably be completed in November next.

Wagon Manufactory Burned.

St. Louis, Saturday, March 27.

The wagon manufactory of John Cook and several adjacent buildings, in this city, were destroyed by fire last night. Loss about $25,000. Two hundred Government wagons were burned.

The Case of Townsend, the Highwayman.

Merrittsville, C. W., Saturday, March 27.

A dozen witnesses were examined to-day in the case of Townsend. The prisoner appears to be perfectly indifferent. The interest in his case is extraordinary and unabated.

Railroad Depot Destroyed by Fire.

Philadelphia, Saturday, March 27.

The passenger depôt of the New-Jersey Central Railroad at Phillipsburg was totally destroyed by fire this morning. The fire caught from the sparks of the locomotive.

College Students in Trouble.

Columbia, S. C., Saturday, March 27.

One hundred of the students belonging to the College here have been suspended until October next for insubordination. They tarred the benches of the recitation rooms, and committed other exceptional acts, because the faculty refused to suspend the exercises on Thanksgiving day.

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....Albany, Saturday, March 27.

BILLS REPORTED.

By Mr. Foote, a bill to appropriate moneys to General Ward B. Burnett, for moneys expended by him in raising a regiment of volunteers during the late war with Mexico.

By Mr. Noxon, a bill to allow the Corporation of the City of New-York to grant titles of land under water. Also, a bill authorizing the appointment of Commissioners to take acknowledgments in England and France. Ordered to a third reading.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. Doherty, for the relief of members of the New-York Common Council of 1857. Also, to prevent the manufacture and sale of explosive burning fluids. The bill awards payment to members of the Common Council from the time that the new Charter went into effect, until Dec. 31 last.

By Mr. Ely, to incorporate a German Savings Bank in the City of New-York.

BILLS PASSED.

To prevent the issue of fraudulent receipts by warehousemen, wharfingers and others.

ASSEMBLY....Albany, Saturday, March 27.

The following bills were ordered to a third reading:

Bill to facilitate the removal of Quarantine.

Bill to regulate the use of wharves and slips in the City of New-York, which are now leased to steamboat lines.

BILLS REPORTED.

Favorably, to regulate the manufacture and sale of gas.

To authorize the consolidation of banking associations. It enables two or more banking associations formed under the banking laws of the State, to consolidate, on filing a petition thereafter, signed by two-thirds of the stockholders of each association, with the Superintendent of the Department.

BILLS PASSED.

To change the school year, and amend the statutes relative to public instruction.

To incorporate the Nevesink Steamboat Company.

To exempt a portion of the Fifth Ward of Brooklyn from the operation of the fire laws.

A motion to adjourn over until Monday evening was lost.

A number of bills were moved forward a stage.

A resolution was adopted, closing the entire rear of the chambers, except to ladies, or gentlemen with ladies, in order to exclude the lobby.

The Niagara at Boston.

Boston, Sunday, March 28.

The Royal Mail steamship *Niagara*, from Liverpool *viâ* Halifax, arrived at this port at 3 o'clock this morning. Her mails for the South were forwarded by the Sunday night train, due at New-York at 5 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Fire at Paterson, N. J.

Paterson, Sunday, March 28.

The stable attached to Graham's Farmer's Hotel in this city was destroyed by fire this morning. Four horses were burnt to death. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

Mail Robbery.

Port Jervis, N. Y., Saturday, March 27.

Last night at about 5½ o'clock some boys discovered in the Delaware River, at this place, a mail bag, which had had been cut open and robbed. The bag was marked for Painted Post, and must have left New-York by the night express train on Thursday evening, as the papers found in it were the second and third editions of that day, but all the letters were gone.

The Massachusetts Legislature.

Boston, Saturday, March 27.

The Legislature of Massachusetts adjourned today, having passed one hundred and seventy-seven acts and forty-four resolves. The appropriations made will amount to about a million of dollars, and the reduction in the State tax is about half a million of dollars.

The St. Croix River.

Calais, Saturday, March 27.

The St. Croix river is clear of ice to-day.

Weather Reports.

By the Northern, Eastern, Western, and Southern Telegraph Lines—Office No. 21 Wall-street.

Places.	N. Lat.	Time. Mar.28	Wind.	Thr.	Remarks.
Quebec, C. E..	46.49	—	—	—	—
St. John, N. B..	45.14	A. M.	W.	38°	Clear.
Eastport Me...	44.54	M.	N. W.	38°	Cloudy.
Bangor, Me...	44.47	A. M.	N. W.	30°	Clear.
Halifax, N. S..	44.39	A. M.	N.	36°	Overcast.
Portland, Me.	43.39	A. M.	N.	31°	Clear.
Oswego, N. Y..	43.28	A. M.	N.	40°	Clear.
Rochester, N.Y	43.8	—	—	—	—
Boston, Mass..	42.21	P. M.	E.	45°	Pleasant day.
Springfield, M.	42.6	—	—	—	—
Newburg, N.Y.	41.31	P. M.	—	—	Mild—rainy.
New-York	40.42	9P.M.	N.	40°	Cloudy.
Philadelphia...	39.58	—	—	—	—
Baltimore, Md.	39.17	M.	W.	57°	Clear.
Washington...	38.53	—	—	—	—

City Items.

The Staten Island *Chronicle* states that Dr. Bissell, Physician of the Marine Hospital, has reconstructed and very much enlarged the Quarantine Light-house. The improvement was very much needed. While an increased intensity of light at Quarantine will thus be advantageous to commerce, it cannot help being of service in protecting the public health. It will enable the harbor police the better to prevent intercourse with infected vessels at night.

A bold attempt was made Friday evening, about 7 o'clock, to rifle the show-case of the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Company, No. 343 Broadway, containing two first-class machines. A porter of the establishment came suddenly upon the thief, who decamped, after a sharp fight, leaving the stump of a knife, with which he attempted to open the case.

The shad-pole law has been so amended by the Legislature that the poles can be driven, in certain places, at a greater depth than 6 feet at mean low water. This is a great relief to the fishermen, but may prove a *bore* to the shipping.

The regular meeting of the Teachers' Association for March, was held on Saturday evening last, President Wm. M. Smith, in the chair. All of the officers and a very respectable attendance of members were present. The By-Laws were amended, so as hereafter to make the initiation fee of one dollar the only charge for membership. The time of holding meetings was changed from the last Saturday to the last Wednesday of each month. The hour of meeting hereafter to be 4 P. M. The Association has seventy-five members, and the interest on moneys now in the hands of the Treasurer will cover ordinary expenses hereafter. The President named Messrs. Dunshee, Foulke and Mather a Committee on Literary Exercises. The Committee appointed Mr. H. L. Stuart essayist for the next regular meeting. Subject—"Our City School System as it is and as it should be." The meeting adjourned, after which an informal conversation was held, with a view to secure a larger attendance on the future meetings of the Association.

Coroner's Inquests.

The Sing Sing Convict Poisoning Case.—Coroner Hills held an inquest yesterday, at No. 297 West Twenty-eighth-street, upon the body of Michael Marvin, the convict who died on Monday last at Sing Sing Prison. Mr. Beardsley, warden of the Prison, testified that the deceased first complained on Sunday; that on Monday, while in the workshop, he was taken suddenly ill, and was removed to the Hospital where he died four hours afterwards. The medical evidence showed that he died from having taken oxalic acid. It was testified that there was no oxalic acid in the apothecary's shop, or in the shop where the deceased worked. The jury rendered a verdict to the effect that the deceased died from the effects of oxalic acid, but how obtained or administered they were unable to say.

Suicide in a Fit of Delirium Tremens.—A German sailor, 40 years of age, named Henry C. Heich, on Saturday night, while in a fit of *delirium tremens*, jumped out of his bed-room window at No. 161 Washington-street, killing him instantly. Coroner Gamble held an inquest yesterday on the body, when a verdict was rendered in accordance with the facts stated.

LATER FROM HAVANA.

Arrival of the Empire City—Capture of a Slaver by a British Cruser—Increase of Chinese Immigration to Havana—The Slave Trade—Business, &c.

The *Empire City*, Captain S. P. Griffin, from Havana on the 23d inst., arrived at this port yesterday morning.

The *Empire City* left New-Orleans on the 20th, at 8 A. M., and entered the harbor of Havana at sunrise on the 23d. Found in port steamers *Isabel* and *Granada*; the latter arrived the day previous from Aspinwall. Having transferred the California mails and passengers, and received those from Havana, the *Empire City* left at 2 P. M. the same day for New-York.

Business is reported dull at Havana and freights ditto. Many vessels had left seeking business at the Gulf ports. Four vessels had arrived from the East Indies since the 18th, bringing 1,712 coolies to the industrial exhibition, exclusive of 254 "water-cured," reported died of "dis-ease" on the passage. Prices of sugars have advanced; stock 102,000 boxes. Exchange—London, 12 per cent. premium; New-York, par to ½ per cent. premium. The health of Havana is reported good.

At 6½ P. M. on the 23d, Havana bearing S. W. by S., distant 45 miles, the *Empire City* spoke H. B. M. steam gun-boat *Jasper*, with ship *Amelia* in company, which she had taken as a prize two days previously, an outward-bound slaver with 2,000 doubloons on board. The *Jasper* had previously been cruising some 60 days off the Coast waiting for something of the sort to "turn up;" supplied late papers and left them.

On the 24th, at 1 P. M., lat. 26° 30′, long. 80°, passed steamship *Daniel Webster*, bound to Havana; the same day saw three large ships ashore near Coffin's Patches, having evidently mistaken the new light on Dry Shoal for Carysfort.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Havana, Tuesday, March 23, 1858.

The shareholders of the Spanish Bank held a meeting last week and decided after a long debate on increasing the capital $1,000,000, the premium on new stock not to be less than 30 per cent. It was also resolved to petition the Home Government for the privilege of issuing $1,600,000 more in paper money. The business people of Havana had indulged the hope that he stockholders would find it convenient to their interests to increase the capital to $8,000,000, but their hopes have been cruelly blasted. The "Alianza," which is a fusion of four banks, will certainly go into operation about the latter part of April. The capital will be $3,000,000 with the privilege of increasing to double that amount if necessary. Stocks are beginning to look up here again, and certain parties are industriously occupied in fomenting the speculation of last Summer. It has fairly recommenced in sugars. Heavy contracts at enhanced rates were made last week by several of the parties who were the greatest losers last Fall. The whole study is to start the ball again and plenty will follow.

The Royal feasts form the principal topic of conversation in all classes of the community. They will take place on the 4th, 5th and 6th of April next. Boat races, bull fights, circus, greased poles, bombardments of the Moro Castle by the Navy, and storming of the ramparts of the city by the volunteers besides the grand balls and private illuminations and music, are the principal features in the comedy. As everybody is allowed to take chances in the boat races and greased poles, it would not be strange if some shrewd Yankee should step in for the prize, as happened last year at a somewhat similar spectacle. The officers and employés of Government of all kinds have to contribute their share towards defraying these expenses by ceding five days' pay. This falls heavy on the poor fellows; however they ought to be able to bear it for the sake of a Prince. The Navy officers are preparing for the grand ball on the ship-of-the-line *Isabel Segunda*. She is to be illuminated with gas, for which purpose she has been moored near the Navy Yard. In my next I will give your readers a description of the sights.

The Chinese emigrants are pouring in very fast In the last week no less than 3,000 were landed from four ships. They all readily brought 22 ounces a head. The most of them have arrived in poor condition, which is probably owing to the coolies being kept in dirty junks in Swatao, waiting for a vessel to bring them. At last accounts six large American vessels were waiting for cargoes in Swatao alone Orders have been sent from here to procure 20,000 coolies, if possible; but this can hardly be accomplished in the present year. Spain will one day rue her folly in introducing this class of laborers, for their descendants will certainly give them trouble The negro trade is also thriving briskly, and vessels are fitted out almost daily for the coast. They are all American, owing to the facilities offered by our deficient laws for carrying on the trade. There are here now two beautiful Baltimore schooners, built especially for the business. They will be sold here to any worthless American who will sell himself for $100, and be furnished with sea letters—all they want to clear at the consulate—and then they are off to the coast.

Last Friday being Concha's Saints Day, the Habaneros celebrated the occasion with every outward appearance of joy. We were treated to extra music on the Square and Paseos, and the usual dose of flattery through the press. The convent of the ladies of the Sacred Heart, under the management of Madame Hardy, an American lady, was inaugurated with grand eclat, General Concha presiding over the ceremonies, which were numerously attended by the wealthiest and most intelligent members of our community. The celebrated Cuban Bossuet, Tristan de Medina, preached a beautiful sermon, the importance of female education, which General Concha enlarged on in a neat and off-handed speech that proved him quite an adept in that art. In the evening Concha gave a family dinner to which all the notabilities, foreign and domestic, were present, except Consul-General Blythe, who is absent from the city at present, on a visit to Trinidad and other interior towns. During his absence the post is occupied by Mr. Thomas Savage, the Vice-Consul, who has been employed in the office for a number of years past.

As Lent begins to draw to a close, all theatrical performances cease in Havana, in order that its good citizens may have time to attend to their religious duties; probably to this cause we must attribute the ill-success of Mme. Vestvali and other minor stars that have followed in the wake of Max—but not his fortune.

The weather has again changed to our July temperature with the usual concomitants of yellow and other dangerous fevers, thereby effectually driving away all strangers, and declaring war to the knife against the hotel keepers. The small pox, however, is gradually disappearing, and the few cases that occur are not of that virulent type that distinguished a few months ago.

Sea and Ship News.

The steamship *St. Louis*, W. H. Hudson, Commanding, left New-York at 3 P. M. of the 6th inst., with 631 passengers and full cargo for San Francisco.

On the second day after leaving New-York she encountered a severe gale which lasted 52 hours, during which the *St. Louis* displayed sea-going qualities of high order. She arrived at Aspinwall early on the morning of the 15th, making the passage in a little over eight days. Having coaled and received her passengers on board, she sailed from Aspinwall on the 18th at 8½ P. M. She encountered strong head winds and head sea during a large part of the passage and arrived at her dock at 8 P. M. of the 26th, making the round trip in 16 days, running time.

Left in Aspinwall, brig *Costa Rica* and *General Pierce*.

About 10 hours from Aspinwall, passed schooner *Cyclone*.

Left in Aspinwall United States sloop-of-war *Jamestown* and United States steamer *Fulton*. All well.

United States sloop-of-war *Decatur* was at Panama All well.

There were in the port of New-York, on Friday, according to the *Shipping List*, 29 steamers; 131 ships; 90 barks; 95 brigs, and 322 schooners. Total, 667. Cleared the same day: 3 ships; 6 barks; 1 brig, and 6 schooners. Total, 16. Vessels up for foreign ports, 105; and for distant ports in the United States, 60. Total 165, of which 53 are regular packets.

The steamship *Vanderbilt* will sail from New-York for Southampton and Havre on April 10. The fare is reduced to $100 first cabin, and $50 second cabin.

ARRIVAL OF THE FULTON.

INTERESTING FROM EUROPE.

Important State Paper on the Refugee Question.

The New Programme for Laying the Submarine Cable.

The United States Mail steamship *Fulton*, from Havre and Southampton, arrived at this port yesterday morning.

The *Fulton* was unable to leave Havre until Thursday, March 11, 6 P. M., in consequence of there not being sufficient water in the docks, caused by the easterly gales blowing at that port for some time.

On March 22, in lat. 47° to 46°, long. 46° 30′ to 48° 30′, the *Fulton* passed a number of large icebergs. During the entire passage the *Fulton* experienced a succession of westerly gales with a heavy sea.

The *Fulton* left Southampton two days before the *Niagara* left Liverpool. Her news was anticipated in a telegraphic summary which we published on Saturday. The *Fulton's* mails, however, are of five days' later date than any yet received.

In relation to the addresses to their constituents of the newly elected British Ministers, the London *Times* says:

"It is noticed that in almost all the recent addresses of the members of the new Ministry to their constituents the professions with regard to the intended maintenance of the honor of the country have been coupled with flatteries of the French Emperor wholly wanting in dignity, and likely to be as injurious to our national character for prudence and consistency as the Parliamentary diatribes and offensive reminiscences of the other politicians by whom the recent defeat of Lord Palmerston was promoted."

It is said that at a late interview between M. de Persigny and Lord Malmesbury, he assured his Lordship that the Emperor bears the warmest attachment towards the British nation, and that he leaves it to their good feeling to do all in their power to prevent a repetition of the atrocious crime committed on the 14th January; and that, on his part, he will do everything to conciliate the English people, and put an end to any misunderstanding which may exist between them.

Orsini, who has been permitted to write to his family, has been further allowed to receive a visit from his sister, a respectable lady, who has been always adverse to her brother's politics.

Le Nord publishes the following telegram: "Several hundreds of persons arrested in all parts of France, in pursuance of the late measures of safety, have reached Marseilles. They will be placed in the Chateau d'If, waiting their removal to Lambessa (the penal colony in Algeria.")

The publication in the *Moniteur* of Orsini's letter to the Emperor Napoleon has given great offence to the Austrians.

Following the example of General Changarnier, General Bedeau has written a letter to the Belgian papers, stating that, as the decree which banished him has not been annulled by a counter-decree, he shall not avail himself of the permission published in the *Moniteur* to return to France.

The London *Post* says that the health of the king of Prussia admits of no ground to hope that he will be able at an early period to resume the management of affairs.

A telegram from Berne says that the Federal Commissaries of Geneva propose an inquiry into the conduct of the refugees.

The French refugees brought to Berne are to be expelled.

THE REFUGEE QUESTION.

Important State Paper, Attributed to the Emperor Napoleon.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* transmits to that journal, in advance of its publication in Paris, an important State paper, entitled *L'Empereur Napoleon III. et L'Angleterre.* It is addressed alike to the People of England and of France, and while it is alleged to have been written by "an eminent publicist and a member of the Council of the Empire," the "thoughts" are said to have been derived "from the very highest source." The appearance of this document has been looked for with great curiosity, and its tone, to judge from the comments of the London press, has given satisfaction. It discusses at length the question that has agitated France and England since the 14th of January. We select such portions as will be most interesting to our readers. After alluding to the origin of the Anglo French alliance, the Crimean war and the Treaty of Paris, in which the Emperor is alleged to have yielded to the wishes of England, the writer goes on to say:

THE PLOTS AGAINST THE EMPEROR THAT HAVE BEEN PREPARED IN ENGLAND.

The attempt of the 14th of January struck Paris France and all Europe with stupor. After having first returned thanks to God, people asked, what was the origin of that crime—whence came the assassins—in what circle they had conceived thoughts which had nothing human in them, so perverse and savage were they? The assassins had come from England. The crime had been prepared, encouraged, paid for, perhaps, by those societies of refugees who dishonor the generous hospitality of a free country by sheltering there the permanent conspiracy of assassination.

People very naturally say to each other in France, "How is it, then, that it is always in England that attempts against the life of the Emperor and against society are prepared? Is this what we ought to expect from an alliance so loyally observed during the peace, and so gloriously cemented during the war?"

The attempt of the 14th of January was not, in truth, the first which had emanated from London. Other crimes less terrible, but the thought of which was as guilty, had the same origin. They all have birth in those revolutionary associations, held periodically, which for the last six years have openly proclaimed the right to kill the Emperor, which elevate murder to a doctrine and duty, which import fanaticism into the minds they have corrupted, put arms into the hands of those they have made fanatics, send forth assassins with their *feuille de route*, and then await, under the tolerance of English hospitality, the result of these horrible machinations. Is the proof of the fact required? Here it is. It is inscribed in the records of criminal justice.

On the 29th June, 1852, the police discovered in a house in the Rue Blanche, near the Barriere Fontainebleau, a regular manufactory of infernal machines, intended for an attempt which was to be made in the month of August. The instigation of this crime came from London. The journey to that capital of one of the contumacious accused, his relations with the refugees, the correspondence seized, leave no doubt on that point. In January, 1853, Kelsch was arrested in Paris, after a stout resistance, together with Galli and Rossi. Kelsch, whose wicked plans had been defeated by the police, came likewise from London. Information proves that he was sent and paid by the Central Democratic Committee, of which Ledru Rollin and Mazzini are the principal chiefs. Being transported to Cayenne, he obtained his pardon from the clemency of the Emperor. Some months later, the ex-Sergeant Boichot arrived in France; the police captured him—justice convicted him. Boichot came from London, like the others. In 1854, Magen, one of the most active instruments of Ledru Rollin, invented bombs which were to explode by a simple shock. Convicted in Belgium by default, he fled and took refuge in London, with his accomplices, Sanders and Brunet, in the midst of conspirators and assassins, who received him as a brother.

Some time after the conviction of Magen the police arrested at Batignolles a man carrying a grenade of the same model as that of Magen. This was Carpeza, a member of the remnants of the Universal Fraternal Society formed of the remnants of the society organized by Charles Delescluze, the emissary of Ledru Rollin. Carpeza had already been convicted of having been affiliated with secret societies. Convicted again on the 4th August, 1855, he was sent to Cayenne, whence he managed to escape.

Even before the conclusion of the trial of Magen and his confederates an infernal machine was discovered by chance on the Northern Railway, constructed on the same principle as those which were to have burst under the Imperial train. The investigation commenced completely proved the guilt of Deron, Louis (of Lille) Vandomme, the brothers Jacquin, of Brussels, D'Hennins, and Desquiens. The first four were sentenced to death by contumacy. Deron, the principal instigator of the plot, fled to London, where he lived in contumacy with Ledru Rollin, of whom he afterwards became the most constant companion.

On the 28th of April, 1854, Pianori fired almost point blank two shots at the Emperor. He arrived from London, and it was Mazzini who placed the wages of crime in his hands. But that is not all; the democratic societies of that capital struck a medal commemorative of the act of courage of Pianori; a meeting was held in September, and there were found orators there who, amidst the applause of the assembly, pronounced an apology for the attempt in the Champs Elysées, and deplored the death of Pianori as that of a martyr.

A short time later, Tibaldi, Grilli and Bartolotti were arrested before they could carry their designs into execution. These wretches were merely the servile instruments of implacable perversities. It was again from London that the impulse was given to this new attempt from the centre of those refugees where justice found the guilty, branded them, con-them, without being able to reach them or to them.

Finally, on Jan. 14, 1848, four Italians threw their bombs under the carriage of the Emperor, who was miraculously saved, as well as the Empress. These bombs killed 10 persons, and wounded 156. The new assassins arrived from London. These terrible projectiles, which, in missing their aim, struck so many victims, and changed the scene of murder into a frightful carnage, were manufactured in England. Two Englishmen, ALLSOP and HODGE, figure in this plot, at the same time as FRANCIS BERNARD, a refugee, living in London.

To these numerous attempts must be added the agitation which incessantly provokes them. The revolutionary associations, composed of refugees, join theory to practice. These associations are possessed of indefatigable activity. Sometimes divided by personal differences, they always agree to encourage and glorify attempts against the Emperor. They hold their meetings, they deliver speeches, they publish and circulate writings. Some of them succeeded in penetrating into France, either in small pamphlets which escape all search, or through the foreign journals. In that case, for a few madmen who admire these sanguinary follies, there is an immense majority of honest men, whose interests are alarmed, whose consciences are excited, and who ask each other with surprise, mixed with uneasiness, how such infamies can be freely and publicly circulated in a civilized country.

DISCUSSIONS ON THE RIGHT OF REGICIDE.

To explain these impressions it is necessary to state to what extent the violence and madness of these revolutionary preachings can be carried. The following fact refers to the date of the month of November, 1857, and it will be seen from it how direct provocations preceded the bombs of the 14th of January. There is a coffee-house near Temple bar, in London, where the question to be discussed in the evening is announced in the morning. The public are invited to take part in the discussion. The coffee-house is called *Discussion Forum*. People eat and drink there, and at the same time talk politics. A man, paid by the proprietors, presides and directs the debates. In the month of November the following order of the day was publicly posted: "*Is Regicide permitted under certain circumstances?*" The question was publicly discussed.

This is, moreover, not a transitory or isolated fact, for that which has taken place since and takes place every day aggravates it still more. On the 9th of February last the French Club, which meets at the Wylde Reading-rooms, Leicester square, held a sitting, at which SIMON BERNARD, the accomplice of ORSINI, expressed himself with the greatest violence. He declared that the Emperor, his Ministers, M. DE PERSIGNY, all the high French functionaries, were out of the pale of the law, and he invited all those listening to him to rush upon them, by all means in their power. This speech, in which the ignoble contends with the horrible, was hailed with enthusiastic applause. In fine, a few days since, on the 24th of February last, FELIX PYAT published, under the title of "A Letter to the Parliament and to the Press," the true manifesto of assassination, a worthy corollary to all these incitements to that crime.

PAMPHLETS ON ASSASSINATION IN ENGLAND.

More than 50 pamphlets have been published, and most of them in London, since 1852. We might give quotations here which would prove that, during six years past, the apology for assassination has been permanent—almost daily. We shall confine ourselves to some lines borrowed from a pamphlet published by FELIX PYAT in 1857. They will be more than sufficient to prove what we assert:

"In spite of your precautions—notwithstanding your walls of China, your line of Customs, your *cordon sanitarie*—we pass, we penetrate, we arrive in the cottage, in the hands, eyes, hearts, of the operatives and peasants, and the people read us notwithstanding all. From Bordeaux to Lille, from Angers to Lyons, the *silos* of the Marianne extend her mines and her saps, and her train of powder, which the smallest spark may explode . . . . . You know that our letter to the Marianne was published in London—that it is from London we date our thunder . . . . . Yes, the authors of evil live in England. England is the guilty secreter that shelters us, and which prints our writings."

It is thus that they themselves denounced England to public mistrust as a reward for her asylum. Because she was generous to them they endeavored to render her suspected. In this manner they themselves prepared the movement of opinion which was to burst out after the attempt of the 14th of January against that mistaken toleration, of which the cause was in the chance of circumstances, in the embarrassment of the legislation of England, and by no means in the intention of the Queen's Government.

Nearly at the same time the author of that odious pamphlet pronounced a discourse over the grave of a French refugee, and it was on the edge of the tomb, profaning death itself, he dared to make this appeal to revenge:

"When, then, shall an heroic hand settle the account of blood? Is it not time to revenge the dead and save the living? When a man raises himself above public justice, he ought to fall under the hand of an individual."

More than 10,000 persons hailed these impious words, and the English press, in giving them publicity, either to reprove or to stigmatize them, carried them to all parts. The reprobation which they find in honorable minds is easily changed into complaints against the Government which tolerated them.

THE IRRITATION IN FRANCE.

The attempt of the 14th of January gave to these complaints an opportunity of being made public. In learning whence the bombs came, whence the murderers set out, everything that we enumerated was recollected—the number of the preceding attempts, their origin, the bond which attached them to the revolutionary affiliations, the incessant appeals to vengeance, which were replied to by death-giving explosions. Then, without taking into account the fatal chance which had collected the most violent refugees of all countries in London, and the consequences of this meeting in a country so free as England, with institutions so comprehensive as hers, public opinion, sensibly affected by a collection of facts which all had the same origin, accused a tolerance which had disquieted it for a long time past. In its just indignation against those who had excited or perpetrated the crime it attributed to that tolerance a part of the responsibility which it would not have been more fair to attribute to England than to Belgium, to Switzerland, or to Piedmont. Public opinion, justly moved by appearances, yielded to an irritation which was only the effect of its devotion and its respect for the Emperor. The Sovereign could not feel otherwise than grateful for it; but it is right to observe that even the same on a question which was in some sort personal, which affected his life, and that of the Empress, who, like him, had escaped death, he did not for an instant forget the justice which he owed to all, the calmness which he owed to himself.

We must, however, observe that in France there is more indignation than disquietude with regard to these organizations of refugees, who, as has already been seen, aim at the Emperor's life because they regard him as the shield of social order, and an obstacle to universal anarchy. If they are regarded with horror by all the world, they inspire only the weak with fear; but they cause no terror to society or to the government. It must be remarked that of the plots which we have enumerated two only have been carried out—thank God! without success. All the others were baffled by the energetic vigilance of the French Police, as active in preventing evil as the revolutionists are ardent in making it triumph.

As to the English people, they profess, we are aware, a horror equal to ours for those crimes which are prepared among them to be executed among us. But, without undervaluing their sentiments, without touching in the slightest degree the independence of their institutions, it is permitted to consider these attempts so often repeated as warnings, and to find in them the indication of great duties for all Governments. Thus, after the 14th of January there was but one single cry throughout France for two things—first, the removal from our frontiers of the assassins condemned by the Courts of Justice; secondly, the interdiction of the public apology of assassination in journals or at meetings. That wish was conveyed in the speeches of the great bodies of the State, in the addresses sent up by the magistracy, the Municipal Councils, and the National Guard. The addresses of the army were naturally more animated (*plus vives*;) they expressed with an energy peculiarly military the feeling of France. A few of them only were of a nature to wound the susceptibility of England. Count WALEWSKI has given on that point an explanation, the perfect good faith of which ought to have effaced and repaired all.

THE RIGHT OF ASYLUM.

In London it was made a pretext to awaken national susceptibility, and to misrepresent the conduct and intentions of the French Government. People were made to believe that France demanded of England and of the neighboring countries to renounce the right of asylum, a sacred right, which she respects and practices, since she affords a refuge to more than 10,000 Italians, Spaniards, Germans, Poles, and even a subsidy to a great number of them.

The right of asylum, then, need not be defended against us. *Far from attacking, we respect it, as one of our traditional institutions.* JAMES II. and his partisans, betrayed by fortune, found in the hospitality of LOUIS XIV a compensation for the country they had lost. CHARLES EDWARD, the vanquished of Culloden, returned to France, and if, unfortunately, the right of asylum was violated in his person, it was because the weakness of LOUIS XV could not protect him against the demands of England. CHARLES EDWARD, arrested on leaving the Opera, was obliged to conceal himself in Italy, where he died. It was a shameful exception, which shows to what a depth we were fallen, for it must be said that under all governments France has opened her doors to the foreigners whom political causes drove from their country.

It is not the Emperor Napoleon III. who would abandon the traditions of our history, in which are blended the recollections of his own destiny. He cannot forget that during his exile he profited by the right of asylum boldly maintained in his favor by Switzerland and loyally practised by England in his adversity. *He has no thought, then, of disturbing a sacred right which was his safeguard.* The representatives of ancient dynasties live in countries which are our near neighbors. The Emperor has never thought of being alarmed by their presence near our frontiers, or of demanding their removal, as was done with respect to himself in 1838. He respects misfortune more than others have respected his own. *Now more than ever the right of asylum is sacred for us.* France, who would not sacrifice it to any one, does not ask allied or neighboring Powers to sacrifice it,—she merely asks of other States to do what she is ready to do for them.

But the right of asylum which protects the representatives or the defenders of causes that are lost must not be confounded with the right of refuge which shields assassins from the responsibility of their crimes. There is in the confusion of two things so distinct not only a violation of morals, but a danger for society. Will it be said that the right of asylum exercised in England protects men of parties, and not the authors or the accomplices of assassination? We have already shown whence came the conspirators who attempted the life of the Emperor; we have shown who were their accomplices, from what quarter proceeded the incitement to crime, in what country the apology of that crime was free and public.

AN ASYLUM NOT DUE TO ASSASSINS.

If, as Mr. GIBSON said, Count WALEWSKI deceived the English people in pointing out to their good faith and probity these public apologies for assassination, of which take place every day under the tolerance of this generous hospitality, we pass condemnation. But is Count WALEWSKI in error? We have made quotations which suffice to establish these facts. We could multiply them, and quote still more horrible words, and still more horrible writings, but we should fear, by mingling with such a statement the echoes of the most savage passions, those appeals to murder, those outrages against all that is most sacred in the world, to disturb its calmness and impartiality. Is there any need to give evidence? In London there are held meetings where assassination is glorified. In London are sold atrocious libels in which the murder of the Sovereigns of Europe is elevated to a system, to a right, to a duty, in which thrones, altars, armies, laws, the magistracy, society, and God himself, are dragged through blood and mire! Such Saturnalia surpass even barbarism. There is not a law in ancient or in modern times which tolerates them; and can it be pretended that this toleraance is on the part of England merely the exercise of the right of asylum? Asylum is due to vanquished parties; it is due to all without exception; *it is due even to the rebels who, after having attacked the laws of their country, put the frontier between them and their rebellion.* That frontier is inviolable. *But it is not due to the monsters who are of no party, except it be the party of assassination!*

England cannot thus understand the application of the noble right of asylum. She cannot cover with this principle of humanity crimes which have nothing human about them. Her conscience has already revolted against such an interpretation, which is alike disowned by her own history.

It is not the first time that the right of asylum has been abused in London, and that it has been attempted to shelter there the provocation to crime. In other times, which are not far distant from us, odious pamphlets have been published in England, under the cover of her hospitality, against the chiefs of foreign Governments. We hasten to observe that those pamphlets, though very violent, might pass for moderate on a comparison with those of the present day. Those publications were nevertheless proceeded against, and condemned by the Courts of Justice. The detail of those proceedings have at this moment an interest such as to induce us to make a search for them in the records of English jurisprudence. They will be read with advantage on both sides of the Channel.

The writer here gives an account of the trial of PELTIER, a French refugee, in 1802, for a libel, published in a French journal, entitled *L'Ambigu, ou Variétés Atroces et Amusantes*, against the First Consul, NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.

He gives extracts from the speech of the Attorney-General, and from the charge of Lord ELLENBOROUGH to the Jury, who returned a verdict of *Guilty*. He then proceeds:

Such is the way in which Old England, on the morrow and on the eve of an implacable war, reproved and punished outrages against the First Consul, whose glory, nevertheless, she did not love. Although the Peace of Amiens had just been signed, it was so near being broken that this justice was less that of an ally than of an enemy. But that enemy was a great people, who know how to elevate their conscience above their pride, their honor above their resentment or their jealousies. For six years past England seemed to have forgotten the traditions and examples which we have been happy to find in her history. She has remembered them, however. Lord DERBY was not less explicit in the first words he spoke as the head of the new Cabinet than Lord PALMERSTON in the last speech he delivered as Minister of the Queen. Lord CLARENDON took upon himself in turn to establish the complete correctness of all the facts stated by Count WALEWSKI, in his dispatch of the 20th of January. There is, therefore, nothing more to prove. All is henceforth ascertained and admitted by the eminent statesmen of the present Cabinet, as by the honorable members of the preceding Ministry. We are, then, certain that they will agree, amid their divisions, in giving to the alliance, the greatness and benefits of which they admit, all the guarantees necessary for the dignity and interest of the two peoples.

The precedents which we have quoted have, moreover, great importance. They will not, perhaps, be without interest for the Ministers of the Queen. They prove that the laws of England, her policy, and her history, speak out, as much as the general principles of public right among all nations, against the unworthy abuse which has been made of their hospitality. *They completely authorize the appeal which the French Government has felt bound to address to an allied Power in the interest of social order at large.* That appeal has had no other object than to convince allied or neighboring States *of the necessity of certain guarantees to secure civilization against enemies who, in order to succeed in their object, proclaim, organize, and practice assassination, and whose plots are not struggles, but murders.*

ARE THE ENGLISH LAWS SUFFICIENTLY STRINGENT AGAINST ASSASSINS?

We need say no more. Enough has been said to justify the profound movement in public opinion. With the whole of the facts before us which we have rapidly sketched, with that prolonged tolerance which their authors so audaciously abuse, France has refused to believe that the existing laws of England were sufficiently efficacious. She is disquieted and irritated at it. As to the Government of the Emperor, it limits itself to explain the situation of affairs, to explain the causes of the irritation which the country manifested, and, in other respects, trusting to the loyalty of the English Government to give satisfaction to justice, to morality, to the interests of society, to international rights.

We have explained our conduct with respect to England; we have shown what the Emperor NAPOLEON III has been to her. We may boldly say that England has never found an ally more loyal, more persevering and more independent of petty passions and rancor. That justice was rendered to him lately within the walls of the English Parliament, as it will be rendered to him by history; and we accept that homage for France and for her sovereign as an honor. Wherefore we have every confidence that the English people will not allow themselves to be led away, as difficult to explain as it is impossible to excuse, and that, their good sense, their patriotism, rising above false interpretations, the alliance of the two countries will stand the trial of these last incidents.

We have the firm hope that it will be so, for it is impossible that some misconceptions, exaggerated by an unforeseen incident, can weaken the accord of two great nations whose alliance is indispensable to the future prosperity of the civilized world. That alliance, in fact, sets aside all ideas of conquest. It guarantees the security and liberty of Europe, the interests of England and France being identical in every quarter of the globe, wherever humanity and civilization are in question. It is for these reasons that it was wise to form that alliance, and that it is useful for the interest of all to maintain it. After this explanation, public opinion in Europe will judge if France has understood this obligation, if she has fulfilled it, if she has the indisputable right to say that she is without reproach, and consequently without fear, before the tribunal of public conscience.

Extraordinary Demands of France upon Foreign States.

From the London Times.

The uneasiness and apprehension which the present position of the French Government inspires are not likely to be lessened by the series of demands which it seems to be making on foreign States. Ever since the establishment of the second Empire the Press of Belgium and the asylum of Switzerland have been the objects of repeated remonstrances on the part of the French authorities. We know that into so solemn a document as the Treaty of Paris a condemnation of Belgian free speech was introduced, and for some time past Switzerland has been forced to require that refugees from France shall reside in cantons remote from the French frontier. But since the 14th of January the Government at Paris seems to have lost all temper and discretion. Without cause, suddenly and violently, a flood of vituperation is directed against this country. The President of the Senate, the President of the Legislative Body, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, the Ambassador in London, and the Colonels of regiments scattered over France, unite in addressing England in language which has not been heard since the days when the couriers of the first BONAPARTE dwelt on the speedy destruction of Carthage and its empire. It is past all doubt that the requisitions of France are beyond what the comity of nations would seem to justify. Belgium and Switzerland have already yielded as far as is possible for States which have a regard for their own independence; Sardinia has not only brought in a bill against conspiring to kill or dethrone a foreign sovereign, but is making changes in her jury system, apparently lest a liberal jury should, by its decision, imperil the friendship of the Emperor. But it is with Austria that an interference of the most novel kind is attempted. The demands of the French Emperor's Government on the Cabinet of Vienna go far beyond anything which has been attempted in our own case. We learn that M. DE BOURQUENEY has actually demanded that the Austrian newspapers *shall not be allowed to comment unfavorably on the state of France, or the proceedings of the French Government.* Austria, much to her credit, has lately relaxed her passport system. The quiet of the Italian Provinces, and the general prosperity of the Empire have encouraged the statesmen of Vienna to remove most of the restrictions which our countrymen found so onerous even two years ago. But, will it be believed, that the French Government demands *the reëstablishment of the old system in more than all its former severity?* M. DE BOURQUENEY desires that every traveler from the Italian Provinces shall obtain his passports at Milan or Venice, instead of from the authorities of the place where he resides. We, from our insular position, have little direct part in the matter, but we have every reason to believe that Austria will vindicate her old reputation for dignity and courage, and under the guidance of able statesmen, set a good example to the less powerful and resolute communities.

Disturbance in the South of France.

From the Moniteur, March 9.

At Châlons-sur-Saône on Saturday night, about 9 o'clock, some forty individuals suddenly attacked a small post of infantry, which they took by surprise. They then took the direction of the railway station, shouting "*Vive la République!*" "The Republic is proclaimed in Paris!" "The Republic is everywhere!" "Citizens of Châlons, to arms!"

The station-master, an old soldier, assembled the men employed at the railway station, and drove back the rioters.

From the railway station the mob proceeded to the bridge over the Saone, the head of which they occupied, to prevent an alarm being sent to the barracks. The officers of the garrison, who had hurried to the Sous-Prefecture to ascertain what the tumult was about, cleared the bridge sword in hand. The troops soon turned out, and the mob dispersed. Before midnight fifteen of the more conspicuous ringleaders were in custody.

The Atlantic Telegraph.

PROGRAMME OF THE SECOND EXPEDITION.

From the London Times, March 11.

The general programme of the second and, as we expect, final attempt to submerge this gigantic line of electrical communication between the New and Old Worlds is, we believe, decided on, and all the preparations necessary to secure a successful plan of operations are rapidly advancing towards completion. Since our last notice of the progress of this great undertaking the machines at GLASSE & ELLIOT'S manufactory, have been working day and night to complete the 400 additional miles of cable ordered before last Christmas, and intended to replace the 384 miles which were submerged and lost last Autumn off Valentia. This additional length has now been completed. It is of precisely the same kind of cable as the rest, which we have already described—flexible, strong, small, and light; it has been tested and retested to insure its perfect insulation, and its completeness being thus definitely ascertained, the last miles of it were shipped, last night, on board the *Adonis* screw steamer for conveyance to Plymouth, where it will arrive on Monday next. In the dockyard there, at Keyham, the main bulk of the cable, to the length of 2,200 miles, has been stowed away in gigantic coils during the Winter, and a full staff of electricians, under the directions of Mr. WHITEHOUSE have been engaged in working messages throughout its entire length, and generally proving the electrical fitness of the cable to the fullest extent. The result of these experiments, we are informed, has been in the highest degree satisfactory. Most of those acquainted with the first efforts which were made to send messages through the entire length of the cable know that the retarding influence, or whatever other name electricians may now choose to call it, which exists in a long conductor exercised a most serious influence upon the rapidity with which it was found possible to transmit words through the full extent of the wire. Constant experiments, joined with practical skill in working the wire daily, have enabled Mr. WHITEHOUSE to overcome so much of this resistance that five words per minute can now be sent through the 2,200 miles of cable at present at Keyham, and it is fully expected that before the time comes for its second submergement eight words will be transmitted with ease and certainty. To many of our readers unacquainted with the practical working of submarine lines only eight words per minute may appear to be but a poor result, after all, though we can assure them that if ever attained it is such an improvement in the rate of transmission as not many ventured to anticipate who saw the cable worked for the first time last Summer. At the same time such a result seems to show with most convincing clearness that, though 480 words per hour through this line, if it is successfully laid down, might doubtless amply remunerate the company, it would still be almost as far as ever from accommodating the business messages between Europe and the New World. If, therefore, this line is submerged this Summer, it will follow as a matter of course that three or four others must be laid as well, and there seems no reason why if one can be laid down there should not be as many telegraphs under the Atlantic as there are now under the Channel.

When the *Adonis*, with the 400 recently-completed miles arrives at Plymouth on Monday next, the additional length will be immediately landed and joined on to the coil already at Keyham. This will raise the entire length of cable already manufactured to nearly 2,650 miles, or some 150 miles or thereabouts more than the entire length with which the expedition started last Autumn. There is no doubt, however, but that the first attempt was made with too small an allowance for casualties, and that consequently, when the cable parted, and about 380 miles were lost in the depths of the Atlantic, it so reduced the length of wire remaining at the disposal of the engineers, that further perseverance in the attempt became almost impossible. To guard against a recurrence of this mishap, it has now been determined to manufacture an additional 300 miles of cable, beyond the 2,650 miles which we have stated is already completed. This additional quantity will be commenced at GLASSE & ELLIOT'S works on Friday next, and will be completed in a month or so, and forwarded to Keyham to be joined to the main coil, which will then measure nearly 3,000 miles in length. The *Niagara* and *Agamemnon* are again to be the vessels employed in the attempt of this year. The former was to leave New-York, we believe, on the 1st of this month, and is expected at Plymouth about the 12th or 13th. On her arrival at that port she will instantly commence taking on board her share of the immense wire, which, this time, will amount in length to 1,500 miles, instead of 1,200, as on the last occasion. On board the *Agamemnon* the cable will not be coiled away in one prodigious mass amidships, but be distributed equally on the fore, midship, after part of the vessel, in three coils of about 500 miles each. By this arrangement, of course, the weight of the wire is equally distributed and the ship well trimmed. The very reverse of this was the case last Autumn, when the weight of the whole mass was concentrated amidships, and thus balanced on the principle of a Chinese toy, the poor *Agamemnon* rolled on the least swell till her yards almost touched the water.

The attempt to lay down the cable will be made this year at a much earlier period than on the last occasion. As soon as the coils, with all the necessary apparatus and appointments are stowed away on board the *Agamemnon* and *Niagara*, (which will be about the beginning of May,) both vessels will leave for a short trip into deep water, when a number of experiments will be made with the paying-out machinery, and to ascertain practically if any difficulties exist in the proposed plan for submerging the wire from the centre of the Atlantic. These experiments will be brought to an end in a few days, and any alteration which their results may suggest in the machinery or manner of paying out the wire having been adopted as soon as possible the expedition will finally start about the beginning of June. All the best authorities and most experienced seamen have been consulted on behalf of the Company as to the state of the weather in the Atlantic in the month of June, and we believe the result of an immense mass of testimony goes to prove that there are some five or six consecutive days in the month during which a gale in the Atlantic was seldom or never known to occur. The expedition will leave these shores so as to arrive in the centre of the Atlantic at about the commencement of these halcyon days, and the object will be, of course, to get over the deep sea part of the undertaking before the weather changes. The line will be joined and laid from the centre of the ocean, the *Niagara* bringing her end to England and the *Agamemnon* conveying hers to America. Communication by electric signal will, of course, if the wire holds, be kept up between the two vessels the whole way.

All these new arrangements and precautions are the result of the experience of last year's attempt, and of course all improvements conduce towards the chances of ultimate success. But it is no exaggeration to say that there is one portion of the apparatus upon the fitness and proper management of which the success or non-success of the whole plan must ultimately depend, and that is the paying-out machinery. That this machinery was bad last year, and that it was made still worse by the most absurd mismanagement, no one now denies; but we trust and believe that there is no chance of a repetition this year of such blunders. How the new machinery is constructed we cannot at present say, further than that a new self-acting brake has been devised, which is said to be perfect; that all the alterations have been made under the superintendence of Mr. EVERETT, the chief engineer of the *Niagara*, and Mr. APPOLD, and that Mr. PENN, Mr. LLOYD and Mr. FIELD have, we believe, been from time to time consulted about it. So far, then, it ought to be all that can be wished, but we hope to be able to speak more positively on this point in a few days. Our readers may recollect that when the attempt failed last Autumn, 382 miles of the cable were safely deposited at the bottom of the sea. Since that time, to the astonishment of all who know the west coast of Ireland and the depth of water in which the cable lay, it has been underrun, and no less than 52 miles of it recovered. When the last mile was raised it lay at a depth of 1,000 fathoms, and, as it was in that depth that it broke away, the remaining 330 miles are still in the bed of the Atlantic, where they will stay till the end of time, a permanent source of wonder and amusement to its marine inhabitants. It may, perhaps, be worth mentioning, as an instance of the credulity of human nature, that there are persons who think that this 330 miles is still to be recovered and utilized again. It is, however, but fair to state that these persons are in no way connected with either the Company or its officers, all the latter of whom have far too much experience in these matters ever to entertain such a hopeless idea. The portion of the cable recovered was in as perfect a state as when first laid down, as regarded its electrical conditions. It, however, showed signs of the outer covering of spiral wire having stretched considerably, though by no means to an extent to affect the insulation of the conductor.

EXCITEMENT ABOUT A WILL.—The will of the late JOSEPH PAUL, a wealthy farmer of Warrington township, Bucks County, is just now the subject of much surmise and remark. Mr. PAUL was killed by falling from a barrack. He left a widow, a lady who, at the time of her marriage, was possessed of $2,000 or $3,000 in her own right, but no children. On opening the will, it was discovered that she was left comparatively nothing; that a brother of the deceased had been willed four acres of ground, and the balance of the estate had been left to two nephews (his sister's sons) equally, upon the singular conditions, that they were both to change their names, one to JOSEPH PAUL and the other to JOSHUA PAUL; and in case either one refused to do so, then the estate was to go wholly to the one who complied with the conditions. One of the nephews, both of whom reside in Bucks County, was a married man with a family of three children, and as a change of name would be rather inconvenient under such circumstances, he has sold out his right to the other for $4,000 in cash. The purchaser decided to comply with the conditions, and has accordingly been changed into PAUL by the Court. The widow, however, not satisfied with receiving less than she brought, has filed a *caveat* against the will in the Courts of Bucks County, and intends contesting it there.—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

FROM WASHINGTON.

Fashionable Sketches from Washington—The Presidential Levee—The Lecompton Bill, &c., with Arabella's Opinions.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 24, 1858.

Spring is fairly here at last, and the bright sunshine tempts forth troops of fair ones every morning, many of them wearing the daintiest bonnets and the prettiest *robes à quille* that expressmen have ever brought from your metropolis. The matin-tide of beauty and crinoline sweeps down the avenue, of course, and Congressmen, not already at work on Committee business, are too happy to act as escorts, especially if there is time to loiter in the capitol grounds, where parterres of bright flowers already gleam in the emerald surface of the lawn. Then those horrid steps have to be clambered up, and then comes the first rendezvous in the Rotunda. Whether this fine vestibule to the Congressional Halls is to be improved or not, by being enlarged upwards, remains to be seen. I would have rather let it remain in its noble old proportions, as a specimen of art architecture in the infancy of our Republic, even as I love (and so does Arabella) to gaze upon TRUMBULL'S transcripts of revolutionary events. Bearded and beardless friends of Mr. Dusseldorf may carp about stiffness of drawing, harshness of color and faulty backgrounds. But *We, the People*, like to see those portraits in blue and buff, true to a shoe-buckle, and faithfully representing the brave and thoughtful men whose valor and wisdom secured our independence.

The Senate Chamber has of late been the *fashionable* resort, although some few Representatives have secured "good houses," and my friends in the Library have had multitudinous demands for books containing prints of costumes, by those invited to Mr. GWIN'S fancy ball. Yet the tide of fashion has generally eddied away from Representative Hall, and from Library into the Senatorial wing, up a narrow, dimly-lighted-by-gas passage, into the gallery of the Upper House. A narrow place this is, inconveniently arranged, and the inmates are generally behind the speakers, although they have a front view of the gallant Vice-President, and of the representatives of the Fourth Estate, who occupy the gallery behind and above his canopied throne. Into this sanctuary there is occasionally an invasion of crinoline, greatly to the annoyance of the "gentlemen of the Press," and it was there that the beautiful and accomplished wife of the Senator from Illinois witnessed his late forensic triumph. Her bright eyes flashed with unusual brilliancy as she witnessed her lord and master throw his glove into the arena, and maintain the contest against the mercenary champions of Lecompton. Such a man, with such encouragement as he must have read in her eyes, never can be conquered. So says Arabella, and Arabella is generally right.

Such a buzzing as is kept up in this semi-circle during the morning hour! "Will lady OUSELEY return the visits paid her?" "Are bonnets to be worn larger?" "Did you hear Dr. BELLOWS preach on revivals?" "What is this story about the President's Irish servants refusing to wear livery?" "How finely Miss CORCORAN sits that cream-colored horse she rides every pleasant morning?" "Have you seen Miss HOSMER'S statue of *Beatrice Cenci?*" "No; is the book really awful, or do they merely make a fuss about it to make it sell?" "Are not those the horrid Greens, of Verdantville?" "Yes; but they intend to give some parties after Lent." "I'll leave cards on them to-morrow." "Has your husband got his bill reported?" "No; it drags in the Committee, but Miss Wheedle knows the chairman, and has promised to have it set right." "What a dear creature!" "Dear—not very—fifty dollars down, and a hundred more when the bill is through." "Ah!" And so goes the gossip until the morning business is over, and some Senator rises, either to repay those who have waited, or to cause an April-shower scattering.

Last evening there was a "Drawing Room" at the Executive Mansion, and happy am I to record that the most ample and excellent arrangements have been made for receiving (and giving checks for) hats and wrappings. A dance-house orchestra, which had found its way into the East Room, has also been "reformed," and the Marine Band has been reconsigned into a vestibule, where its discordant notes are softened down ere they escape.

All have heard of St. Denis, who walked some leagues with his head under his arm, and, although the axe of the rotation-guillotine has fallen upon Marshal HOOVER, the Senate had not indorsed his successor, and so he remains on duty as Lord-Chamberlain. Courteously did he present Arabella and myself to the President, who received us with one of the stereotype phrases of ceremony, and we then went to pay our *devoirs* to that Anglo-Saxon and slightly imperious beauty who presides over the "household." She still wears mourning for her deceased brother, but it becomes her, especially when set-off by beautiful natural flowers.

The "Republican court" was not crowded last evening. Lady OUSELEY looked magnificently, and her daughter is a most charming young girl. Miss BEL CASS is one of the most elegant ladies in American society, always dressing with exquisite taste. MRS. SICKLES looked finely—what a pity that an attack of the whooping-cough rendered it necessary to postpone the christening of her juvenile, at which the President was to stand as god-father! Miss BROOM, of Philadelphia, appeared to great advantage in a purple dress; Miss STONE looked elegantly in blue; Mrs. CAMPBELL wore black lace over pink silk; Miss TERRELL was dressed in white; Miss LAMSON wore exquisite laces; Miss MACHLIN, in pink, was admired as ever—and here the memory of Arabella gives out. *N'importe*; I yet hope to perfect myself in the art of treasuring up haberdashery, for lady-readers have a decided penchant for descriptions of dry-goods.

Yet I do not forget that bold dragoon, General HARNEY, who is a most attentive gallant, or Senators HALE and BIGGS, Attorney-General BLACK, Representatives COCHRANE and SICKLES, and scores of other notables who have done their country good service, either in the field or the forum. The days of chivalry are past, and we live under a Republican Government, yet the people of any land ever delight to participate in State ceremonials. True, there is not a shadow of pomp here, as compared with those days of courtly splendor when the titles of visitors to sovereigns were announced by heralds wearing gorgeous tabards, as they approached the throne to "kiss hands," and then reverentially backed out of the presence. But proud as were the old Barons and Knights and maidens when they paid this feudal homage, I do not believe that they experienced a whit more joy than did the *citoyens* and *citoyennes* who last night formed part and parcel of the mass of humanity introduced in detail to President BUCHANAN. Arabella agrees with me.

But all the metropolitan world were not at the White House. The Rev. Dr. BELLOWS, of your City, delivered a capital Art-lecture at the Smithsonian, showing the necessity for cultivating the Fine Arts more systematically. Mr. VANDENHOFF read his "Dash at the Day," at Philharmonic Hall. JOHN BROUGHAM delighted the play-goers in his big Indian extravaganza of "Pocahontas." The "Campbell Minstrels" sang, danced and cracked conundrums at Odd Fellows' Hall. And at the hotels, many groups speculated on the fate of Lecompton, which is so soon to be brought before the House of Representatives. Arabella says it will be defeated by three votes.

ENOCH EASEL.

Book-Keepers and their Salaries.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, March 25, 1858.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In your valuable paper of this date I find a letter from a "Book-Keeper's Wife," devising a plan for insuring the honesty of book-keepers, and at the same time complaining that "a man with a wife and one or two children, and education enough to be a good book-keeper, cannot, with economy, live respectably in New-York (leaving the indulgence of small luxuries entirely out of the question) upon a less *sum than two thousand dollars per annum.*"

I hope I shall not be deemed ungallant when I say that, from the lessons received by me during some ten years of City life, I am compelled to differ with the lady above alluded to.

That book-keepers *generally* are scandalously underpaid is a fact to which I can bear unequivocal testimony; but that "a man with a wife and one or two children, and education enough to be a good book-keeper," cannot live respectably in New-York on a less sum than *two thousand dollars per year*, I must take leave very respectfully to deny.

In the last paragraph of her letter, "A Book-keeper's Wife" seems to think it very strange that merchants and bank officers should expect book-keepers to live on ten, twelve, or fifteen hundred dollars per annum, and she concludes by saying "It can't be *did*; somebody must suffer."

I shall pass over the libel contained in the last sentence, in courtesy to the sex of the writer, who, I feel certain, is not so uncharitable as to intentionally wound the feelings of hundreds of men of education intellect, and refinement, *who can, and do*, respectably maintain *a wife and two or three children*, on the sums named, *aye, and less too*, without making any one "suffer." As I have before said, the lady is perfectly right in her ideas as to the manner in which the labors of book-keepers are underrated, (she don't know half of it,) but as to the amount required to maintain a family *respectably*, she is either very much mistaken, or her ideas of "respectability" are very exalted.

For the information of ladies, and others, languishing for two thousand dollars a year, I shall now say that I have been book-keeper to a well known "Corporate Institution" in this City, for five years, and that the highest salary I received during that time (and that was only for the last year of the five, and after repeated application,) was *seven hundred dollars!* My duties consisted in keeping the books, correcting the books, and attending to the publication of a monthly paper, (an edition of 10,000,) and occasionally some shipping and Custom-House business—aiding in the correspondence, and attending to the routine of a large and well regulated office, including the reception of a large number of visitors, as well as large sums of money annually.

What will "A Book-keeper's Wife" say, when I tell her that I have been obliged to maintain *a wife and three children* on the above pitiful pittance, notwithstanding the repeated assurance of the Secretary that my services were worth "at least a *thousand dollars*"—that he, himself, was receiving a salary of *two thousand five hundred dollars* per year—and that the Board of Directors had amongst its numbers men whose names are conspicuous in all the benevolent enterprises of the age.

Let "A Book-keeper's Wife" ponder on the lesson above taught, and let her remember *that there are many* "book-keepers' wives"—I am well acquainted with one or two myself—whose cultivated minds, intellectual desires, and long experience in refined society, qualify them for *any position in life*; who are now, through either the *neglect, indifference, stinginess*, or *penny-wise-pound-foolishness* of employers, uncomplainingly eking out a living—*no more*—and who would think themselves well off, and able to maintain their families "respectably" if their husbands had but the despised salary of "ten or twelve hundred" dollars mentioned by your lady correspondent.

In all ages of the world the influence of woman has had a weighty effect on the most important events in its history, and this fact being acknowledged, it has given me much gratification to find a "Book-keeper's Wife" coming out on the side of an oppressed class, whose best years and endeavors are generally devoted to amassing wealth for those, who, no matter how high they may figure as "donors" and "secretaries," and managers, are continually "grinding the faces of the poor." Who knows but woman may by her example and influence in this instance, achieve for the partner of her joy and sorrow what he has long and fruitlessly endeavored to accomplish for himself?

Respectfully yours, A BOOK-KEEPER.

Living Salaries.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I must differ with "A Book-keeper's Wife," as to what is "a *living* salary" in New-York City; and cannot think it the least shadow of a palliation for dishonesty in a book-keeper, that he gets a salary of only $1,500, while he wants $2,000 at least, to "live respectably." SIDNEY SMITH, by the way, was a most unfortunate person to be quoted by one entertaining such views, for during many years, if I remember correctly, he lived respectably and supported his family very comfortably, and moved in the best society, on a salary fabulously small, or what would certainly seem so to "A Book-keeper's Wife;" and if any one had hinted to him, or to any one in his hearing that this was too strong a temptation to dishonest practices to place any man in, he would have been impaled upon the sharpest lance of SIDNEY'S wit, instanter, methinks, and no surgical operation would be required to open its way. $1,500 indeed! There are scores of most worthy and liberally educated men in this City and Brooklyn who live very respectably and comfortably, though economically, of course, on a salary of $1,000 and less. I know one clergyman, *in particular*, who does this.

What a miserable ambition for a book-keeper and his wife, to think that they must live in as good style as the merchant whose books he keeps, or else they are wronged—they are tempted—they are miserable, and must appeal for a redress of grievances! It may be said, I know, that a clergyman in Boston, and editor of the *Congregationalist*, has recently declared that he could not live comfortably on his salary of $3,000. But then what are his ideas of comfort. They include "a country cottage" and "a span of spanking horses," and various other things, which the Apostle who said, "Having food and raiment, let us be therewith *content*," could hardly have intended to include among the essentials to a comfortable, respectable, and *honest* subsistence.

Respectfully yours,

A CLERGYMAN'S WIFE.

BROOKLYN, Thursday, March 25.

Information for Gas-Consumers.

Mr. CRESSON, Engineer of the Philadelphia Gas Works, publishes a letter, called out by the prevalent complaints against defective gas-meters. Some of his suggestions are interesting:

"Of the complaints made, some are found to be without any reasonable cause, having their origin in the peculiar disposition of the individual. Many of them, however, arise from real causes, which are of various kinds. Some cases are isolated, others are common to particular localities, or particular seasons of the year. For example, the bills rendered in February, March and April, are usually the heaviest of the year, and give rise to the most frequent dissatisfaction to persons who, on the approach of Spring, forget the length of midwinter evenings. Again, in a dull business season, many stores and factories cease to light up at night, and the diminished draught on the local mains causes an increase of local pressure, whereby the gas bills of the immediate neighborhood are unexpectedly augmented. Both of these causes are now most actively operative, and their remedy is out of the reach of the gas works, which cannot control either the seasons or the owners of tall stores and factories. An effectual remedy for the latter case is, however, within the control of the gas consumer, who can keep down his bills by diminishing the pressure in his own fittings. Many persons do this by partially turning off the stop-cock at the metre, and others accomplish it more effectually and permanently by having the stop in the street turned partly off, which is done by a workman from the gas office, whenever requested by the consumer.

The latter mode is preferable, as it is not subject to change by the meter inspector, whose operations require him to turn the stop at the meter, who cannot always restore it to the desired position, though his instructions are to do so as nearly as practicable.

The effect of lighting up a lofty building is to check greatly the flow of gas into adjacent houses of less elevation, in the same manner as a hydrant let run in the yard of a house will stop the supply of water to the bath-room, in an upper story; the tendency of gas being to flow out of the highest opening as that of water is to issue at the lowest. The isolated cases are of two kinds, one in which there is a sudden increase in a particular bill, and the other showing a gradual and continued increase during many months, or even years.

The former sometimes arises from an additional number of burners, whose existence is forgotten; sometimes from an unknown use or light by a member of the family; sometimes from an undiscovered leakage of the fitting, and occasionally from an error in taking the state of the meter at that or the previous quarter. The latter cases are easily disposed of by a correction of the bill as soon as the error is discovered, but they are of rare occurrence, their average being less than one in a thousand.

The cases of gradual and continued increase of the bills generally arise from *the gradual enlargement of the burners*, either designedly or by the chemical and mechanical action of the burning gas. The increased consumption of gas thus produced is not usually accompanied by a corresponding increase of light, and the small additional light obtained is generally unheeded, probably on the same physical principle that makes persons unconscious of the increased craving for and use of most artificial indulgences.

The proper remedy for these cases is the removal of the old burners and substitution of new ones of the proper size. In doing this, it will be most proper to obtain them from some established gas-fitter, and not from itinerants who haunt the houses of citizens to delude them by specious promises of great saving from buying their burners and their advice. In dealing with these people the citizen is almost sure of being deceived, without chance of remedy.

Six Boys Crushed by a Falling Wall.

From the Baltimore Sun, March 26.

Shortly after 1 o'clock, yesterday afternoon, the south wall of the late Arbeiter Hall Building, No. 5 South Frederick-street, fell with a tremendous crash, catching six boys under it, all of whom were seriously, and, it is feared, two of them fatally, hurt. From an early hour in the morning the wall had been thought to be in a dangerous condition, and the police officers several times drove away the boys. They would, however, embrace every opportunity to go under the walls, and a party of seven or eight were there when the wall fell. As soon as the fall took place a number of the members of the Friendship Fire Company, with others, went to work to get them out, most of them being entirely covered by the ruins. The first they found was a boy of about ten years, named JAMES BOGUE, whose parents reside in Frederick-street, a few doors south of Lombard. He was removed to the office of Dr. F. E. B. HINTZE, where an examination proved that he was horribly bruised about the body, besides which he had several severe contusions on the head and face. His injuries were dressed, after which he was removed to the residence of his parents, where he lies in a precarious condition.

The next found was a lad of eleven years, named JOHN DOYLE, whose parents reside in Swan-street. His face was horribly crushed, and the back part of his head was badly contused. When taken from the ruins he was insensible, and his respiration was quick and irregular.

JOSEPH MORGAN, aged about 14 years, whose parents reside on Webb-street, was next taken out. He had a horrible cut over the right eye, as if made with the corner of a falling brick. It reached to the bone, and was about two inches long and a half inch wide. From the back part of the left side of the head the scalp was almost entirely gone. He did not appear to suffer a great deal, and, when asked, very promptly told his name and place of residence. His body was badly bruised, and his limbs so much injured that he could not stand.

ISAAC MAILHOUSE, aged 11 years, whose parents reside at No. 25 Albemarle-street, was badly bruised about the head and body. He, however, had only two or three slight contusions. He was struck in the lumbar region by a falling brick, which caused a heavy bruise, and of which he complained a great deal.

FREDERICK BOSWITH, aged about 12 years, whose parents reside on the Harford road, near the limits of the city, was severely hurt. His whole head was one mass of bruises, and he had several horrible contusions. There was a deep cut across the forehead; another near the left temple, and the whole of the scalp on the back part of the head was completely jellied. He was insensible for some time, and when a reaction did take place, he manifested but little hope of recovery.

CHAS BOSWITH, a brother of the last named, and about two years older, had a severe cut on the frontal bone, and his face was considerably bruised, but his injuries were less severe than those of any of the others.

Up to a late hour yesterday evening, all were getting along as comfortable as could be expected. Notwithstanding the large mass of bricks which fell upon them, there was not a bone broken so far as has been ascertained.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Judge BETTS has rendered decisions in the following cases heard before him. The pressure of business has prevented his Honor from writing any detailed opinions on them. We shall give a summary of the points decided:

Adrian Kissam vs. The brig Albert.—Libel dismissed, with costs.

King Benjamin vs. The schooner Watchman.—Libel dismissed, with costs.

Stephen Abbey vs. The steamboat R. L. Stevens.—Libel dismissed, unless the libelants elect to be further heard on the question whether the master and pilot of the steamboat were not guilty of negligence in respect to the relief of the barge, after they were notified that she was sinking.

John E. Brown vs. The propeller Albany.—Libel dismissed, with costs.

James R Brown vs The Same.—Same decree.

Levi Hayden vs. The Steamboat Troy.—Motion to modify decree denied with costs.

Cornelius Van Stratton vs. James B. Bostock et al.—Decree for libellant for $361 59, with interest from May 17, 1857, and costs.

Jesse W Starr et al. vs. The Schooner White Cloud.—The libel and answer in this case do not conform to the rules of pleading in that they have no precise allegations of the facts put in evidence on the hearing, and there is, therefore, no relevant testimony which authorizes a decree.

Ordered, therefore, that the cause be stricken from the docket, but leave to both parties to file new pleadings within twenty days, and submit the case on them and the testimony already taken. Otherwise libel dismissed.

U. S. COMMISSIONER'S COURT—March 27.

Before Commissioner Bridgham.

The United States vs. George Green.—The following was elicited on the cross-examination of one of the witnesses who testified on Thursday last:

John Smith called—When the men were jumping over the capstan the Captain said the mate's men were smarter than the second mate's; some of each watch were there when he (deceased) carried the handspike on the poop; witness could not remember if it was the same night; the jumping over the capstan was after the first time Riley (the deceased) was turned out of the forecastle by the men; when witness first saw the lice on him was after he was turned out the first time; after that he came back to the forecastle; saw no vermin on him; won't swear he wasn't turned out a second time; the man complained when Riley was sent back, because he was to sleep with him; saw Riley washed or scrubbed twice, and the hose played on him once; the first time he was scrubbed he was undressed before witness saw him, and saw Murphy scrubbing him when he came up from below; couldn't tell the day, week or month; wasn't near enough to hear him say anything; didn't hear the Captain say anything; I saw them taking his clothes off the last time he was scrubbed; witness was close by; did not remember hearing the man say anything; the Captain said, "Take the clothes away, that they were lousy;" the man didn't occupy the forecastle; the Captain told Murphy to get water and soda ash and scrub him; at the time the hose was played on him don't remember that the Captain said anything; this was after the first washing and before the second; after the man was played on he came to the forecastle; he belonged there when first washed, but not when he had the second; the night the man carried the handspike, he heard the man say he could not walk any farther; Captain said, "Get along—walk faster;" not sure the blanket was cut up for the man the day he died or not; didn't know of the man's being in the rigging more than twice; first saw him between four and five; didn't see him put up; couldn't make out that he said anything that evening; couldn't say how long he was there; witness next came on deck at 8 o'clock; he saw the man put up the rigging; was where he couldn't hear him say anything; heard the Captain say, "Put him up if he can't walk;" he staid there until 10½ o'clock; those are the only two times I saw him in the rigging; I can write my name; I signed an entry in the log-book, that Riley died from natural causes; Lee went down in the cabin for some cause; didn't know that the Captain kept a log-book of the temperature of the water; some men draw water for that purpose; witness didn't remember the date of any of these occurrences, except the death of the man, which was on the 2d of February.

By Commissioner—The first mate told me to sign the log; witness asked what it was, and the mate said it was about the man dying from natural causes.

The case was here adjourned to Monday.

By consent of the District-Attorney, the bail, which was originally $5,000, was reduced to $1,500.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

NOTICE.—Notices of issue for the April Special Term (CLERKE, Justice) must be filed on or before Wednesday, March 31. Attorneys will be particular to state on the face thereof whether the same be *demurrer* or not *demurrer*, as they will not be received unless this order is complied with.

Before the Hon. Justice Ingraham.

THE CONTINUATION OF ALBANY-STREET.

In the matter of the continuation of Albany-street—In this case, which is relative to the opening of Albany-street through Trinity Churchyard, Justice INGRAHAM, of the Supreme Court, has rendered a decision on certain objections urged against the regularity of the proceedings, on account of alleged insufficiency in the notice to the Trinity Church corporation, and in the affidavits of posting. These objections are held to be immaterial.

With regard to the objection that the corporation having granted to Trinity Church the land to be taken in part for this street, they are now estopped from taking this proceeding, the Judge holds that no such estoppel exists. The resolution under which the application is made, although rendered inoperative by the subsequent action of the Common Council and by a stay of proceedings, is again in force by the resolution of 1857, repealing the resolution directing the Corporation Council to stay further proceedings. The remaining objections are held to rest entirely upon the merits of this opening, and to be such as should have been presented to the Commissioner.

Alexander Duncan, et al., vs. E. North, et al.—Motion denied, without costs.

Before the Hon. Justice Clerke.

Martha E. Morrill vs. Joseph Morrill.—Judgment of divorce granted.

Angeline H. Smith vs. William D. Smith.—Judgment of divorce granted.

Decisions.

SUPERIOR COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Hon. Justices Hoffman, Slosson, Woodruff and Pierrepont.

PROMISSORY NOTES PAYABLE AT BANK.

Edward Bigelow vs. Hugh McCabe.—The defendant was the maker of a note payable at the Bowery Bank. The plaintiff presented the note for payment, which was refused—whereupon the note was protested, and the plaintiff brought this action for the face of the note and the cost of protest. In his answer the defendant set up that he had deposited funds in the Bank to pay the note, and they were on deposit when it was presented for payment. The plaintiff moved that this part of the answer be stricken out for irrelevancy, and the motion was granted by the Judge at Special Term. In an appeal to the General Term the order at Special Term was affirmed, with costs.

Justice SLOSSON, in rendering the opinion of the Court, held, that in an action against the maker of a note payable at a Bank named in the note, it is no defence that the maker of the note had funds to his credit in the Bank sufficient to meet the note; and that an averment of such fact is not equivalent to an averment that the defendant was ready at the place of payment, with funds to pay the note, since legally the Bank would not be bound on the mere presentation of the note of a depositor to apply his funds to its payment.

George Caldwell vs. Robert Taylor.—Order affirmed with costs.

James A. Cross vs. Jeremiah Sackett, et al.—Order affirmed with costs.

Sylvanus Ward vs. The Same.—Order affirmed with costs.

James S. Sluyter vs. J. Bryce Smith, et al.—Judgment and order appealed from are in all respects affirmed, except that the costs are to be reduced to $13 06. No costs to either party in the appeal.

On the rendering of the decisions the General Term adjourned for the Term.

Before the Hon. Justice Woodruff.

THE JOSEPH WALKER ASSAULT AND BATTERY CASE.

Dodge & Barnes vs. Fernando Wood et al.—In this case the Jury were out all Friday night, but failing to agree, were discharged on Saturday morning. His Honor charged that if Wood sent the force to the vessel merely to preserve peace, and they committed an assault without any authority from Wood, he was not responsible; but if he placed them under the direction of Jones, to use them according to his direction, then he could be held responsible for any illegal acts done by them, unless it should appear that the application for them by Jones was for a lawful purpose.

Wood could not be held responsible unless his act exceeded his authority, or he exercised it from corrupt or malicious motives.

THE UNION BANK DEFALCATION.

Mott Held by the Recorder as an Accessory to Brotherson's Fraud, and Bailed in the Sum of $20,000.

On Saturday morning Mr. JACOB H. MOTT appeared with his friends at the Recorder's Office, to hear his Honor's decision, respecting his counsel, Mr. Ga Num's, application for his discharge in the criminal suit instituted against him by the officers of the Union Bank of this City, for complicity in the fraud of Benjamin K. Brotherson. His Honor delivered the following decision, holding Mott as an accessory, before the fact, to Brotherson's gigantic fraud.

The People vs. Benjamin K. Brotherson and Jacob H. Mott.—A bank clerk who in concert with a dealer with the bank, (being a moneyed corporation,) either makes a false entry or falsely alters an entry made in the ledger kept by such bank containing the accounts of such dealer, so as to falsely represent that such dealer has either deposited more money than he has in fact deposited, or drawn out less than he has actually drawn, with intent to enable such dealer to draw out of the bank a larger sum of money than he has deposited therein, is guilty of forgery in the third degree, under the provisions of the 35th section, article 3, title 3, chapter 1, part 4, of the Revised Statutes

And this offence is a felony.

The dealer with the Bank by whose procurement, counsel or command, such false entries or false alterations are made, with said intent, is either an accessory before the fact, or a principal in the second degree, depending upon whether he was present at any portion of the actual commission of the offence or not Section 6, title 7, chapter 1, part 4, of Revised Statutes, (Vol. 2, page 682.) Barbour's Criminal Law, page 285.

Whether he be principal in the second degree, or accessory before the fact, is of little importance, as in either case he would be liable to the same punishment as if he were principal in the first degree.

On this preliminary examination it is, I think, sufficiently shown to put the defendant on trial, that Benjamin K Brotherson, a Clerk in the employ of the Union Bank, in concert with defendant Jacob H. Mott, either made false entries, or falsely altered the entries already made in the ledger account kept by the Bank with defendant, with such intent, and in such manner as to come within the provisions of the aforesaid section.

It is also sufficiently shown, for present purposes, that these false entries, or false alterations, were made by the procurement and counsel of the defendant, Jacob H. Mott, and said defendant having received the benefit from them, should not escape the punishment.

Let the defendant, Jacob H. Mott, be held as an accessory before the fact.

GEORGE G. BARNARD, Recorder.

MARCH 27, 1858.

The Recorder holds Mr. Mott's bail in two sureties of $5,000 each, who have to justify to double the amount, making the actual bail $20,000. The reason why the bail was made so low was this circumstance, that Mr. Mott is already held to bail in a civil action in the same matter, for the sum of $142,000. Mr. Mott remains, at present, in the custody of the Sheriff. Bail will probably be procured today.

MARKET REPORTS.

Markets......*Carefully Reported for the N. Y. Times.*

NEW-YORK, Saturday, March 27, 1858—6 P. M.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE—Since noon of yesterday: 36 bbls. Ashes, 1,700 bbls. Flour, 5,907 bushels Wheat, 23,200 bushels Corn, 500 bushels Oats, 7,600 bushels Feed, 1,584 packages Provisions, 460 bbls. Whisky. The barge *Van Rensselaer*, due here to-day, with 2,276 bbls. Flour, sunk yesterday in the Hudson River, near Albany.

ASHES—Are inactive, including Pots at $6 25, and Pearls at $6 25 ℔ 100 ℔s. Stock in the Inspection Warehouse, to-day, 1,848 bbls., including 1,128 bbls. Pots, and 720 bbls. Pearls.

BARK—30 hhds. No. 1 Quercitron brought $35 ℔ ton

COFFEE—Is quiet; prices, however, exhibit no noticeable change. Sales have been reported of 286 bags of Rio, at 10¾c.@11c.; 120 bags Maracaibo at 13c.@13¼c.; some Laguayra at 13c.; and St. Domingo at 9½c.@9¾c., ℔ ℔.

COTTON—The demand is moderate, mainly for middling grades; and we have to report sales of about 1,500 bales, including Middling at 11¾c.@11⅞c. for Upland, and 11⅞c.@12c. for Gulf, ℔ ℔.

EARTHENWARE—The demand is steadily improving, and the cheaper kinds are gradually advancing.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market is quite dull for State and Western, especially for common brands, which tend downward. The demand is very moderate, mainly for home use. The receipts are light, but receivers are generally eager sellers. The reported transactions embrace only about 6,500 bbls., within our revised range:

Superfine State	$4 20@$4 25
Extra State	4 40@ 4 55
Superfine Indiana and Michigan	4 20@ 4 30
Superfine Ohio	4 30@ 4 40
Fancy Ohio	4 50@ 4 60
Extra Indiana and Michigan	4 35@ 6 00
Extra Ohio	4 75@ 6 25
Fancy Genesee	4 35@ 4 40
Extra Genesee	5 35@ 7 00
Low to very choice Extra Missouri	5 20@ 7 00

Canadian Flour is inactive, at former prices. Sales 475 bbls. low to good Extra at $4 50@$5 50 ℔ bbl. Southern is in moderate demand, and is firm. The transactions since our last comprise 1,100 bbls., at $4 70@$8 25 for low Mixed to choice Extra, ℔ bbl. Rye Flour is salable and steady at $3@$3 75 for fine to superfine, ℔ bbl. Corn Meal is in demand at former quotations—$3 for Jersey, and $3 45@$3 50 for Brandywine, ℔ bbl.

FRUIT—Raisins are in request, including Layer at $3 30@$3 37½, and Bunch at $2 60@$2 62½ ℔ whole box. Other kinds are essentially unchanged. 1,000 bags African Pea Nuts were sold, by auction, at 66c., cash.

GRAIN—Wheat exhibits but little animation. Prime lots are scarce. The prevalent inquiry comes from millers. Sales have been reported, to-day, of about 4,500 bushels, in lots, including prime to choice White Canadian, at $1 37½@$1 40; good White Western, at $1 39; prime Red do., at $1 20; and Mediterranean, at $1 15 ℔ bushel. Corn has been more freely offered and purchased, at somewhat easier prices. Sales 47,500 bushels, at 67c.@69c. for inferior to prime Yellow Southern; 68c.@68½c. for White do., and 67c.@67½c. for mixed Western, in store, ℔ bushel. Sales have also been reported of 5,600 bushels Rye, chiefly Northern, at 68c.; a cargo of choice State Barley here, at 74c.; and several lots of Barley, deliverable during the summer, on terms not disclosed. Oats are quiet, yet steady at 44c.@45c. for Western; 42c.@44c. for State; 35c.@39c. for Pennsylvania; 34c.@37c. for Jersey, and 25c.@35c. for Southern, ℔ bushel.

HAY—Sales have been made of 600 bales North River at 55c.@65c., cash, ℔ 100 ℔s.

HIDES—A sale has been reported of 4,000 prime Buenos Ayres, in Boston for this market, at 25c. ℔ ℔., usual credit. Stock of all kinds on hand, to-day, 242,937, against 48,656 same time last year, and 40,184 same time in 1856.

HOPS—Continue in fair demand, including fair to good new, of last year's crop, at 5c.@8c., and prime old at 3c. ℔ ℔. Choice new are scarce, and held at 9c.@10c. ℔ ℔., but they are not much sought after.

IRON—A limited inquiry prevails for Scotch Pig at $25@$26, usual credit, ℔ ton.

MOLASSES—The demand is moderate at full prices: New-Orleans, 32c.@34c.; Porto Rico, 30c.@34c.; Cuba Muscovado, 23c.@30c.; Clayed Cuba, 22c.@24c., ℔ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—All descriptions are quiet at about former prices. Crude Turpentine, $3 87½@$4 ℔ 280 ℔s.; Spirits do., 49c.@50c., cash, ℔ gallon; common Resin, $1 50@$1 52½ ℔ 310 ℔s.

OILS—Whale is in demand, while Sperm is neglected, at previous figures. Linseed is selling to a fair extent, in lots, chiefly at 61c., cash, ℔ gallon. Nothing really new in other kinds.

PROVISIONS—Pork is quiet, a limited business having been reported to-day, at $16 80 for Mess, and $13 70@$13 75 for Prime, ℔ bbl. The sales reach only 430 bbls. Cut Meats are salable and firm, at 9c.@9¾c. for Hams, and 6½c.@6¾c. for Shoulders, ℔ ℔. Bacon is in demand, at 8c.@9c. ℔ ℔. Lard is pretty brisk at firmer prices. The transactions since our last embrace 400 bbls. fair to prime, chiefly at 9⅞c.@10¼c. ℔ ℔. Beef is quiet and languid; the transactions since our last consist of 165 bbls., in lots at $12@$13 50 for repacked Western Mess; $14@$14 50 for extra do.; $10@$11 for Country Mess; and $7@$8 for do. Prime, ℔ bbl. Prime Mess Beef, $20@$24 ℔ tc. Beef Hams, $16@$18 75 for inferior to choice, ℔ bbl. Butter is heavy and languid, at 14c.@20c. for Ohio; 17c.@24c. for common to very good State, and 25c.@27c. for prime to choice do., ℔ ℔. Cheese is inactive, yet is worth 8c.@10¼c. ℔ ℔.

The Cincinnati *Price Current*, of March 24, contains a statement of the number of hogs and the quantity of Pork packed in the Western States, during each of the two last seasons. The number of hogs slaughtered, in each season, was as follows:

	1856-7.	1857-8.
Ohio	494,565	599,787
Kentucky	353,272	357,510
Indiana	320,468	423,956
Illinois	378,671	435,411
Missouri	144,904	173,636
Iowa	102,698	86,603
Wisconsin	15,000	16,000
Tennessee	42,811	37,876
Grand totals	1,852,479	2,130,778
Total of 1856–7		1,852,479
Increase		278,299

As compared with last year, this is an increase of about 15 ℔ cent. The *Price Current* adds: "With reference to the weight, we endeavored to obtain the comparative averages from all the packing places, but failed to obtain them from 64 places. From 132 places we obtained the average weights, this season and last, and the aggregate weights of an equal number of hogs at those places, each season, stand as follows:

1857–8	℔s 195,267,998
1856–7	℔s 186,393,240
Increase this year	℔s 8,874,758

The increase is equal to about 4¾ ℔ cent., which is equal to about 101,211 hogs, and being added to the increase in number, makes the total increase in number and weight equal to 379,510 hogs."

RICE—Sales have been reported since our last of 200 tcs., in lots, at $3 50@$4, according to quality, ℔ 100 ℔s.

SEEDS—Clover is selling slowly, at 7½c.@8½c. ℔ ℔; Flax is scarce, quiet and nominal; 7,000 pkgs. Calcutta Linseed found buyers at $1 62½ ℔ bushel. Timothy ranges from $2@$2 50 ℔ bushel, with a limited inquiry. In Philadelphia, during the week, Clover favors buyers; sales of 1,200 bushels fair and prime Seed at $4 25@$4 75 ℔ 64 ℔s, closing at $4 62 for prime. 300 bushels sold, from second hands, at 7½c.@7¾c. ℔ ℔. Small sales of Timothy at $2 37½@$2 50. Nothing done in Flaxseed—it is worth $1 40 ℔ ℔. In Baltimore, 2,100 bushels Clover Seed found purchasers, at $4 37½@$4 87½ for good to choice, ℔ bushel.

SUGARS—Are in fair demand at steady prices. Sales 700 hhds., including Porto Rico at 6¼c.@7c.; Cuba at 6c.@7c.; and New-Orleans at 5¼c.@7¾c. ℔ ℔ Foreign declined ¼c.@½c. ℔ ℔. during the week, but closed pretty firmly.

TALLOW—Sales have been reported of 7,500 ℔s. prime at 10½c.; and small lots of rough fat 7½c., cash, ℔ ℔.

WHISKY—Sales have been reported since our last of 500 bbls., in lots, mainly at 22½c., cash, ℔ gallon.

WOOL—A moderate demand has prevailed for domestic Fleece and for California Wool during the week. Other kinds have attracted little attention. Sales have been reported of 30,000 ℔s. Fleece at from 26c. to 42c. for common to full blood and Saxony; small lots of City pulled at about former prices; 30,000 ℔s. California pulled at 16c.@21c.; and 15,000 ℔s. do. coarse burry Fleece at 10c.@11c., ℔ ℔., six months credit. In Philadelphia, during the week, about 100,000 ℔s. domestic Wool found buyers at from 25c. to 45c., mainly at 28c.@30c., for mixed lots, ℔ ℔., cash and time. Nothing new in Baltimore Wool market.

FREIGHTS—Exhibited no important change.—light engagements at about former rates having been reported. For Liverpool, Cotton 5-32d.@3 16d. ℔ ℔.; Flour, 1s. 9d. ℔ bbl.; Grain, 5¼d.@5½d. ℔ bushel; Crude Turpentine at 2s. 3d.; Spirits do. at 5s.@6s.; Resin, 1s. 9d.@2s. ℔ bbl.; Beef 3s. 6d.@3s. 9d. ℔ tc., and Heavy Goods 15s.@20s. ℔ ton. For London, Flour, 2s.; Pork, 3s.@3s 3d ℔ bbl.; Pork and Beef, 4s.@4s. 6d ℔ tc; Naval Stores, 2s. 3d.@2s. 6d. ℔ 280 ℔s.; Oil-Cake, 20s.; Heavy Goods, 25s. ℔ ton For other ports proportionate rates. The latest charters have been: Ship *Caroline Tucker*, 596 tons, to San Francisco, at $18,000; ship *Europa*, 846 tons, same voyage, about same rate; a ship from New-Orleans to Havre, cotton 1 3 16c.; two brigs hence to Cadiz, light pipe staves, $30, one of them, 350 tons back to New-York, $1,200; one to Rio Grande, 220 bbls. flour, $1 12½; a bark from Richmond to Rio, 3,500 bbls. Flour, $1 05; two barks and a brig to Aspinwall, coal, $5; a bark from Machias to Port au Prince, boards $10, and back to New-York, logwood, $5; a brig to Porto Rico and back, sugar, 37½c., and molasses on deck $2 50; a schooner from Cienfuegos to New-York, 33c. and $2 (port charges not paid;) bark *Esther Frances*, 279 tons, a four months voyage to Orinoco River and back, $900 ℔ month; schooner *Kate Heath* 171 tons, in the West India trade, $650 ℔ month; a bark and a brig to St. Johns, N. F., 60c. for dry and 65c. for wet bbls.; a bark to Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, a brig to a port in the Mediterranean and back, one to Nuevitas and back, one to Porto Rico and back, and another to Curacoa, on private terms.

Live Stock Markets.

CHICAGO MARKET—MONDAY, March 22.—HORSES—A great demand for horses for the army has arisen, and contractors find it difficult to get their supply at the low rates offered. Just such horses as the army calls for are salable everywhere, and while they are worth more than that in the country, the low rate of $125, which is generally offered, will not buy them in this market The general decline which has taken place in the price of produce and almost everything else has not extended to horses in so great a degree. This market, which has been quite stagnant and bare of stock, is improving in supply and demand. The sale of horses at the different stables of State-street foot up 135 head, and the sales last week were fair for such bad weather. Prices paid ranged from $100@$250 for good stock, and they were mostly bought for city use. At one stable, 18 head were sold; at another, 10 head, and 4 at another.

CATTLE—The market has been very active for the time of year; the receipts being 1,940 head by rail. The range of price has been $2 50@$3 50 ℔ 100 ℔s., gross. To-day a lot of 33 head sold at $3 ℔ 100. City packers are not yet through, and prices are firm.

HOGS—Receipts by rail last week were 1,259 head. The ruling rates ranged from $2 35@$4 62½ ℔ 100 ℔s. gross, and continuing active to the close.

SHEEP have not been active of sale towards the last of the week; rates are $2 50@$3 50 ℔ 100 ℔s., live, for those averaging 80@100 ℔s. gross.

CAMBRIDGE MARKET—Wednesday, March 25, 1858.—At market 532 Cattle. 450 Beeves and 32 Stores consisting of Working Oxen, Cows and 1, 2 and 3 years old.

PRICES OF MARKET BEEF—Extra $7@$7 75; first quality $6 50@$7; second quality $5 75@$6; third quality $5@$5 25; ordinary quality $4 50.

PRICES OF STORE CATTLE—Working Oxen from $90@$100@$175 to $200 ℔ pair: Cows and Calves from $35@$40@$45@$50 to $62, plenty. Yearlings $18@$21; two years old $25@$28; three years $30@$35.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—1,300 at market; price in lots $2@$3 to $3 50 each. Extra and selections, $4@$4 50@$6, or from 4c.@6c. ℔ ℔ gross.

HIDES—5c@6c. ℔ ℔.; Tallow 7c.@7½c. do.; Pelts $1@$1 25 each; Calfskins 9c.@10c. ℔ ℔.; Veal Calves $4@$8.

BALTIMORE MARKET, March 25.—The offerings have decreased, which has caused an advance in prices for all qualities. There were 600 head offered, of which 106 head were driven off, and the balance were sold at prices ranging from $3 50@$5 ℔ 100 ℔s. on the hoof, and averaging $4 25.

HOGS—The market for Hogs was dull, and prices have slightly declined. Sales were made to-day at prices ranging from $7@$7 50 ℔ 100 ℔s. net.

SHEEP—Are in limited demand, but prices are unchanged Sales were made at prices ranging from $4@$6 ℔ 100 ℔s., gross.

PUBLIC LECTURES.

THE FUTURE OF WOMAN IN AMERICA.—A course of lectures will be given at Mozart Hall, No 663 Broadway, opposite Bond-st., on the following subjects:

Woman and Her Legal Disabilities. Hon. JAMES T. BRADY. April 1.

Fair Play for Woman. GEORGE W. CURTIS, Esq., April 8.

Woman and Her Work. The Rev. E H CHAPIN April 15.

Woman and the Elective Franchise. Mrs. LUCY STONE, April 22

Benefit to Woman of Organized Emigration. Hon. ELI THAYER.

These lectures are given in aid of the Shirt Sewers' and Seamstresses' Union, No. 1 Astor-place The lecturers have generously undertaken the series in view of the importance of the subjects to be discussed.

Mr. BRADY will commence at 7½ o'clock. The lectures that follow at 8.

Tickets for the course. $2. To be found at the principal Bookstores. Single admissions 50 cents.

NEW-YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY.—The last lecture of the series will be delivered by the Hon. WM. C. ALEXANDER, of New-Jersey, at the lecture room in the library, 2d-av., corner of 11th st., on MONDAY EVENING, March 29, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*The Influence of Letters and Liberal Culture on the Fortunes of our Republic.* Tickets 50 cents, may be obtained at E. J. BROWN & CO.'S, No. 145 Broadway, T. J. CROWEN'S, No. 699 Broadway, and at the library. The number of tickets is limited to 500. EDWIN J. BROWN, Chairman of Lecture Committee.

THE REV. WM. H. MILBURN WILL deliver a lecture on *The Life, Character and Labors of Alexander Hamilton*, at Clinton Hall, Astor-place MONDAY EVENING, March 29, 1858, at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents. For sale at all the principal book and music stores

LECTURE.—THE REV. J. B. WAKELEY WILL repeat, by request, his lecture on *The Education required by the Times*, in the M. E. Church, in Willett st., on MONDAY EVENING, March 29, at 7½ o'clock. Tickets admitting a lady and gentleman 25 cents Proceeds for the benefit of the Sunday School attached to the Church.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

DOWN WITH MONOPOLY AND USURPATION!—The citizens of the East River side of New-York, and all those opposed to the exclusive use and occupation of slips wharves, and piers, by Balance and Floating Docks, are requested to meet on MONDAY EVENING, March 29, at 7 o'clock, in Pike-slip, to declare their opposition to the grasping designs of the Balance Dock Company, now importuning the Legislature to legalize its usurpation and monopoly of slips and piers. Several speakers will address the meeting.

ADELPHIC LODGE, NO. 348 F. & A. M.—The members of Adelphic Lodge are requested to attend its regular communication, to be held in Corinthian Room, Odd Fellows' Hall, THIS EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. By order of the W M. J. SHOVE, Secretary.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

A UNION PRAYER-MEETING—UNDER THE auspices of the young men connected with St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church corner of 4th-av. and 22d-st., is held daily in the lecture room of the Stuyvesant Institute, No 659 Broadway, commencing at 5 o'clock, continuing one hour. Merchants, lawyers, clerks, mechanics and ladies are invited. Come one, come all.

PERSONAL.

G.—YOU OR YOUR FRIENDS CAN OBTAIN THAT information by addressing S. SWAN & CO., Augusta, Ga.

A CARD.—THE FRIENDS OF THE YOUNG LADY who lost a gold watch in Broadway, Saturday, desire to present their special thanks to the unknown young gentleman and to the lady, through whose kindness it was recovered.

WANTED TO GIVE AWAY FOR ADOPTION—A most splendid and noble looking female child, three months old, to some respectable lady. Call at No 183 Varick-st., second floor, front room. Can be seen for three days.

THE CAPTAIN'S WIFE.—OH! COME QUICKLY! Come!

STATIONERY.

FRANCIS & LOUTREL — STATIONERS, Steam Job Printers, Lithographers, and Book-binders No. 45 Maiden-lane. Orders solicited.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—LEONORA.

Farewell appearances in America of
Mme DE LA GRANGE,
prior to her departure for Europe.
Most positively last night but two of the season.
MONDAY, MARCH 29, at 8,
First night of Wm. H. Fry's opera of
LEONORA.

The prices of admission will be the regular ones, as they have been always, Mr. Ullman thus redeeming his pledge that the increased prices will be charged at no other opera than the Huguenot nights

THE SALE OF SEATS FOR LEONORA
commences this morning at the three ticket offices.
Reserved seats $1 and $1 50, according to location. Admission $1, family circle 50 cents, amphitheatre 25 cents.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

A rumor having gained ground that there will be a Summer season of Italian Opera, Mr. Ullman respectfully announces that the season will
MOST POSITIVELY CLOSE ON THURSDAY NEXT,
as some of the artists, after appearing in other cities, will leave for Europe.

Mr. Ullman announces at the same time that
Mme DE LA GRANGE,
after a career of unexampled brilliancy, extending over three years, will only appear three times more in America, after which she will leave for Europe.

In consequence of these arrangements.
LEONORA
will only be given on Monday and Wednesday, On Tuesday will be given THE MESSIAH, (50 cents;) and on Thursday the season will close with a favorite opera. Musard's first Concert will be given on Wednesday, April 7, and his first and only ball on Tuesday, April 20.

MONDAY and WEDNESDAY at 8,
The only nights of Fry's Italian Opera of
LEONORA.

The Director has great pleasure in announcing that the longest and most prosperous season ever given at the Academy of Music will appropriately close with a tribute to American achievement in Lyrical Art, the production, for the first time in the Italian language, of Fry's grand Opera, in four acts,

LEONORA,
the first technically grand Opera of the modern school, originally adapted to English words, with a view of proving the noble qualities of that language, and its capability to answer all the requirements of the lyrical drama, and produced with eminent success in Philadelphia.

The Director is gratified in being the first to present, in the New-York Academy of Music, the work of an American composer, and thus in a measure fulfil the pleasing duty imposed on him by the charter of the institution, a duty heretofore neglected by his predecessors.

Words by......J. R. Fry | Music by......W. H. Fry
Valdor a rich merchant......Signor Rocco
Montalvo, a nobleman......Signor Gassier
Alferez, a gentleman......Signor Barratini
Julio, a peasant......Signor Tiberini
Leonora, daughter of Valdor......Mme. De La Grange
Mariana, sister of Julio......Mme. D'Angri
Martini, their friend......Mme. Morra
A priest, a notary, cavaliers and ladies, &c., &c.
The scene is in Spain—the time about 1530, during the Spanish conquests in America. An interval of three years is presumed before the commencement of the last act

THE CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA
Will be augmented for the occasion, to which will be added a full military band

The sale of seats commences this morning
Books of the Opera, with English and Italian words, for sale at the box office and in the lobbies on the evenings of performance.

TO-MORROW, (Tuesday, March 30, at 7½,
THE MESSIAH,
BY THE HARMONIC SOCIETY.
The solos will be sung by
D'ANGRI, CARADORI, SIMPSON and
CARL FORMES,
who will on this occasion make his
LAST APPEARANCE IN ORATORIO.
Admission to the Oratorio......50 cents
Reserved seats (which may be secured in advance......50c extra
The Bar-rooms and Amphitheatre will be closed.
On WEDNESDAY—Most positively
LAST NIGHT OF LEONORA.
On THURSDAY, March 31—In compliance with a general request too urgent to be resisted,
THE HUGUENOTS
will be given as the last night of the season, on which occasion
MADAME LA GRANGE and CARL FORMES.
will take their farewell from their New-York patrons.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

THE MESSIAH—FORMES.
TUESDAY EVENING, March 30, at 7½.
Admission to all parts......50 cents
Reserved seats (extra)......50 cents
THE HARMONIC SOCIETY
respectfully inform the public that, at the request of numerous patrons, who consider
THE SEASON OF LENT
as an appropriate time for the production of
A SACRED ORATORIO,
they will give Handel's
THE MESSIAH,
with a combined orchestral force of
FIVE HUNDRED PERFORMERS.
The solos will be sung by
D'ANGRI, CARADORI, SIMPSON,
CARL FORMES
will on this occasion make his positively last appearance in Oratorio.

THE HARMONIC SOCIETY
Having only one object in view, that of elevating the standard of taste for the highest style of sacred and church music, have fixed the price of admission (notwithstanding the heavy expense) at
FIFTY CENTS TO ALL PARTS OF THE ACADEMY.
Seats may be secured in advance at an extra charge of 50 cents.
The bar rooms of the Academy and the Amphitheatre will be closed.
THE SALE OF SEATS FOR THE MESSIAH
will commence on Monday, at 9 o'clock precisely, at the Academy; at BREUSING'S music store, No. 701 Broadway, and at SIBELL'S, 20 Wall-st., corner of Nassau.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

The uncontrollable
PUBLIC EXCITEMENT,
occasioned by this new American drama,
TRANSCENDS ALL EXAMPLE,
and places the dainty, the heart-agitating, the facetious and the emotion-stirring
BRIDE
OF AN
EVENING,
in the front rank of
OVERWHELMINGLY POPULAR
productions. Joy and amazement alternately possesses all who witness it, presented as it is in a
SPIRIT OF IMPASSIONED BEAUTY,
the most artistic imaginable, being
FAULTLESSLY PERFECT
in all its appointments, gotten up with a
LAVISH EXUBERANCE OF GEORGEOUS DESIGN,
hitherto unattempted, and performed with a
CONSUMMATE EXCELLENCE
that mocks at all parallel. In obedience to the universal wish will be repeated
EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING
during this, its
FIFTH SUCCESSIVE WEEK.
MONDAY and TUESDAY, March 29 and 30, 1858,
in the AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock,
as well as in
the EVENING at 7½ o'clock,
That luxuriously intellectual and interesting drama, adapted from Mrs Southworth's effective LEDGER STORY, by Mr H Watkins, expressly for the talented resources of this establishment, the brilliant picture of the
SENSATING SIDE OF LIFE,
entitled
THE BRIDE OF AN EVENING;
OR, CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE,
with a perfect
CRYSTALIZATION OF GENIUS.
in the cast.

The MAMMOTH LADY, weighing 700 pounds; the LIVING SKELETON, weighing only 50 pounds; the original Happy Family; the Panopticon Studio, with its illuminated pictures, are all to be seen here now, as well as the inimitable Aquaria, or Ocean and River Gardens, the greatest curiosity now in America.
POSITIVELY NO FREE LIST.
Admittance to all 25 cents; children 13 cents.

LAURA KEENE'S NEW THEATRE.

No. 624 BROADWAY.
MONDAY EVENING, March 29, 1858,
A new and original three-act drama, for the first time in this country, entitled
THE POOR STROLLERS.
Pierre Leroux, the Poor Stroller......Mr. H. A. Perry
Michael Cassidy Mr. Martin | Wm Lawson...Mr Burnett
Bob Bitts...Mr. Jefferson | Samson......Mr. Peters
Marie Leroux, the Poor Stroller's Daughter..Miss Howard
To conclude with the beautiful operatic romance, in two acts, called
THE ELVES, OR THE STATUE BRIDE,
with new scenery, exquisite music, magnificent costumes, appointments, tableaux, dances, and choruses, and the following
BRILLIANT DISTRIBUTION OF CHARACTERS:
Sylvia, the Statue Bride......Miss Laura Keene
Phillis, a Miller's Daughter......Miss Josephine Manners
Eoline, Queen of the Elves......Mrs. T. B. Johnston
Princess Jonquil. Mrs. Stoddart | Mme. Chloe...Miss Wells
Count Coldstreamer, an Old Beau......Mr. Wheatleigh
Colin, a Romantic Tailor......Mr. Jefferson
Prince Lubin.....Mr. Stoddart | Prince Pomp...Mr. Martin
And innumerable other characters, Huntsmen, Courtiers, &c. &c.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 7½.

BROADWAY THEATRE.

Mr. E. A. Marshall......Sole Lessee.
VAN AMBURGH'S
Grand Equestrian and Zoological Company.
THIS EVENING, March 29.
Complimentary benefit to
W. B. DONALDSON,
Negro Clown, previous to his departure for Europe. Positively his last appearance in the United States. On this occasion will be introduced, besides the Circus,
CINDERELLA; OR, THE FAIRY AND THE LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.

Lessee......Mr. W. Stuart.
Doors open at 7. Commence at 7½.
Last week of
MISS AGNES ROBERTSON.
To-night will be performed the new and original Drama of
JESSIE BROWN;
OR, THE RELIEF OF LUCKNOW.
After which. BLUE BELLE;
OR, THE BASKET-MAKER'S WIFE.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE,

Chatham-st., near Roosevelt.
The entertainment will commence, THIS EVENING with the new drama of
JESSIE BROWN; OR, HAVELOCK'S LAST VICTORY.
Jessie Brown......Miss Fanny Herring
Donald Leslie......Mr. J. H. Allen
To be followed by the 5-act play of
DAMON AND PYTHIAS.
Damon......Mr. J. H. Allen | Pythias....Mr. D. Harkins

BOWERY THEATRE.

MONDAY EVENING, March 29, 1857,
Will be played the great Drama, entitled the
THREE FAST MEN;
Or, THE FEMALE ROBINSON CRUSOES.
To be followed by the
FEMALE MINSTRELS.
To conclude with the drama, entitled
MARY, QUEEN OF SCOTS.
Geo. Douglas...Mr. Fitzgerald | Queen Mary....Miss Grey

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

MONDAY EVENING, March 29.
FAREWELL OF THE RAVEL BROTHERS,
GABRIEL, ANTOINE and JEROME,
MARIETTA ZANFRETTA and all the great artists.
First appearance of YOUNG AMERICA, since his severe indisposition.
THE SOLDIER FOR LOVE.
All the Brothers in their original characters.
EVOLUTIONS OF THE TIGHT ROPE.
BIANCO, OR THE MAGIC SWORD.
ANTOINE as......Bianco | JEROME as......Brocolo
Doors open at 6¾ o'clock. To commence at 7½ o'clock.
Tickets 50 cents. Upper boxes 25 cents. Children 25 cents

WOOD'S BUILDINGS.

H. WOOD, Proprietor,
Nos. 561 and 563 Broadway, near Prince-st.
IMMENSE CROWDS.
GREAT SUCCESS.
GEO. CHRISTY AND WOOD'S MINSTRELS have the pleasure of announcing to their patrons and the public in general that their
GRAND STAIRCASE
being completed, and the stage thoroughly prepared, their splendid hall
IS NOW OPEN,
with a select
ETHIOPIAN ENTERTAINMENT,
concluding with (second week) an entirely original sketch by S. Bleeker, introducing a new grand
DIORAMIC PANORAMA,
entitled
THE SLEIGH RIDE,
through Broadway and Bloomingdale Road to Jones'.
Sam Crackem, a driver......Mr. Geo. Christy
Tommy Sawney, an interesting juvenile Geo Holland
Tickets 25 cents. Doors open at 6; to commence at 7¾.

PAUL JULIEN'S

FAREWELL CONCERT.
For this occasion he will be assisted by the following eminent artists:
MADAME CHOME,
prima donna of the Grand Opera of Bruxelles.
SIGNOR TIBERINI,
the distinguished tenor of the Academy of Music, by kind permission of Mr. Ullman
SIGNOR ROCCO,
the favorite basso of the Academy of Music, by kind permission of Mr. Ullman.
HERR GOLDBECK, the eminent pianist.
HERR TREUER and MR. REITER
will preside at the Piano forte at
MOZART HALL No. 663 Broadway,
on TUESDAY EVENING, March 30, 1858.
Tickets $1; may be secured at the music stores, and principal hotels Doors open at 7 o'clock; concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

SIMPSON'S GREAT HISTORICAL PAINTING
of the restoration of the
ARCTIC SHIP RESOLUTE
by the people of the United States to Her Majesty the Queen of England, (painted by command of Her Majesty.) is now on exhibition at the gallery of W. SCHAUS, No. 629 Broadway.
Admission 25 cents. Open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

NYE'S GALLERY OF
OLD MASTERS AND ENGRAVINGS,
ON EXHIBITION AT THE
ART-UNION ROOMS, NO. 497 BROADWAY,
From 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., and 7 to 10 P. M.
Admittance 25 cents Season tickets 50.

BROADWAY THEATRE.—BENEFIT OF CHARLEY SHERWOOD, better known as "Pete Jenkins" Best night of the Season. TUESDAY EVENING, March 30, 1858, when the most perfect constellation of Equestrian Stars, including Mr CHAS. MELVILLE, Mr EATON STONE, and the entire Broadway Company, will appear.

DR. ABBOTT'S CELEBRATED GALLERY OF EGYPTIAN ANTIQUITIES.—This great Collection, so constantly referred to by travellers in Europe, is visited by all persons of taste and refinement. No. 659 Broadway. Admission, 25 cents.

GRAND SOIREE DANSANTE.—TICKETS of admission to Crystal Palace April 8, now ready, price $2, admitting a lady and gentleman. Single tickets, $1. Office No. 566 Broadway.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

TO LAWYERS.
MONTHLY LAW REPORTER FOR MARCH—60 PAGES.
EDITED BY JOHN LOWELL, BOSTON.
Price $3 a year—25 cents a number.
SOLD BY ALL THE LAW BOOKSELLERS.
CONTENTS OF MARCH NUMBER:
Editorial on Fixtures.
Decisions of U. S. Circuit Court, and Court of Claims.
Latest General Term Decisions of Supreme Court and Court of Common Pleas, New-York City.
New-York Court of Appeals,
Massachusetts and New-Hampshire Decisions.

Those lawyers who have been induced to subscribe for a daily Law Paper just started in this City, would do well to look into the February and March numbers of the Law Reporter, and see where the matter comes from that they pay 40 cents a week for.

A RARE CHANCE FOR BOOK BUYERS.
THE ASSIGNEE'S SALE
OF
CHOICE BOOKS,
Closing the entire stock of Mr. G. P. PUTNAM.
WILL BE CONTINUED
THIS AFTERNOON, (Monday) AT 3½ O'CLOCK,
and EVENING at 7½ o'clock,
At the store No 321 Broadway, (up stairs)
Several valuable and important books to be sold to-day.

NEW BOOK FOR LENT.—SECOND EDITION NOW READY:
THOUGHTS FOR THE HOLY WEEK. By Miss SEWELL, author of "Amy Herbert," &c. Second edition, 18mo, cloth, 38 cents.
This beautiful little manual of devotional reflections for Lent is in all respects worthy the distinguished reputation of the author. It has been received with universal applause by the religious Press, and has thus rapidly passed into a second edition. Orders for the work can now be supplied promptly a fresh supply having just been received. STANFORD & DELISSER, Publishers,
No. 687 Broadway.

INSTRUCTION.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL NO. 40, EIGHTEENTH WARD.—The pupils of the Grammar Department of this school will assemble for school purposes in the church building next door to school No. 40 on MONDAY, March 29, at 9 o'clock A. M.

The Primary Department will assemble in the large hall over the Demilt Dispensary at the same time.

The repairs on No. 40 will be pushed forward as fast as a regard for the complete security and safety of the building will permit. In behalf of the Board of School Officers, XVIIIth Ward. DAVID B. SCOTT, Principal.

WANTED—AS FRENCH VISITING OR RESIDENT INSTRUCTRESS.—A Parisian lady of superior qualifications, wishes to find new pupils to replace those who have just terminated their Winter studies. She is highly recommended as an eminent teacher, and teaches French, German, Italian and Spanish grammatically and conversationally, as well as all the branches of an English classical education. Gives private lessons and makes translations. Address for ten days, Miss Z. ZETA, Union-square Post-Office.

SEWARD INSTITUTE—A BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOTH SEXES, AT FLORIDA, ORANGE COUNTY, N. Y.—Hon. WM. H. SEWARD, President; JOHN W. ROUND, A. M., Principal Male Department; Miss FANNIE JACKSON, Principal Female Department. The two departments entirely separate in location and management. Summer Session commences April 19. Circulars may be had at IVISON & PHINNEY'S, No. 321 Broadway, or of the Principals, at Florida.

BOYS' BOARDING SCHOOL—AT LITTLE Ferry, nine miles from Hoboken, N. J. This school is situated on a large farm, commanding a fine view of the surrounding country, and possessing the benefits of its invigorating air. Board, tuition, washing, &c., from $120 to $140 per year (no extras.) Next term commences April 27. For circulars, with patrons as references, address A. B. WINANT, Principal.

BOARDING SCHOOL.—A LIMITED NUMBER of young pupils will be admitted at the low terms of $80 TO $120 PER YEAR.
Accommodations, location, building, grounds—all have special design to the business. Instruction and care personally by Principal. Address A. WHITLOCK, United States Post-Office, Station D., New-York.

ALONZO FLACK, A. M., PRINCIPAL OF the Hudson River Institute, Claverack, Columbia Co., three miles from Hudson City. Board and tuition, $40 per term. Prof. FLACK is at the International Hotel, No 365 Broadway, before 9 o'clock A. M. and after 6 o'clock P. M. each day. Call and see him, or drop him a line and he will call and see you.

PHONETIC SHORT-HAND TAUGHT BY a professional Phonographist on a modified and greatly improved style at No. 293 Broadway. "Phonography is a never-failing source of support" A few more pupils will be received. Apply at once, office United States School Agency, between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

A $5 WRITING CLASS.—MR. DOLBEAR, NO. 649 Broadway, will open private classes THIS DAY and EVENING, at half-price, and guarantees to remove all stiffness or trembling from every hand, so that any lady or gentleman can write with ease and elegance. Four $5 seats vacant. Book-keeping $10.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. J.—The 39th semi-annual session will commence on WEDNESDAY, May 7. Circulars can be obtained of RICE & ANDREWS, No. 289 Broadway, and of the Principal, D. S. ROWE.

BENNINGTON SEMINARY, VERMONT.—A BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—GEORGE W. YATES, A. M., Principal; $140 per year. Particulars and circulars of SETH B. HUNT, Esq., No. 145 Broadway; or of the Principal.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—No. 218 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st., opened its fifteenth school-year on Monday, Sept. 14. GEO. W. CLARKE, JAMES FANNING, Principals.

MRS. BENEDICT'S BOARDING AND Day School for Young Ladies and Children. Also, a class for little boys. No 4 West 37th-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 26, IN GOING from No. 2 8th-av. to No. 110 Hammond st., a PORTEMONNAIE containing money and a note drawn by Pat. B. Clark to the order of Jas. W Elliott for $317. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at Dr. JAS. W. ELLIOTT'S, No. 2 8th-av.

AN OWNER IS WANTED FOR A GOLD WATCH.—Apply of H. W. EAGLES, 51st-st., third house west of 3d-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY TWO COMPETENT GIRLS WITH excellent City references, situations in the City or country; one as nurse and seamstress; makes herself useful, kind and obliging to her lady; will go in the country for the summer—wages $6 to $7 a month. The other as cook and to assist with the washing; makes pastry, soups and jelly; makes butter. The country preferred. Call at No. 214 East 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED woman as cook; also, by another as chambermaid and laundress; both are thoroughly competent and experienced in their several departments, and can give good references; call at No. 439 Greenwich st., near Vestry; can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT AND OBLIGING Protestant young Scotchman, a situation; he is a good vegetable gardener, and also a good coachman and groom, and understands the management of horses well; or would take charge of a farm, as he is a good farmer, or work it on shares; has the best of reference. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO PROTESTANT young Scotchwomen, (sisters,) to cook, wash and iron; country preferred; have good reference from their last place. Apply for 2 days, at No. 179 7th-av., third floor, front room, near 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A HIGHLY RESpectable young American woman, to travel as lady's maid, &c; is an excellent seamstress; can cut and fit; has no objections to any part of the world. Apply by letter or otherwise, at No. 431 3d-av., third floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as chambermaid, or to do general housework; is an excellent washer and ironer; would go a short distance in the country, as she understands milk and butter. Apply at WESLEY & CO.'S Female Institute, No. 360 6th av., near 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT AND OBLIGING American young woman a situation; is a first rate cook, understands in all their branches, meats, poultry, game, soups of all kinds; is also a good baker; would assist in washing. No objection to the country. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A VERY RESPECTable young woman; is a first-class cook, and a most excellent baker of bread and pastry; can make all kinds of jellies and desserts has best of references. Call at No. 463 Greenwich-st., near Canal.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE, BY A capable and experienced Scotch Protestant woman. No objection to go into the country for the Summer. Good City reference given. Apply for two days at No. 248 Monroe-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY THREE AMERICAN young women; one as chambermaid and waitress; one as nurse and seamstress; one to do general housework. Also by a professed cook; and a good cook, washer and ironer. Apply at No 7 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT widow, a situation, as nurse or seamstress to travel with a family to California or Europe; would take charge of an invalid; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 547 Pearl-st., for two days.

WANTED.—A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN wishes to travel to Europe with a lady, as nurse or lady's maid. Has good City reference. Call at No. 254 7th-av., between 26th and 27th sts., second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERICAN girl, a situation, as nurse and plain seamstress, or light chamberwork; no objection to the country; best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen till engaged at No. 340 7th-av., between 31st and 32d sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERICAN girl as chambermaid, and to assist with washing and ironing, or to take care of children; has no objection to going in the country. Inquire at No. 364 9th st., for three days

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE SCOTCH woman, a situation as nurse and seamstress. Is quite capable of taking charge of an infant from its birth. Best of City references. Apply, for two days, at No. 105 10th-av., between 17th and 18th sts.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN GIRL, A situation with some one that keeps a bakery so that she can have an opportunity of learning to tend store; or would be willing to take care of children in some pious family. Address ORPHAN, *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as nurse and seamstress, or light chamberwork and sewing Good City reference given. Apply No. 165 3d-av., corner 16th-st., in fancy store, for two days.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT GIRL wishes to travel with a family to Europe; would wait on a lady or take care of a child. Can be seen until engaged, at her present employer's, No. 53 10th-st., near 5th-av.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN wants a situation as nurse; will take the charge of an infant from its birth; has the best of City references. Call at No. 86 East 15th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., in the rear.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A LARGE NUMBER of superior servants, as cooks, laundresses, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses seamstresses and to do general housework. Also, by the best of colored servants. Apply at No. 7 11th st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as chambermaid and fine washer, or plain sewer; has the best of City references. Call at No. 72 East 26th-st.; can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE GIRL WANTS A situation to cook, wash and iron, in a small private family. The best of City reference given. Call at No. 169 East 32d-st., second floor, front room, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman to take care of children and do plain sewing; call at No. 120 West 32d-st., second floor, back room, for two days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL A SITUAtion as chambermaid, or to assist with the washing or waiting; has good City reference. Call at No. 678 Houston-st., Room No. 15, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT, as chambermaid and fine washing or sewing; the best of City references; call at No. 84 West 17th-st., third floor.

WANTED—THE WASHING OF A FEW GENTLEmen. Apply at No. 85 4th-st., one door from Perry. Inquire in the store.

AN EXPERIENCED ALTO—WHO READS music at sight desires a position in a QUARTETTE CHOIR, in New York, Brooklyn or Jersey City. Best references given. Address, for three days, ALTO, No. 246 Court-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED.—WESLEY & CO.'S SELECT FEMALE Institute No. 360 6th av., between 22d and 23d sts. Employers wanting respectable, experienced and well recommended servants can, without fail, get well suited this day with English, Scotch, Welch, German and others, as no efforts are spared to secure the best. Respectable patronage is further solicited.

SERVANTS.—MR. AND MRS. YORKSTONE, THE former a messenger and the latter a matron of the female department of the American and Foreign Emigrant Protective and Employment Society, having voluntarily resigned the service of the above Society, communications for the same should be addressed either to the General Agent B. VAN KEUREN, or to Mrs. MEYER, the present Matron of the female department. A choice assortment of servants including first class cooks, seamstresses, waiters, &c. Also, in the male department, gardeners, coachmen, farmers, waiters, &c., always on hand. Apply at their rooms, Nos. 13 and 14 Bible House, Astor-place, 8th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. A lady in attendance, and the American, German, French and Dutch languages spoken.

LADIES CAN BE SUITED WITH CLEAN, tidy servants, for every capacity, with the best of references, at Mrs. YORKSTONE'S Office, No. 28 4th-av.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 20 YEARS of age, of genteel appearance and address, with some knowledge of business, willing to make himself generally useful in the management of men and office service generally He must be able to be at his duties by 7 o'clock in the morning. Apply to BELLONI, FARRAR & CO., No. 73 Wooster-st.

WANTED—A FRENCH NURSE AND SEAMstress; also, American, English, Scotch, German and others, for some of the best families up town. Apply at WESLEY & CO.'S Select Female Institute, No. 360 6th-av., between 22d and 23d sts. Respectable, efficient and well recommended girls can obtain, this day, the highest wages in private families.

WANTED—BY A LADY BOARDING IN THE country, a good smart girl, to do her washing and ironing keep her rooms in order, look after the children, and must be a good plain sewer. Apply at the corner of Classon-av. and Quincey-st., Brooklyn, (north-east corner.)

TO DENTISTS.—WANTED, AN ASSISTANT Dentist, who is a thorough plate worker and good filer; wages from $40 to $60 per month. Address DENTIST, Chatham-square Post-Office, New-York, stating name, age, how long a dentist, and in what branch he excells.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A GERMAN, Scotch or English girl, to cook, wash and iron in a private family. None need apply except perfectly capable and strictly honest; must furnish reliable recommendations, at No. 81 South 8th st., Williamsburg.

WANTED—AN AMERICAN, ENGLISH, SCOTCH or German laborer, to work in a garden; none need apply who cannot bring unexceptionable references. Apply at No. 18 Washington-square.

WANTED—TO TELEGRAPH OPERATORS—A competent person to go to the Isthmus of Panama. Apply, with written recommendations, at the office of the Panama Railroad Company, No. 88 Wall st.

WANTED—PROTESTANT SERVANTS, IMMEDIately, for superior first-class situations, now ready at the Servants' Institute, No. 149 Grand-st. Early applications are desirable.

WANTED—A WELSH SERVANT, ONE WHO speaks English, to do general housework. Apply at No. 707 Houston-st.

PATENTS.

OFFICE FOR
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.
J. P. PIRSSON, NO. 5 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
A Pamphlet of full information sent free by mail.

OILS.

COBURN'S PURE LARD OIL—WARRANTED very superior for burning and machinery, at a reduced price. Barrels 30 to 40 gallons. Only agents, JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

NOTICE.—A GENTLEMAN OF RESPECTABLE address, who can speak and write the English, French, Italian and Arabic languages; he writes a good hand and is quick at figures, wishes to obtain a situation in some first-rate hotel. Salary moderate. Apply by letter addressed ALPHA, *Times* office.

P. S.—Any time may be appointed after 5 o'clock, P. M., for an interview.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A YOUNG MARried couple; one is a competent gardener, understands flowers, vines, pruning grafting and raising all vegetables of all kinds, and farming generally; the wife a competent cook, makes bread, cakes and pies, is a good laundress, understands managing milk and butter perfectly. Has the best of references. Call at No. 129 Waverley-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A respectable, young, unmarried man, just disengaged in the country He understands his business, and would make himself generally useful. Will be highly recommended by his last employer. Address P. C. H., Coachman, *Times* office.

WANTED—TO HOTEL PROPRIETORS—A SITUation by a young American, as clerk or book-keeper, has a thorough practical knowledge of the duties having been several years in city houses; active, of gentlemanly address, &c. a line to O. K. H., Box No. 3,463 Post Office, will be attended to.

WANTED—SMALL WHOLESALE MERCHANTS requiring an intelligent man capable of acting as book-keeper, salesman, correspondent, &c., as occasion may require may hear of such by addressing a line to C. E. S., *Times* Office.

WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN DESIRES A SITUAtion as draughtsman; would be willing to go either South or West; the best of references given with regard to character and ability. Address DRAUGHTSMAN, New-York *Times* office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A man of first-rate ability. Has lived almost 4 years in his last place. Can produce the very best of references. Address H. P. S., *Times* office.

WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN WISHES A SITUAtion as porter, in a store of any kind; has no objection to work, and wishes to make himself generally useful; can give the best character from several merchants in the City. Address O. B., *Times* office.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN, with good City reference a situation as coachman and groom Address a note to J. B. S., *Times* Office, for two days.

A BASS SINGER WISHES AN ENGAGEMENT in some Evangelical Church, for the year commencing May 1, for himself alone, or for a first-class quartette and organist of unquestionable ability, and long experience. Salaries a secondary consideration. Address PROFESSOR, Union square Post-office.

ORGANIST—A SITUATION DESIRED IN BROOKlyn or New York by a competent organist of long experience in the Episcopal Church service Salary not so much an object as a good organ. Address J. B. *Times* Office.

ORGANIST.—A SUPERIOR ORGANIST DESIRES a situation in some church in or near the City. Reference. GEO. W. MORGAN, organist at Grace Church. Apply at Gordon's Music store, No. 297 Broadway.

GARDENERS AND FARMERS.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY A married Scotchman of practical experience in laying out grounds, ornamental planting remodeling and improving country seats, the treatment of greenhouses graperies, and the cultivation of fruit flowers vegetables &c. Will be found faithful agreeable, willing and competent in discharge of his duties and can produce reference unquestionable as to character and ability. Address EDWARD, *Times* Office, or McIlvain & Young's seed store, No. 9 John st.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION, BY A single man of long experience in this City and vicinity; understands the laying out of pleasure grounds, &c; likewise farming and the raising and breeding of cattle; would like to have his sister employed as laundress or chambermaid in same place, or to do general housework. References will be given by Mr Chambers, American Institute, or S D Rockwell, of Yonkers, Westchester Co., N. Y. Address J. M., *Times* office, until Saturday.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY a man of several years' practice in this country. who thoroughly understands his business in all its departments, and is well qualified to take charge of green-houses, graperies, fruit, vegetables and their general treatment; also, the laying out and planning of new places. Has good recommendation from his last place. Address D. W. M., at this office, or at No. 9 John-street.

WANTED—A MAN TO TAKE CHARGE OF A small place in a village in Connecticut. Must understand thoroughly gardening in all its branches, the care of horses, carriages, poultry, &c. The best of references required. No objection to being married. Situation permanent. Address box No. 99 Post-Office, for one week.

WANTED.—A MARKET GARDENER AND A first class farmer wants a situation; is well acquainted with the Washington Market; also, can take charge of a private place. Can give the best of City references. None need apply but those whom this suits. Address E. C. D., *Times* office, for two days.

WANTED—SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY A Scotchman, over 20 years in the United States, with a wife, (no children,) acquainted with dairy; the man experienced in all parts of horticulture. Good references given. Address J. M., at *Times* office, or at New-Haven, Conn.

TEACHERS.

WANTED—IN A SELECT FEMALE SEMINARY in the State of New York, a lady teacher of oil-painting and drawing: one who can teach French, or has some knowledge of music, preferred; salary moderate, but a comfortable home offered. Inquire at C. BREUSING'S, No 701 Broadway, between 12 and 1 o'clock, on Monday and Tuesday.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN, GRADUATED Bachelor of Arts at the University of Paris, wishes to exchange his services as teacher of the French and Latin languages, mathematics and general instruction in a school or private family, for his board and a small salary, if possible. Inquire of E. D., No. 38 Amity st., New-York.

VISITING OR RESIDENT GOVERNESS.—A young lady, who is experienced in teaching music, French, Italian and the usual English branches, and who has taught in some of the best families in New-York, wishes an engagement in the City. Address G. S., No. 256 Degraw st., Brooklyn.

A YOUNG PARISIAN LADY IS DESIROUS of engaging with a private family, where instruction in French and music would be received for board. She is also willing to give lessons at a boarding-school or at private residences, Apply at No. 124 Lexington-av., from 3 to 5 P. M.

A LADY FULLY COMPETENT TO INstruct in English, French and Music, would wish to obtain board in a respectable private family either in or near the City, where her instruction in those branches would be received as compensation. Address A. A., Broadway Post Office.

INSTRUCTION.—A LADY, WHO IS AN EXPERIenced teacher, fully competent to instruct in English, French and Music, desires an engagement as resident governess. Would be willing to accompany a family to Europe. Unexceptionable City reference will be given. Address A. B., Madison-square Post Office.

A LADY, EXPERIENCED IN TEACHING the English branches, with French and Music, wishes to obtain a situation as governess, in a school or family. Best references given. Address A. C., Union-square Post-Office, for three days.

A LADY THOROUGHLY QUALIFIED to give instruction in English, French, Music and Drawing, desires a situation as governess in a private family. Address G. F. W., *Times* Office.

TEACHING.—A TEACHER OF THE HIGHER English branches, drawing and the elements of French, desires a situation to teach either in a school or family. Address, for two days, E. M., this office.

TEACHER.—AN ENGAGEMENT WANTED TO teach the English branches, with rudiments of French and music, embroidering, &c., either in a school or family. Address LYDDIA, Union-square Post-Office.

MILLINERY.

FRENCH MILLINERY.
PARIS BONNETS, FRENCH FLOWERS,
in unprecedented variety.
CHOICE RIBBONS,
HEAD DRESSES and COIFFURES,
And LADIES' and CHILDREN'S
STRAW GOODS.
Our stock in the above departments is superb, and ladies will find a considerable difference from the prices ordinarily charged for such goods.
Our Millinery Department is under the charge of Madame De Vos. CHARLES STREET & CO.,
No. 475 Broadway.

STRAW GOODS.
FRENCH FLOWERS,
BLOND LACES, EDGINGS, &c., &c.
FOR CASH.
at No. 318 Broadway.
corner of Pearl-st.
HORACE E KETCHUM & CO.

RIBBONS, FRENCH FLOWERS AND STRAW GOODS.—The undersigned, having relinquished the manufacturing of bonnets and millinery, and having refitted his store, is now prepared to offer to the ladies of New-York and vicinity a select stock of the above goods, together with untrimmed straws, straw and Leghorn flats, Shaker hoods straw laces, crapes, silks, ruches, &c., &c., at reasonable prices.
LEWIS P. TIBBALS,
No. 154 Bowery, 3d door above Broome st.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES
No. 806 Broadway, New-York,
No. 137 Montague-place, Brooklyn.
Classes will be continued until June 1. Pupils received at any time.

COAL.

COAL.—PRICE REDUCED.—THE SUBSCRIBER has reduced the price of his Peach Orchard, Lehigh (genuine) and Broad Mountain Coals, the qualities of which are second to none in the market. Also for sale, Liverpool Orrel and Cannel. HENRY REEVE, corner of Canal and Centre and Jane and West sts.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1858.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The DAILY TIMES is published every morning:—price Two Cents; served at 12½ cents a week; mailed, Six Dollars a year.

The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES—Three Dollars a year; two copies, to one address, for Five Dollars.

The WEEKLY TIMES—Two Dollars a year; ten copies, to one address, for Twelve Dollars; twenty copies, to one address, for Twenty Dollars. *Any person sending us a Club of twenty or more, will be entitled to an extra copy.*

Terms—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to the "New-York Times, New-York City."

Amusements This Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, Fourteenth-street—Italian Opera—Leonora.

WALLACK'S THEATRE, Broadway and Broome—Jessie Brown—The Blue Bell.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—The Ravels—The Soldier for Love—Bianco.

BURTON'S THEATRE, Broadway, opposite Bond-st.—The Mormons—Wanted, a Happy Family.

BROADWAY THEATRE, Broadway—Cinderella—Grand Acts in the Arena.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—The Poor Strollers—The Elves.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE, Chatham-street—Jessie Brown—Damon and Pythias.

BOWERY THEATRE, Bowery—Three Fast Men—Female Minstrels—Mary, Queen of Scots.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Afternoon and Evening—Bride of an Evening.

CHRISTY & WOOD—Ethiopian Minstrelsy—Sleigh Ride.

NYE'S GALLERY OF PAINTINGS, Art Union Rooms, No. 497 Broadway.

Mails Close at Post-Office.

North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas	3½ P. M.
North and West Way Mail	5½ A. M
Western Mail *via* Erie Railroad	5½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.
South Mail through Western Ohio	7 A. M. and 4½ P. M.
East for Boston, &c.	5½ A. M. and 2 P. M.

Ocean Steamers.

The Arabia leaves New-York for Liverpool, March 31
The Moses Taylor leaves N. Y. for Aspinwall, April 5
The Niagara leaves Boston for Liverpool, April 7

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The United States Mail steamship *Fulton* arrived at this port yesterday morning. She left Southampton on the 11th, and brings London papers of that day. Her advices have been anticipated by the *Niagara* at Halifax; but from our files of papers, which are five days later than any yet received, we obtain some further intelligence of interest. The main feature in the news is the appearance in Paris of an important State paper on "the Emperor Napoleon and England," in which the refugee question and the late attempted assassination are fully discussed. This document is considered an appeal alike to the English and French people. It is said to be the work of a member of the Council of State, who, in turn, has derived his inspiration from "the very highest source." The paper is extremely moderate in tone. While it gives expression to the desire of France to see the laws in England more stringent against those who conspire to assassinate foreign potentates, it at the same time avers, with marked emphasis, that the Emperor regards the right of asylum as sacred, and has no thought of disturbing it. We make large extracts from this interesting paper on another page of this morning's impression. An article which we also publish, from the London *Times*, on the programme to be followed out in the next attempt to lay the Atlantic telegraphic cable, will attract attention.

The U. S. Senate were not in session on Saturday. The notorious Matteson corruption case was finally disposed of in the House of Representatives on Saturday, by adopting the resolutions of the Special Committee that it is inexpedient to take further action in regard to Matteson's expulsion. This decision of the House was founded not upon Mr. M.'s innocence, but upon the fact that his crime was committed in a previous Congress. Mr. Craige, of North Carolina, pronounced Mr. M.'s character infamous by universal consent, and no one repelled the charge; but the resolution passed, Yeas, 96; Nays, 69 Two bills of considerable importance were reported from the Committee of Ways and Means, by Mr. J. Glancy Jones, the first, respecting the expenses of collecting the revenue,—and the second modifying the act of last year in regard to the safe keeping, transfer and disbursement of the public money. The Senate bill making three more land districts in California, was passed. Then the Kansas bill came up. A statement which had been made by Mr. Smith, of Virginia, to the effect that Mr. Richardson's successor in Congress had informed him that Senator Douglas opposed Lecompton as the only means of securing his reëlection, and that a conference of Illinois Democratic members had been held to carry out this object, was distinctly contradicted by Messrs. Shaw, Smith and Morris of Illinois. Mr. Smith of Virginia, reaffirmed his statement and named Mr. Morris of Illinois, as the member who told him of the conference in which Mr. Douglas' course was decided upon. Mr. Morris explained. Mr. Burnett, of Kentucky, corroborated Mr. Smith, of Virginia. Mr. Marshall, of Illinois, repeated, by authority, that no such conference had been held. Mr. Lane, Delegate from Oregon, urged the admission of that Territory as a State. Having performed this duty he branched off upon a Lecompton speech. Mr. Hall, of Massachusetts, spoke against Lecompton, and in defence of the Pilgrim Fathers. The House then adjourned.

There was a caucus of the Democratic members of Congress on Saturday night, called for the purpose of attempting to devise some method by which the antagonistic elements of the Democratic Party—Lecompton and Anti-Lecompton—can be reconciled. It was resolved to appoint a Committee of Twenty, ten of each division, to confer together and agree upon some course of action, the Committee to report on Tuesday evening. It is understood that this movement is merely the cover under which certain shaky Anti-Lecompton Democrats will be enabled to transfer their allegiance to the Administration, and by which the success of the Lecompton swindle will be insured.

The Legislature on Saturday moved forward quite an amount of business The short period yet remaining of the session renders it necessary, in order to get through with the details of legislation on the matters already before it, to devote every moment of the time to actual labor. We notice in this connection that the Assembly on Saturday passed a resolution closing the entire rear of the Chamber, excepting to ladies and gentlemen with ladies, in order to exclude the lobby.

By the arrival of the *Empire City* at this port, yesterday, we receive advices from Havana to the 23d inst. The *Empire City* reports having spoken the British steam gun-boat *Jasper*, with ship *Amelia* in company, which she had captured on the coast of Cuba as an outward-bound slaver. There is no news of special interest from Havana. Chinese immigration was greatly on the increase, and the slave-trade is said to be as flourishing as ever. Business at Havana was dull.

Mary O'Brien and John Finn were arrested on Saturday night by the Detective Police, at the corner of Grand and Clinton streets, on a charge of counterfeiting. In their possession were found a large number of spurious $20 bills altered from two's on the Market Bank of Troy. Several of these counterfeits were put in circulation the past week. So excellent is the imitation that brokers, even, were deceived by them. Mary O'Brien is the sister of the notorious Honora, arrested a few weeks since for counterfeiting. Finn, too, is connected with the Lane gang who escaped from the Brooklyn officers the other day. The place where the parties were arrested is known as the rendezvous of a man named Oakley Beamer, who has suffered imprisonment for uttering counterfeit money.

The Police made a descent, Saturday night, upon a dance-house at No. 302 West Seventeenth-street, and took in custody 56 persons, boys and girls, from 14 to 20 years, whom they found carousing there. Other places of similar character were also visited, and about 80 arrests made.

In the case (before Commissioner Bridgham) of Capt. Green, of the ship *A. Z.*, charged with manslaughter, the bail was on Saturday reduced from $5,000 to $1,500, by consent of the United States District-Attorney.

There were 476 deaths in the City last week—12 more than during the week preceding. Of these 20 were caused by small-pox, and 15 by violent causes.

The General Markets, on Saturday, closed heavily and languidly for Breadstuffs. 1,500 bales Cotton found buyers, including Middling Upland at 11⅞c.@11¼c. Coffee, Rice and Sugars were somewhat less active, but otherwise unaltered. A limited business was transacted in Provisions at essentially unaltered rates. Freights were quiet, with 677 vessels of all classes in port.

The Hope of the Union.

Those of us who have been in the habit of regarding the American Union as a tolerably substantial reality, founded upon the good sense, the justice, the patriotism, and the common interest of the States which compose it, have something yet to learn. And Mr. Stephens, of Georgia, assisted by Mr. English, of Illinois, has kindly undertaken to enlighten our ignorance. These distinguished persons, both members of the present House of Representatives, assisted on Saturday night last at a caucus in Washington of the Democratic Party, under the presiding genius of the Hon. John Cochrane of this City. Then and there the prospects of the Lecompton bill were discussed, with all the earnestness which the love of place and the fear of its loss could inspire, and Mr. Stephens laid down the broad platform of the coming week's operations upon the principle that the "only hope of the Union rests in the harmony of the Democratic Party." To this principle all the liberal statesmen present immediately gave in their adherence, and although the representatives of the "Administration wing" of this sole salvation of the Union, would have preferred an immediate adhesion of all the company to the Lecompton policy of the Government as embodied in the bill just sent down from the Senate, they nevertheless conceded so much to the remonstrances of some of their friends who could not make up their minds to "go the unadulterated swindle," as to consent to the appointment of a Committee, charged, we suppose, with the honorable duty of so "adulterating the swindle" as to make it tolerable by Northern palates. This Committee, made up of twelve Lecompton and of twelve Anti-Lecompton Democrats, is to report the result of its labors on Tuesday night, at which time the said swindle properly adulterated, is to be brought before the House, and the Union is to be saved if the Democratic Party can be so far harmonized as to partake in chorus of the medicated draught. Upon this desperate attempt at organizing a new scheme of corruption to support the failing forces of the Lecomptonite array, we have no comments to make. The nature of the transaction is its own conspicuous and decisive criticism. Every man whose sensibilities and perceptions have not been utterly blunted by familiarity with the vulgar intrigues of partisan politics will judge the proceeding as it deserves to be judged.

It is simply the latest, we should be glad, indeed, to be able to believe it the last, of a series of conspiracies, great and small, against the rights of the citizen and against the legislative integrity of the United States. But it is time that the phraseology which men like Mr. Stephen's, of Georgia, have long been accustomed to use in discussing such questions as this which is now agitating the country, should be sharply examined, and that they should be held to account for it in some definite and positive way. If the "only hope of this Union," indeed, resides in the harmony and triumph of one or another political party, it is time that we should begin to consider where we are and whither we are drifting. We have been accustomed to think that the bonds of the confederacy were woven out of no partisan ideas, and out of no such ephemeral notions as flourish and fade with the rise and fall of factions. Mr. Stephens thinks otherwise; Mr. Toombs thinks otherwise; and they and their friends have been repeating and rerepeating, *usque ad nauseam*, that the Union exists only on the sufferance, and by the favor of that particular section of the country to which they belong, till it has come to be a positive duty for national statesmen, if any such there be still left to us, to demand an explanation of this language. If Mr. Stephens means anything at all, he means that dissension in the Democratic Party, bringing on the defeat of the Lecompton bill, will be followed by the dissolution of the Union. This is not, by any means, the first time that we have been threatened with the dissolution of the Union, as the penalty of one or another political step, but it is the first time that the menace has been openly uttered as an argument proper to be addressed to members of a Congress in Session, proper to be listened to by them, and to be made the avowed basis of Legislative action. Are we, then, to understand that Mr. Stephens and his friends have organized their plans for the contingency of the defeat of Lecompton, and that the echo of a victorious Northern, or let us rather say a victorious National vote on this question will come to us in the reverberations of the "Southern Cannon?" Throughout this Session we have heard a succession of ominous whispers to this effect. Is Mr. Stephens speaking by authority of his colleagues in secret conclave assembled? If the Southern leaders of the Lecompton movement were Southern men of the ancient calibre, we might believe this to be so. For one thing is certain—that if the Southern men who have led this sectional army for the last few years do *not* organize some bold and open scheme of secession upon the defeat of their policy, and strive to give effect to their thrice-three-thousand-times reëchoed threats they will sink quite out of sight in the world of American politics, will lose whatever of *prestige* and influence they now possess, and will become as contemptible and powerless as they are now vexatious and demonstrative. But the places of the Randolphs and the Calhouns are filled to-day by smaller men—by men whose words are neither deeds nor the pledge of deeds. By all the laws of logic and by all the exigencies of politics, these lesser Catilines are held to the convulsion of the Republic. But when the emergency is fairly upon them, they will shrink from facing it, and they will adjourn to another day and to another set of men all the consequences and the responsibilities of their own reckless course. If they shall fail, as we both trust and believe they will, in "harmonizing" the Democratic Party to the adoption of their "adulterated swindle"—if the Lecompton bill shall be rejected by the House,—and the South shall be left to the disgraceful failure of its more disgraceful attempt to establish an abstract theory on the ruins of most positive rights—we shall look for the *pronunciamento* of these Southern prophets, but we shall not see it; we shall listen for the roar of their cannon, but we shall not hear it. For, bad as things are with us, they have not yet, we think, reached the pass at which Mr. Stephens, of Georgia, and Mr. English, of Indiana, can dispose, in a cozy Washington caucus, of the "only hope of the Union" as comfortably as the three tailors of Tooley-street disposed of the destinies of England and of Europe.

The State Canal Policy—Immediate Action Wanted.

We trust the Legislature will lose no time in passing a bill for *borrowing money* to complete the State Canals,—and for submitting it to the vote of the people. Such a bill must also provide for a tax sufficient to pay the interest annually, and the principal within eighteen years. It should be passed at once and submitted to the people at the November election. Not less than four millions of dollars, and probably five, will be required.

We are a little surprised to find the *Tribune* opposing this eminently just proposition. It insists now that we shall have no more State debt;—yet it is but a short time since it advocated reforming the Constitution in order to obtain power to increase the State debt, without providing for its repayment within the eighteen years required by the Constitution as it stands. It now advocates tolling the Railroads and taxing the people to make up the balance. Nothing in our judgment could be more unjust, unequal, injurious to commerce and oppressive to the people than such a scheme.

We have reached a point in the history of our Public Works at which the people should be consulted. Nearly thirty millions of dollars have already been expended in the endeavor to give the State the monopoly of transportation; but the work is not yet complete. It is found that Railroads are formidable rivals—that the State Canals cannot, or do not, sustain their competition and retain control of the transportation business. Four or five millions more are needed to carry the works to the point desired, and then, it is confidently predicted by those most competent to judge, the State may defy competition both within and without her borders. It is for the People to say whether they will authorize this additional outlay or not. If the Constitution permitted, perhaps the Legislature might take the responsibility of deciding the point. If it had power to borrow the money needed, there is very little doubt that it would be exercised, But it has not. If the loan is to be made, the People alone can make it; and it is eminently just and proper that they should have the opportunity of deciding the question for themselves.

The *Tribune* is opposed to increasing the State debt. It can manifest that opposition, then, by opposing the proposition to make the loan and inducing the people to vote it down. It is quite possible that in such an attempt it would be successful. But it should give them the opportunity to express their will in regard to it. The delay which this will involve cannot be great: indeed there is no other way in which money can be raised more speedily. If a tax were now imposed it could not be collected until another year, while if the loan is approved by the people in November, the money can be raised the very next month.

We do not see what valid objection can be urged against the policy of the Democratic Party upon this subject. Indeed it ought not to be made a party question, nor should party considerations have anything to do with the action of the Legislature upon it. It is eminently feasible,—consistent with republican principles, and in strict conformity with the letter of the Constitution. If the people are in favor of finishing the State Canals, they will give their approbation to the loan proposed. It is more just and less onerous than any other plan, and will undoubtedly be approved in preference to any other. The tax policy was tried last year, and overthrew the party that tried it. The tolling project meets more favor, and might perhaps be adopted, if it promised returns enough to accomplish the object. But it would be a mere drop in the bucket, of the aggregate sum required.

If the People sustain the Canals they will borrow the money needed to complete them. If they refuse this, then *the Canals should be sold.* Such a popular vote would be a decisive indication that the People no longer desire that the State should carry on the transportation business, but turn it over to private hands, as Pennsylvania and Illinois have already done. Let the Central Railroad men purchase or lease the Erie Canal,—finish its enlargement and put steam-propellers upon it to do all their heavy freighting, and they could make it splendidly profitable, besides saving a million a year in the wear and tear of their Railroad and the damage to their rolling stock. It is quite time that the question was tested.

The Hundred Days.

One of the evils attendant upon limiting the session of the State Legislature, is the scramble of the last two days. The public interests suffer far more through the indecent hurry with which bills are passed or rejected in the closing hours, than by the protracted sittings of a former period in our history. Indeed, the limitation referred to, is one of the worst provisions contained in the Constitution of 1846, which is certainly saying enough against it. The idea of saving money by decreeing that the gentlemen who serve in the Senate and Assembly at the rate of *three dollars a day*, should be paid for one hundred days only, was unworthy of the Empire State. It was worse than parsimony; it was meanness, and has brought its own punishment.

Only sixteen secular days of the present session remain. How much of its work has been accomplished? What leading measures have been passed, or even matured?

As the 15th of April approaches we shall witness the rush of business usual at such times, only that in this case it will be intensified by the loss of previous weeks spent in electing a Speaker of Assembly. Important bills will be hurried through without proper examination, and other important measures lost for want of time, after costing the labor of half the Winter in Committees. There will be night sessions, in which members will be weary, sleepy and out of temper. Possibly a fight or two may enliven the scene. Some long-winded gentleman will talk against time. The Speaker will keep his eye on the Clerk. At length the final moment cannot be longer deferred, even by the ingenious gentleman who has twice moved back the hands of the chronometer. The hammer falls in the midst of the busiest hour the Session has witnessed, and "School is dismissed." Trunks which have been packed for days, are traveled off to the cars, and the assembled wisdom no longer receive their *per diem*, which, by the way, by no means defrays their daily expenses.

Is not this a *finalé* worthy of a great State?

A Rebel Representative.

One Smith, of Virginia, (not Capt. John,) is a conspicuous whipper-in of the recalcitrant Democracy at Washington. On Friday last he found it necessary to crack his last scourge over Mr. Davis of Indiana, who dared to rise in his place and declare that, although he was a Democratic member of Congress, he had yet a right to his own opinion on matters of public policy. "When the President," said Mr. Davis, "changed his front in regard to the Kansas question, I changed my position in regard to supporting him." "Exactly," cried Smith, "*that is the language of rebellion.*" To which just admonition Mr. Davis, having, no doubt, been corrupted in early youth by too much familiarity with the story of the American Revolution, and with the principles of English liberty and Parliamentary independence, audaciously answered that his language "was the language of a freeman." Smith, of course, had nothing to advance in reply. A man who avows himself a freeman, clearly does not belong to the company of Smith. He is organizing puppets for the support of a Presidential policy, not statesmen for the settlement of a great national question, and in his ranks "rebels" have no place.

RELIGIOUS.

The Great Awakening.

Perhaps it was partly in consequence of the advertisement that the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher was expected to deliver an address, that the effort to gain admission into Burton's old Theatre on Saturday was most unprecedented.

The usual hour for the devotional exercises being from 12 to 1, long before 11 the building was filled, and at 11½ the reporters obtained an entrance through the stage door with the utmost difficulty.

Mr. Beecher was punctual, and he presided. The stage was crowded with ministers and well known laymen. The exercises proceeded for the first half hour much in the ordinary way, only that the addresses were more numerous, more eager, briefer and very energetic. The reverend gentleman observed that it was much to the credit of this City and of a people living under a Government like ours, where men are trained to govern themselves, that at the high noon of every-day occupation we should have 100 daily prayer-meetings in this locality, all of them so remarkable for the decorous and devout way in which they were conducted. If it should so happen that now and then some one whose feelings were stronger than his judgment should overstep the bounds of propriety, nay if a person of decidedly weak intellect, or even a fanatic, should rise amongst them, he implored them not to say, "there goes off another rocket," but to take it quietly, not to imagine that such explosion has spoilt the meeting, but to let it to go, and take hold of what is better.

A hymn was sung, and the Rev. Dr. Maclay led in prayer; after which Professor Howard Crosby made a few remarks.

A stranger from Western Missouri then spoke of the distinctly-marked religious revival progressing in that State, and also at Boston.

Mr. Beecher read to the meeting some of the many requests for prayer. One was expressive of former hopes. He would say that if a man had an old coat that did not keep him warm, let him not hug it about him, but get a new suit. Former hopes, or even the recollection of them, were worth very little; but the love of a present Saviour was worth very much. Throw, said he, old hopes away, and come for newer and better, recollecting that the Israelites were allowed to gather manna only for one day's consumption.

The Rev. Mr. Nott, of this City, then prayed fervently for a few minutes; after which a hymn was sung, and next an elderly lady sitting in the front of the upper gallery rose to address the audience.

She was evidently a person of education and of strong religious and maternal feeling, and spoke calmly and very connectedly for several minutes, urging the young to seek Christ. She had to rejoice, she said, over the conversion of her son who had been the subject of many prayers, and if it were possible for the rising generation to estimate or even faintly appreciate the anxieties of a *mother's heart*, she thought it would form an appeal, if they had any natural affection left, that it would be impossible for them to resist.

The Rev. Mr. Beecher then commenced his expected address. He had not come there to deliver a sermon or a speech, but to converse with the multitude before him as if he had each individual singly with him in some quiet room. It was strange that in this Christian country it should seem necessary to go over the same ground as with heathens. Had they not sermons every day in the form of praying parents, the solicitude of converted wives and husbands, and what better sermons could they have? Every man in that crowd was in a position to become a true Christian *that very day*. It had been imagined each individual must pass first through a few days of *seriousness*, then, he must be very *anxious*, and having passed that Hell-gate, perhaps he might in due time lay hold on the Christian hope. Shame on such perversions of truth. The work might be done in a moment. Men were apt to think the instrumentality of some eminent minister very necessary, and that if such process had been overlooked, the soul was not truly born again. Now, the truth was that no official interposition was necessary. The whole transaction was just an affair of a very private character between a man's own heart and Christ, and the surrender might be very completely made at any hour. It lay with any man to go home and for the first time in this spirit to ask God's blessing upon his next meal, or to kneel and pray for and with his wife and children this night for the first time. Christianity was not the guarantee of saintship; it was the truest exercise of *love*, directed upwards and collaterally. Was that a *voluntary* state? Could a man wish himself into it? Could a man stand on the City Hall steps, and wish himself inside the building? His position there would be an act of volition, and every subsequent step he took equally an act of volition; his present state and his future volitions were parts of the same process. Religion, said Mr. Beecher, is conscience and awe, but a Christian and a merely religious man are very distinct characters. A Christian worships, so does the religious man, but the impelling feeling in the Christian is *love*. He did not desire to see men literally God's servants, God's bondmen. Men ought not to dread God, but to love him as their Saviour; "we," said the Apostle, "love Him because He first loved us." A man knew whether he loved his wife, and whether it was otherwise than natural for him not to love her. He not only desired to love her, but he chose to love her. Many men desired, but did not choose. The vagabond in the Tombs desired to be honest, but he chose roguery because he liked it better. So of the drunkard. Men may desire to be rich who are too lazy to choose work as the means of riches. We *choose* only those things we will give something for, however we may delude ourselves with idle desires for them. Now what would those present *give up* for the hope of heaven? Would they deny themselves everything that stood in the way of the certainty of that hope? Did they desire Christ more than pleasure, more than ambition, more than sensual indulgence, more than all the world besides? If so, he knew of no reason why they should not *take him at once*. For the promise was to the thirsty, to the weary, to the hungry, to the poor, to the sick, to the spiritually helpless, to the lost,—and to them only. If they knew not the existence of their disease, it was not to be expected they would be particularly solicitous in applying to the great physician; and so surely as they did, the knowledge of the fact stood in immediate relation to his willingness to heal them. Men could exercise their plenary power of choice in the selection and pursuit of their ordinary avocations, and the same power of volition was equally applicable in their obedience to the divine invitation and call. Let each say for himself, "I do determine this day, God being my witness, and here in his presence, to love Him with all my heart and my neighbor as myself." Let each man consider the breadth, the comprehensiveness of these two pledges. Was there a man present who could or would deliberately take that step?

Mr. Beecher paused a moment, then proceeded.

You say, the sense of love does not come up. How was a man to acquire the sense of power? Undoubtedly it was not of self, but from Christ. If a mariner were directed to steer by the north star, how could he know that he was adopting an infallible course of safety if he pertinaciously and sullenly refused to look at the star? He must hold up his head and *look*. Now the Bible says look, look, look, behold the Lamb of God—he lives and reigns for no other end than to give effectual help to the helpless. Is it repentance you need? He is exalted to be a Prince and a Saviour to *give* the repentance that stands related to pardon. "It is" said the reverend speaker, "the *contact* of Christ's warm heart and mine that must give me peace." But the great trouble is, some of you do not wish to be Christians. There was a man who advertised, as you know, during the Winter that he had a dinner provided every day for all the poor and hungry in New-York who would come, and hundreds availed themselves of the opportunity. Many a poor hungry wretch scrambled up quick, oh! the clatter of knives and forks! what music is that to the hungry! what a sweet scent is that of the steaming viands, oh! the smoking dishes. No false shame keeps *him* away. He can hardly believe his eyes. He does not *talk* much, he is too busy eating. [Laughter.] A dinner is with him not a matter of speculation as to where it came from or how provided. He knows he is welcome. That is enough for him. He is thankful. He eats and lives. It is quite a practical affair. But there is another man quite as hungry, but, unfortunately, he is one of the respectable. He once gave dinner parties, but has come down in the world. For the life of him, hungry as he is, he cannot sit down with the ragged lot that crowd those tables. He peeps round as he passes the door, somebody sees him. No, he must not allow himself to enter. [Laughter.] At last, hunger and necessity force him in. The sense of misery, or, if you will, of spiritual hunger, forces him in. Do you think he will ask the baker to go with him into some disquisition as to the process of fermentation in making bread, like those who will settle in their own minds the question of the introduction of moral evil and God's decrees and purposes before they can condescend to lay hold of Christ as the all-sufficient remedy for the moral evil that infests them? No, no, he *devours the bread*. He asks no such interminable, useless questions. I should like to know whether there are any such fools here—men that are dying for the bread that will never waste—that cures hunger forever. Oh! if only there were but this hunger! Why should men wait, idly hoping for explanations of their doubts? He felt really ashamed of the confidence that, as a minister and spiritual guide, was reposed in him. People came to him with their troubles. He did his best to point them to the Great Physician, but they generally said, "Won't you allow me to see you again to-morrow?" And when they were gone he could not help saying, "Poor, dear things, if they would only just go *straight to Christ*, and tell him as confidentially only half of what they have confessed to me, how much more good would it do them?" Why, when Christ was on earth, the most notorious vagabonds were those who formed his special associates—he made them feel that he loved them, pitied them Mary Magdalen, once a common prostitute, first at his grave, first at his resurrection. Very great offence it gave to the courtly, decent, moral Pharisees, who openly accused him of being the Friend of Sinners. For himself, if there were one poor wretch for whom no man cared, no man prayed, he became with him an object of sympathy. He felt that, in the indulgence of that feeling, he was best imitating his Divine Master. And to such he would say, "Do not doubt the love of Christ—he loves you ten thousand times better than I do."

Mr. Beecher then adverted to another request for prayer, which he would read. It ran as follows:

"A woman, a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, who through much suffering has just succeeded in escaping from Southern Slavery, desires to offer her thanks to God for his goodness in bringing her safely to this City, and to ask the prayers of Christians that she may escape the toils of the man-hunters, and be guided safely to the land of freedom."

her
ISABELLA X WHITE.
mark.

Attested by Oliver Johnson, No. 138 Nassau-st.

Now, was there present a bond-slave of sin, as much a slave as she had been who would not from that hour strike for liberty?

It were far easier to reform altogether than partially—to wash the whole hand than to wash away only one dirty spot Was drink taking them down? Reform it altogether. Begin at the root—be Christians. Let them take Christ's yoke upon them. It was not a hard servitude, and thousands felt, but would not own it, that no Slavery was so galling as the fetters that bound them to their own corruptions, to the sin which failed to excite joy under their hollow merriment, and which they well knew must end in torment at that hour which, whether at death or in the day of final account, would place them face to face with the Eternal—with Him who now sought them in love, but whose justice would at that day make itself felt and owned by themselves in their utter and hopeless condemnation.

Mr. Beecher's address occupied more than half an hour.

SUNDAY PRAYER-MEETING AT BURTON'S.

Yesterday, at 12 o'clock, another meeting was held at the Chambers-street Theatre. It was not of course so large as that held there on Saturday. Those who attended it were mostly persons who were not in the habit of attending church on Sunday, and for these especially, the leader announced, it had been called. There were enough persons in the whole house probably to have filled the first tier had they all been gathered there. An old gentleman arose in the parquette, not long after the meeting was opened, and related the history of his early life and conversion. He had been a sailor, and it was not until after many nautical trials and hardships, he said, that he came to Christ. He exhorted all who heard him to lose no time in seeking salvation. As soon as the old gentleman sat down a middle-aged man arose in the first tier and said he too had been a sailor; he had been dissipated and reckless, like most of the seafaring men. Yet, often when sailing upon the ocean, with nothing but their boards between him and eternity, he had considered the errors of his life, but could not bring himself to change his course. At length he was shipwrecked, and while drifting at the mercy of the waves, he had resolved to become a better man. But when he came ashore his good resolutions were broken, and he entered into the same vices as before. About two years ago he had been converted, and since then he had labored to bring other sailors into the fold. His brother who sat beside him, a sea-captain, had just been converted, and would, in a few days, sail from this port, a Christian Captain. His sister, too, had been converted, but he had two brothers, who were still without the ark of safety. He asked the prayers of the congregation for them. They were remembered in the prayers which followed. A Scotch gentleman, toward the close of the exercises, related that in going out of the Theatre on the previous Sabbath he heard one young man who was near him say to his companion—"Come, let us shake the dust off our feet, and go to Delmonico's and take a drink." He hoped these young men would be prayed for. An old gentleman, who soon after stood up, offered prayer on their behalf, and for all those who sold intoxicating drinks. When the exercises were concluded the leader announced that the usual noon-day meeting would be held to-day.

According to the *Christian Advocate and Journal*, within the bounds of the New-Jersey Conferences, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, 3,687 have lately been received on probation. Since the extra meetings commenced in this City, 225 persons have been converted in the Allen-street Church, among whom an unusually large number are heads of families.

A very interesting "Boys' Prayer-Meeting" was held at Dr. Cheever's Church, lecture-room, Saturday afternoon. Dr. Cheever, Mr. Lucius Hart, Wm. E. Dodge, Esq., the Rev. Mr. Hatfield, and several lads took part in the exercises, which were deeply affecting. Next Saturday afternoon a similar meeting will be held.

The Holy Week.

This is "Holy Week"—the last week of Lent. Yesterday being Palm Sunday, was observed with much solemnity in the Catholic churches of this City. The benediction and distribution of palm branches is designed by the Church as a memento of the triumphal entry of the Saviour into Jerusalem; on which occasion the sacred historians record, the multitude bore palm branches before Him;—the palm branch having been from the earliest ages a symbol of triumph.

In the Catholic countries of Europe, and at Rome in particular, the ceremonies of the Holy Week, which commences on this day, are of great magnificence, representing in a manner which may almost be termed dramatic the events which immediately preceded the Crucifixion. Thus, during the whole of Lent, the penitential season, the altars are covered with purple, the vestments of the priests being of the same color: the organ is hushed, and the various services are gloomy and solemn in spirit. But during the last week, with the exception of Palm Sunday, on which day a gleam of brightness is allowed for a moment to illumine the services, the saddened solemnity increases, and even the pictures, images and crucifixes are covered with veils.

The most interesting portion of the services, however, do not commence until Holy Thursday, on which day the Pope, the Emperor of Austria and other Catholic sovereigns wash the feet of twelve poor men, in imitation of the washing the feet of the disciples. At Rome and at Venice this is a ceremony of vast splendor, which excites much interest among the strangers from Protestant countries. The Pope having washed the feet of thirteen poor disciples,—the thirteenth is added to the twelve in commemoration of an angelic visitor who, it is said, suddenly appeared and took part in the solemnity during the pontificate of one of the earlier Popes,—ascends to a gallery in the Vatican and there, with his own holy hands, waits upon the thirteen at table. On an occasion of this kind, a few years since, our own Archbishop Hughes was present when he was honored by being permitted to hand some of the dishes to the Pope.

On Holy Thursday two Hosts are consecrated by the priest during the Mass, one of which is consumed, (partaken of) while the other is carried in procession to a side altar and placed in a richly ornamented box, [illegible] which the clergy and faithful spend the whole night in prayer. This represents the entombment of Christ. On the following morning—Good Friday—the Host is brought in procession from the tomb, and partaken of during the Mass, which is termed the Mass of the *pre-sanctified*, as on that day the priest cannot consecrate a Host. Indeed it has been a subject of controversy between Catholic theologians whether the service on that day can be properly termed Mass at all, as no consecration takes place during it.

On the evening of the three last days of this week the lamentations and *miserere* are sung by the clergy and choir, while the lights on the altar are extinguished one by one, in memory of the darkness which overshadowed the earth at the moment of Christ's death on the cross, as also of the Apostles deserting their Master. One light alone is left burning; this, by one of those poetical thoughts in which the Catholic ritual abounds, represents the Virgin Mother, who remained faithful to her Son when all others had abandoned him.

Next Sunday will be Easter Sunday. On this day the Church resumes her jubilant ceremonies;—the bells peal forth merrily; the altars are decked with flowers; the priests wear their most brilliant vestments, and the joyous strains of the organ and choir welcome the resurrection. At Rome, on this day, the Pope, surrounded by a brilliant *cortége* of cardinals and bishops, from the balcony in front of St. Peters, gives his blessing to the Holy City and the world, while a vast crowd is assembled below surrounded by troops with glistening bayonets, and on bended knee,—the whole presenting a spectacle unequaled for grandeur and solemnity.

The Passover.—This is the first day of the Passover Week, a season strictly observed by all Israelites all over the world, in commemoration of the exodus of their ancestors from Egypt, as narrated in the Book of Genesis. The ceremonies are peculiar and interesting. The disciples of Judaism are strictly prohibited from eating fermented bread, or even tasting of malt liquors. Instead of the former, they eat Passover cakes, which consist of flour and water only. Great attention is taken that these cakes shall be free from all impurity. They are made under the direct supervision of persons who stand high in the Synagogue, who inspect the reaping of the wheat, its conversion into flour, its removal to the bakery, and its final transformation into the sacred bread. The manufacture of this Passover bread has been going on for several weeks in this City, and its place of sale is indicated by a poster of Hebrew characters pasted up at different places. Five hundred barrels of flour have been thus far used in its manufacture—an amount which will not appear large when it is considered that there are more than 30,000 Jews in this City and suburbs, who for one whole week will touch no other kind of bread. It has been hitherto sold at eight cents per pound, but now, owing, of course, to the cheapness of flour, can be had for six cents per pound. The weaithier Israelites have organized a society to supply their poor brethren with Passover cake.

To-night the members of all Jewish families meet together and recount, according to the manner prescribed, the history of their nation, and pray for their speedy restoration to the land of Palestine. The synagogues will be open the whole week, and rites peculiar to the season observed.

Academy of Music.—Mr. Fry's opera of "Leonora" will be produced here to-night for the first time in this City. It will be repeated on Wednesday, and then ——.

We desire to call particular attention to this event, because it is of a kind which requires especial recognition. The labor of writing a grand opera like "Leonora" is in itself immense, to say nothing of the peculiar erudition which it demands, and which takes years of the most intense study to acquire. It is unnecessary, we hope, to speak of the rare gift which enables a true composer to paint every emotion suggested by a powerful story—emotions not merely of the actor, but of the auditor. There are but few opera composers in the world—in fact but two of that kind which we recognize in New-York. It is a national honor to contribute to the list, and if we can produce the man we ought at least to listen with kindly attention to his efforts.

Mr. Fry has written instrumental works of the highest importance—symphonies, overtures, quartettes, &c.; he has also composed a very admirable "Stabat Mater." These are the offshoots of a vigorous fancy, which naturally roots itself in the lyric drama. They prove that in mere technical ability everything is to be expected from Mr. Fry's opera. And, indeed, if we were not Metropolitans, and therefore much superior to other people, we should not permit ourselves in any way to doubt the merit of this work, for it was performed in Philadelphia for many consecutive nights, to the intense delight of the Philadelphians, and after all the Philadelphians are human. This fact is surely worth something, although its precise value has not been estimated for twelve years.

Under ordinary circumstances a new work may fairly be left to the natural excitement which a new work invariably creates in the public mind. But there are many things against Mr. Fry; his work is laid before the public at the last moment; he has nothing but the good will of the artists to depend upon—for where there are but two nights to the close of an engagement the power of a manager is very slight; he is thrown into the midst of Passion Week, and last, but not least, there is a powerful clique against him, simply because Mr. Fry is an American.

On the other side, he has the good wishes of every sincere lover of music, and we are sure will merit and receive their favorable verdict. To-night and on Wednesday, then, we hope to see the Academy of Music filled to its greatest capacity, and by audiences, too, determined to express an opinion. The principal parts are filled by La Grange, D'Angri, Tiberini, Gassier and Rocco; some important additions have also been made to the orchestra and chorus. The opera has been diligently rehearsed, and the principal artists, with wonderful kindness, have applied themselves earnestly to the study of their parts. Altogether, then, we may fairly expect a tolerably complete entertainment.

Niagara Ship Canal.—Four or five years ago a Company, embracing some of the most influential citizens of Western New-York and of this City, was organized for the purpose of constructing a Ship Canal around the Falls of Niagara. It is proposed that the work shall commence about three miles above the Falls, and terminate in the vicinity of Lewiston, making its length six or eight miles. The project involves the necessity of a grant of public lands. It has met with a strenuous local opposition, and on one occasion, when it came very near being favorably reported upon in the United States Senate, was skillfully manœuvred out by its opponents.

We find the following reference to the scheme in the Washington correspondence of the Albany *Evening Journal* under date of March 23:

"Have you noted the fact in the *Journal* that Gen. Burroughs, after a sharp contest in the House, got his resolution of inquiry in regard to a Ship Canal around the Falls of Niagara, referred to a Select Committee, of which he, of course, is Chairman! It was a skillfully-fought battle. The whole New-York delegation, Republicans and Democrats, followed General B. to victory under repeated calls of the yeas and nays."

☞ Late Fire in Maiden-lane.
MR. AHRENFELDT'S CERTIFICATE.

Messrs. S. C. Herring & Co.—*Gentlemen*: On the night of the 17th inst., my store, No. 56 Maiden-lane, with my stock of merchandise, was entirely destroyed by fire. My loss, though heavy, would have been much more so, but that I was fortunate enough to have one of your Patent Champion Safes, which preserved uninjured my most valuable books, papers, and some bank notes, after being eighteen hours exposed to a very severe and scorching flame. My old papers, &c., which I could not find room in the safe for, were intrusted to a vault in the wall—they are a mass of ashes.

Respectfully yours,
CHARLES AHRENFELDT.

New-York, Feb. 18, 1858.

The above Safe can be seen at our dépôt.
S. C. HERRING & CO.,
No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-st., opposite the City Hall.

☞ The Cheapest Yet.
PARLOR CARPETS.
English Tapestry Velvets, 9s. and 10s. per yard.
English Tapestry Brussels, 6s. 6d., 7s., 8s. to 9s.
English Three-ply, 7s., 8s., and 8s. 6d. per yard.
All new goods and patterns, at
J. HYATT'S,
Large Carpet Warerooms,
No. 210 Bowery, opposite Rivington-st.

☞ Window Shades.
SPRING STYLES FOR 1858.
New patterns, made by our patented process, and warranted to stand any climate. Wholesale or retail, at very reduced prices.
KELLY & FERGUSON,
No. [illegible] Broadway.

☞ The Cheapest Yet.
PARLOR CARPETS.
English Tapestry Velvets, 9s. and 10s. per yard.
English Tapestry Brussels, 6s. 6d., 7s., 8s to 9s.
English Three ply, 7s., 8s., and 8s. 6d. per yard.
All new goods and patterns, at
J. HYATT'S
Large Carpet Warerooms,
No. 210 Bowery, opposite Rivington-st.

☞ "The Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines are the favorites for families."
—*New-York Times.*
Office No. 343 Broadway, New-York.

☞ Genin's Card to the Hat-wearers of our Country.

NEW-YORK, March, 1858.

Having long been of opinion that the quarterly issue of an exclusive style of Hat was a piece of arrogant presumption on the part of the manufacturer, thus prescribing the model for every head, I have concluded to break through this ancient custom of the trade, and pay a proper tribute to public discernment and common sense, by offering such an assortment of styles for each season as will insure the gratification of all tastes, and enable every purchaser to obtain just the hat most suitable to his face and figure.

I see no reason why the hatter should be permitted to put the heads of all his customers, portly and slim, short and tall, into a cylinder of precisely the same shape and height; with a flange or brim of precisely the same width and curl, merely because he has predetermined that such shall be his "leading fashion" for the season.

The like dictation would not be submitted to in affairs of much more trivial moment, and I cannot understand why despotism in dress, any more than despotism in other departments of social economy, should be tolerated in an independent community. If we were all *fac similes* of each other in features and form, it might be well enough, perhaps, that we should all wear hats of one shape; but as Providence has made no two of us alike, what can be more absurd than the idea of fitting thousands of heads with a covering which one man, in his egotism or blind devotion to precedent, chooses to say shall be his speciality for the Spring, Summer, Autumn or Winter?

This is not all. The martinet of fashion who thus lays down the law to his customers, and insists that they shall conform to it, is false to his own interests. Having issued his "leading style," his taste and genius—if he have any—may as well go to sleep for the season. He may have a bright after-thought, which quite throws into the shade his first design; but he cannot use it. The exclusive style bears the sway. His whole stock has been manufactured after one model, and he dare not introduce another however meritorious, lest he should spoil the sale of his "leader," and injure his *prestige* as an indefatigable dictator of fashion.

All this is wrong. It is unworthy of the enlightened tradesman and an outrage upon his customers. I am satisfied that the public are of this opinion, and will seize with avidity any opportunity of obtaining a wider field for the independent exercise of their own taste and judgment in this department of costume. Such an opportunity I now offer them. Waiving all claims to "leadership" or dictation in fashion, and believing that the style of a gentleman's hat is a matter to be determined by him and not by me, I present for the present season twelve distinct styles of black dress HATS, some of which have been designed in my own workshops, and others derived from abroad.

I am aware that in ignoring the old monopolistic system of hatting, and expanding the one idea of the hatter fitting his customers to suit himself into the more comprehensive one of every one exercising his own right of choice, I shall shock and startle certain old fogy business prejudices; but that the public will approve a movement which, so to speak, gives them the control of their own heads, instead of having them at the mercy of "leaders of fashion," I have no manner of doubt.

At all events, I take the responsibility of this attempt at a salutary revolution, and will abide by the result. It is a revolution which may one day extend to every department of dress. I shall avail myself of every accessible resource, foreign and domestic, for the production of new and elegant styles of dress HATS in the greatest possible variety at the commencement and during the progress of every season. My facilities for doing so are peculiar and extensive. They will be taxed to the utmost. Whatever may be the events the experiment shall have a fair trial; and as an earnest of the future, I invite especial attention to the twelve Spring styles of dress HAT now ready at my store, No. 214 Broadway. JOHN N. GENIN.

☞ Rogers & Raymond,
CLOTHIERS, CORNER OF FULTON AND NASSAU STS.,
Request attention to the following facts:
STOCKS AND PRICES

They offer the greatest variety of Elegant Spring Clothing for Men and Boys, to be found in New-York, at lower prices than have yet been announced in the trade.

REASONS FOR REDUCTION

Having purchased, for cash, an immense stock of Spring Coatings, Cassimeres, Vestings &c., during the very crisis of the panic, at less than cost they can AFFORD to sell at much cheaper rates than merchants and manufacturers who have not enjoyed such opportunities.

BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

In this branch the variety is unparalleled, embracing a great diversity of new and becoming fashions for boys of all ages.

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT.

Here the stock of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tweeds &c., is very extensive, and the cut and finish of the Clothing as beautiful as the charges are moderate. The prices of all articles are

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES,

from which no deviation is made. Thus, deception is rendered absolutely impossible. The public is invited to call and examine the stock, and to compare its quality, style, and prices with those of other Clothing houses.

ROGERS & RAYMOND,
Corner of Fulton and Nassau sts.,
Opposite the *Herald* Office.

☞ Senator Douglas on Eloquence.
"In all the range of eloquence," said Senator DOUGLAS, a few days ago, "I never heard of any passage which struck me as containing so much sublimity and truth as this:"

"Shout till the thunder of your voice
Niagara's roaring smothers,
And let ten thousand earthquakes sing
The glory of SMITH BROTHERS!
For in the van of trade they stand
AS THE BEST CLOTHIERS IN THE LAND."

SMITH BROTHERS' One Price Wholesale and Retail Clothing Warerooms, Nos. 122, 138 and 140 Fulton-st., New-York.

☞ Bartholf's Sewing Machines.
No. 489 Broadway corner Broome-st.

The Bartholf Sewing Machine is meeting with great favor, and hosts of people visit the salesroom of its proprietor daily to examine its operations. It is unquestionably one of the best among the many excellent machines that have been introduced to the public.

☞ New and Elegant Styles of CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIXTURES,
now opening at extremely moderate prices.
Parties refitting their houses for the Spring are invited to call and examine them.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Corner Broadway and Broome st.

From the National Era, Washington.
☞ Brown's Bronchial Troches.—We so far depart from our custom as to say of the above article that we have seen it tried, and find it an excellent preparation, in a very convenient form, for Coughs, Colds and Hoarseness. Public speakers and singers will find them indispensable upon trial. Sold by all druggists.

☞ Household Furniture.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., store No. 23 Nassau-st., between Pine and Cedar sts., will give their personal attention to the sale of household furniture at the residence of families removing or declining housekeeping during the season. They will also have regular weekly sales at their store for the convenience of those desiring this medium of sale.

☞ Hunt, Webster & Co.'s
Improved Tight-stitch Sewing Machines.
For all manufacturing purposes and for family use, are deemed preferable to any other machine.
HUNT, WEBSTER & CO., No. 469 Broadway.

☞ Household Furniture. — RICHARDS KINGSLAND & CO., office No. 156 Chambers st., will give their personal attention to the sale of household furniture at the residence of families removing or declining housekeeping during the season, on reasonable terms; and prompt returns made in all sales.

MARRIED.

MOLLER—STEFFAHN.—In this City, on Friday, March 26, at St. Mathew's Church, by the Rev. Dr. C. F. E. Stohlmann, Mr. GEO H. MOLLER to Miss SOPHIE STEFFAHN, both of this City, formerly of Germany.

GRAHAM—MOTT.—In this City, at the Church of the Ascension, on Thursday, March 25, by the Rev. G. T. Bedell, D. D., CLINTON GRAHAM to LOUISA M. RING, daughter of Samuel F. Mott all of this City.

BARBER—GREEN.—In Danube, N. Y., on Monday, March 22, by the Rev. H. W. Morris, Mr JAMES W. BARBER, of the firm of Handlen & Barber, New-York, to Miss RUTH A. GREEN, of the former place.

DIED.

NEVINS.—In this City, on Saturday, March 27, WILLIE H., infant son of William H and Cornelia Nevins.

MURPHY.—In this City, on Friday, March 26 Mrs. MARY MURPHY, relict of the late John Murphy, aged 87 years.

The friends of her son, John Murphy, and of her sons-in-law, Edward O'Reilly and C. M. Nanry, and of her grandsons, A. H. Murphy, John McLeod Murphy and Wm. J. Murphy, as also those of her sister, Mrs. Garrett Byrnes, are requested to attend the funeral, from No. 210 Madison-st., this (Monday) morning, at 9½ o'clock. The remains will be taken to St Mary's Church, Grand-st., where a requiem mass will be celebrated, and thence to the Cemetery in 11th-st. for interment

CREGIER.—In this City, on Sunday, March 28, at his late residence, No. 11 Bleecker-st., AUGUSTUS CREGIER, in the 82d year of his age.

His friends, and those of his daughter, Mrs Elwood, and of his granddaughters, Mrs. Levenard, Mrs. Bartholomew and Mrs. Weeks, also the members of the Mechanics' Society, of which he was a member, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, this day, (Monday,) March 29, at 2 o'clock P. M., precisely, from St. John's Chapel, Varick-st.

PARK.—In this City, on Sunday morning, March 28, after a short illness, JULIA T., wife of Rufus Park, and daughter of the late Capt. Benj. K. Hall, in the 30th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, March 31, at 9½ o'clock A. M., from her late residence, No. 46 9th st., without further invitation.

POPHAM.—In this City, on Saturday evening, March 27, CATHARINE, daughter of Wm. H. and Sarah H. Popham, aged 10 months and 2 days.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral from No. 118 Waverley-place, this (Monday) afternoon, at 3½ o'clock.

POILLON.—In this City, on Saturday, March 27, at 1 o'clock P. M., after a short and severe illness, Mrs. CATHARINE POILLON, aged 53 years, 9 months and 17 days.

Her relatives, friends and those of her brother, John Wood, of her sister, Mrs. Margaret Peck, and her brother-in-law, Henry H. Storms, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 117 Le Roy-st., on Tuesday, March 30, at 2 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

☞ Chicago papers please copy.

BUTTON.—In this City, on Friday, March 26, after a severe illness, MARY A. BUTTON.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Monday, March 29, at 2 o'clock, from her late residence No. 830 Greenwich-st., cor. of Horatio.

GREGORY.—In this City, on Thursday afternoon, March 25, of apoplexy, ISABELLA, widow of the late Harvey H. Gregory, and mother of Daniel H. Gregory, aged 67 years and 23 days.

The funeral services were held at the 4th av. Methodist Episcopal Church, corner of 22d st., on Sunday afternoon. Her remains will be taken to Ulster County for interment.

DAVID.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday morning March 28, of inflammation of the lungs, MARY ELVIRA, only child of Jacob and Sarah David, aged 4 years, 10 months and 10 days.

The funeral will take place this day, (Monday,) at 1 o'clock P. M., at the residence of her parents, No. 11 Prince-st., Brooklyn.

SMART.—In Brooklyn, L. I., on Friday, March 26, THOMAS C. SMART, of the firm of Stow & Smart, of this City.

The friends and relatives of the deceased and family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his father, William Smart, Flushing, L. I., on Tuesday, March 30, at 11½ o'clock A. M., without further notice.

LABAW.—At Rahway, N. J., on Sunday, March 28, JONATHAN LABAW, in the 71st year of his age.

His relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral, on Tuesday, March 30, at 3 o'clock P. M., from the Episcopal Church, Rahway. A train leaves foot of Cortland st. at 12 M., and returns before dark.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
BY FRANCIS S. SMITH,
IN THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY.
Can be secured at all News Dealers'.

THE WEDDING TOUR OF THE PRINCESS ROYAL.
FESTIVITIES AT BERLIN, PRINTED IN COLORS.
The War in China.
The Mutiny in India.
Exhibition of Pictures in the British Institution.
The New Ministry.

GRAND DOUBLE NUMBER
of the
ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,
WITH COLORED ENGRAVINGS.

Published in London, March 13, is now on sale, and contains the following engravings:

The Landing of the Princess Royal at Antwerp. Printed in colors.

A large picture of the entrée of the Princess Royal into Berlin, in a carriage drawn by eight cream-colored horses. Size of two pages. Printed in colors.

A Wedding Song, set to music. The words in German and English.

Festival of Trades at Berlin. One page.

Hall of Knights at Berlin, with ornamental and highly decorated ceiling.

THE BRIDAL PROCESSION IN ST. JAMES' CHAPEL.
[This engraving has been inserted at the particular request of numerous subscribers.]

Several Wedding Presents.

A large engraving of the
TAKING OF CANTON.

Drawn by a special artist, who was present during the operations; and other engravings from sketches from China

Hindoo Festival—The Hoolie.

Exhibition of Pictures in the British Institution, Pall-Mall:

"Hope" and "Disappointment." Painted by A. J. WOOLMER.
"The Hay Harvest." H. JUTSUM.
"Charcoal Burning on the Tyrolese Alps." H. JOHNSON.
"The Campbells are Coming." F. GOODALL, A. R. A.
"The Muleteers." From the Glasgow Art Union. R. ANSDELL.

Also a Picture by W. H. KNIGHT.

The new Ministry; Engravings of all the principal Members of the Cabinet, &c.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The proprietors of THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS have made arrangements to publish, during 1858, a series of magnificent COLORED SUPPLEMENTS, suitable for framing. The first of these, a beautiful Portrait of the Princess Royal of England, was published in January. The second has now arrived by the steamship *Niagara*. To secure these splendid works of art THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS should be subscribed for by the year. Subscription $9.

WILLMER & ROGERS, 42 Nassau-st., New-York,
Agents for the United States.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
BY FRANCIS S. SMITH,
IN THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY.
Can be secured at all News Dealers'.

A MEDICAL WONDER.
HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM.

Rheumatism, neuralgia and gout, in their worst stages, also scrofula, king's evil, erysipelas, old ulcers, and the worst cases of diseases of the blood—great debility, liver complaint, kidneys, salt rheum, incipient consumption, &c., &c., are most certainly cured by this sovereign purifier.

HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM
Cured Mr. S. ROGERS, corner Canal and Hudson sts., (paint store,) of rheumatism of the most painful kind, which had rendered him a cripple for months.

HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM
Cured Miss COLE, No. 188 3d-av., of asthma of the most painful and dangerous kind. She had been afflicted from infancy, and the spasms so severe as to force the sternum or breast bone out of place.

HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM
Cured ex-Alderman J. KELLY, XIIIth Ward, E. D., Brooklyn, of rheumatism, after he had been under medical treatment in vain and crippled for months.

HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM
Cured WM J BROWN, late of No. 97 Prince-st., ton Mar tula, after he had submitted to various operatio r he had confined him to his room for weeks.

HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM
Cured Mr B. RICE, Nos 32 Grove-st. and 21 Clinton Market, of inflammatory rheumatism and gout, after been crippled for years.

HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM
Cured CHAS. CLARK, merchant tailor, of Lansingburg, N. Y., of scrofulous ulcers and rheumatism, which had penetrated to the bone, and refused to yield until the Life Balsam came to his aid.

HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM
Cured WM. HOUSEL, of No. 12 Willet-st., of king's evil. The ulcer covered the entire left side of the neck and face.

HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM
Cured JAMES McKEE, whose office is No 42 Front-st., of chronic dyspepsia of the most torturing kind.

HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM
Has cured 10,000 cases of similar diseases, and it will most certainly cure any case which can be reached by medicine if taken in accordance with the directions.

It does not contain a particle of mercury, or any other deleterious mineral. It can be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate woman or infant

IT IS THE GREAT CURATIVE BLESSING OF THE AGE.

75 cents per bottle. Six bottles, $4.
PRINCIPAL DEPOT, NO. 246 GRAND-STREET, NEW-YORK
BE SURE AND GET THE RIGHT NUMBER.
Agent for Brooklyn, Mrs. HAYES, No. 175 Fulton-st.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
BY FRANCIS S. SMITH,
IN THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY.
Can be secured at all News Dealers'.

ALBANY
BEDSTEAD FACTORY.

The subscriber, having increased his facilities of business, is now prepared to furnish the trade with an extensive assortment of
BEDSTEADS
and
PATENT CRIBS,
In Mahogany, Oak, Black Walnut and White Wood.
Extension and Reading
TABLES
and
WASH STANDS,

All of which, in style and quality of finish, will bear inspection, and are suitable to the New-York and Southern Markets.

The attention of the trade is particularly requested to the Patent Cribs, for which I own the exclusive right.

ALBANY Feb. 13, 1858. RUFUS K. VIELE.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
BY FRANCIS S. SMITH,
IN THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY.
Can be secured at all News Dealers'.

FINE ARTS.
GOUPIL & CO.
(M. KNOEDLER, SUCCESSOR.)
French and English Engravings,
Oil Paintings, Drawings, &c.,
Frames of every description,
Mounting of Sketches, Photographs, &c,
Materials for Painting and Drawing,
FINE ART GALLERY,
No. 366 Broadway.
N. B.—Catalogues of engravings and artists' materials sent on application.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
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IN THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY.
Can be secured at all News Dealers'.

COD LIVER OIL JELLY.
THE GREAT CURE FOR CONSUMPTION AND SCROFULA.

If taken in time sure to do good. Approved of by all physicians. A preparation of the pure Oil, with no disagreeable taste or smell. The undersigned has succeeded in solving the problem, and has practically answered the question, How Cod Liver Oil can be made palatable? This Jelly can be received without a qualm, by the most delicate stomach. Certificates of eminent physicians attached to the box. Sold by all respectable druggists in the City. Principal dépôt No. 111 Houston-st., New-York. W. A. WALTERS, Manufacturer.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
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IN THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY.
Can be secured at all News Dealers'.

NOTICE TO DEALERS IN FANCY GOODS AND TOILET ARTICLES.—Intending to change branch of trade, I will sell, previous to 1st of May next, my whole stock of goods, consisting of tooth, nail, hair and cloth brushes, all kinds of combs, porte-monnaies, reticules, tobacco boxes, watch-guards, beads, bracelets, fine mock jewelry, terra cotta, terra lite and China goods and figures, as well as hundreds of other articles, and, to effect sale of the entire stock, regardless of cost. Cash and first-rate time purchasers are respectfully invited, and will do well to call and examine, at ANDREW A. MOSER'S, No. 93 William-st., opposite Platt-st.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
BY FRANCIS S. SMITH,
IN THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY.
Can be secured at all News Dealers'.

TREES AND PLANTS.—PARSONS & CO., Flushing, near New-York, advise those improving their homes that the season has arrived for transplanting, and that their catalogues of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Roses, Vines and Exotic Plants can be obtained at No 34 Wall-st., second story, New-York, or by mail. All purchases delivered at Fulton Market free.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
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Can be secured at all News Dealers'.

THOUSANDS IN THIS CITY AND VICINITY ARE SICK.—Thousands would give half their fortunes to be well. Come, then, to Dr. TYLER, who, by Spirit aid, can SEE what others guess at; can see your disease, see all its extent and progress, and see the means of cure. Office No. 47 West 13th-st., near 5th-av. Hours from 10 to 4. Charges moderate.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
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Can be secured at all News Dealers'.

FANCY GOODS.

NOS. 105 AND 107 CHAMBERS-ST.,
AND
NOS. 89 AND 91 READE-ST.
CARY, HOWARD & SANGER,
LATE
WM. H. CARY & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS,
In view of the many unreplenished stocks now in market, offer at their
NEW AND SPACIOUS STORE,
TO CASH AND FIRST-CLASS TIME BUYERS
Throughout the Union,
Their SPRING STOCK, which is
UNPARALLELED IN AMOUNT,
UNRIVALED IN ASSORTMENT
AND
UNSURPASSED IN BARGAINS.

THIRTY YEARS' experience has enabled them to search out the best and cheapest manufacturers, both
FOREIGN AND AMERICAN,
To which they add the great advantages of
LARGE PURCHASES AND CASH PAYMENTS.

They solicit a thorough examination of their Goods and prices, feeling confident that they will convince each buyer, who will examine their stock, that it is for his interest to deal with them.

They particularly ask the attention of the trade to the articles named below, for which they are SOLE AGENTS viz.:

PRATT, BROS. & CO.'S IVORY COMBS.
DAVID E. NOYES & CO.'S WHITE HORN COMBS.
G. D. PERCUSSION CAPS, "GENUINE."
WASHINGTON ARMS CO.'S PISTOLS.
BRITISH STANDARD LINEN THREAD.
STEVENS & CO.'S LINEN THREAD.
WAVERLEY MILLS LINEN THREAD.
WALKER & BROS.' SPOOL COTTON.
ENTERPRISE MILLS WRITING PAPERS.
To which they add, in quantities:
WATCHES, FINE GOLD JEWELRY,
GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS,
RAZORS, SCISSORS, POCKET CUTLERY,
FANS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
PERFUMERY, DRUGGISTS' ARTICLES,
COMBS, BRUSHES, BUTTONS, &c.
Catalogues furnished upon application.

BARBARA STAFFORD.
A NEW NOVEL
BY MRS. ANN S. STEPHENS,

Was commenced in Mrs. STEPHENS' NEW MONTHLY for January, and now publishing from number to number. The scene of this story is New-England during the witchcraft period, and in the opinion of all who have read the opening chapters it equals in strong interest, vivid scene-painting and character-drawing any previous production of the author.

Mrs. STEPHENS' NEW MONTHLY is not only one of the most beautifully illustrated magazines in the country, but in point of interest, vivacity, freshness, sparkle, brilliant stories, gossippy editorial, it is conceded to be unexcelled.

THE APRIL NUMBER JUST PUBLISHED.
E. STEPHENS, No. 133 Nassau-st., New-York.

REMOVAL.
GUNS, PISTOLS, &c.
W. J. SYMS & BRO.
Have removed from No. 177 to
NO. 300 BROADWAY,
Where they offer at reduced prices,
ENGLISH AND GERMAN GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS, AND GUN MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS,
MUSKETS, CANNON, SABRES, REVOLVING AND OTHER PISTOLS.

PILES! PILES! PILES! PILES!
A PERMANENT CURE FOR LIFE.
THE PROPRIETOR OF
DR. WITMER'S PILE SUPPOSITORY

Will guarantee to cure any case of external or internal Piles. Reference will be given to more than two dozen persons in this City who were confined to their beds and this article cured them. If you are not satisfied after using one box of the Suppository, your money will be returned by the agent, No 158 Bowery, New-York. The medicine can be sent to any part of the country.

HEGEMAN, CLARK & CO.'S
GENUINE COD-LIVER OIL
has stood the test of over ten years' experience, and is warranted pure. HEGEMAN & CO., No. 165, 273, 511 and 756 Broadway. Sold by druggists generally.

WATSON'S NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINES—Latest improvement. Office No. 449 Broadway, New-York.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
BY FRANCIS S. SMITH,
IN THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY.
Can be secured at all News Dealers'.

LONGWORTH'S CATAWBA WINES,
SPARKLING AND STILL VINTAGES 1854 AND 1855.

These vintages, now for the first time introduced to the market, are still better than any of the former growths, more delicate in flavor, peculiarly grateful in aroma, and more likely to win upon the taste at first trial than any of preceding years, fully representing Mr. Longfellow's encomiums—

"For richest and best
Is the wine of the West,
That grows by the beautiful river,
Whose sweet perfume
Fills all the room
With a benison on the giver."

Hereafter the sales of these wines will be limited to a single agency as per following card:

CINCINNATI, Feb. 26, 1858.

I have appointed Mr. Frederic S. Cozzens, of No. 73 Warren-st., New-York, my sole and exclusive agent to sell my wines in that City. What I furnish him for sale will always be pure, unmixed, and of native production.

(Signed) N. LONGWORTH.

The net cash prices for these wines will be as follows:

Sparkling Catawba, 1854 and 1855, in cases of one dozen quarts	$13 00
Sparkling Catawba, 1854 and 1855, in cases of two dozen pints	14 50
Sparkling Isabella, in cases of one dozen quarts	13 00
Still Catawba, of superior quality, in cases of one dozen quarts	8 00

A discount of 50c. per case to the trade on quantities of five cases and upwards. FREDERIC S. COZZENS,
Wine Merchant, No. 73 Warren-st., New-York.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
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IN THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY.
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EDWIN C. BURT,
SUCCESSOR TO
BURT, BROTHERS & CO.,
HAS REMOVED TO
No 53 Dey-st.,
And will offer for sale an assortment of the best styles and qualities of
BOOTS AND SHOES.
He respectfully solicits a continuance of the favors extended to the former firm.
NEW-YORK, March, 1858.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
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THE TRIUMPH OF MECHANISM.
AMERICAN WATCHES,
Made by APPLETON, TRACY & CO., Waltham, Mass.
The following Houses are Agents in this City for the sale of these infallible Watches:
Messrs. ROBBINS & APPLETON, No. 15 Maiden-lane.
Messrs. COOPER & FELLOWS, No. 11 Maiden-lane.
Messrs. FELLOWS & CO., No. 17 Maiden-lane.
Messrs. PLATT & BROTHER, No. 20 Maiden-lane.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
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WINDOW SHADES.
Window Shades can be had at the lowest prices, for cash, at the old-established window shade warehouse, No. 126 William-st., between Fulton and John sts. Also, cornices, bands, pins, tassels, cords, &c., wholesale and retail.
N. B.—Store shades put up with neatness and dispatch.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
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Can be secured at all News Dealers'.

J. O. HARGER,
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.
Desk at this office.

TRINITY CHAPEL.—TRINITY CHAPEL, during Holy Week, will be open for Divine Service every day at the following hours: Morning Prayer at 7 o'clock A. M., Ante Communion service, and a sermon at 10½ A. M.; Evening Prayer at 4 P. M. On GOOD FRIDAY there will be Divine Service and a Sermon at 10½ A. M., and 3½ P. M. On EASTER EVEN (Saturday) there will be a fourth service at 7½ P. M., when the sermon on the *Intermediate State*, delivered on Easter Even of last year, will be repeated.

"MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,"
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LOST—BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 5 AND 6 P. M. on the 11th inst., in going from the St. Dennis Hotel to Thompson's Saloon, a ladies' French-made GOLD WATCH, with the letters J. R. B., engraved on the back, having a gold chain attached, with a locket containing hair. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at BRADY'S Gallery, No. 359 Broadway.

DRY GOODS.

AT NO. 361 BROADWAY,
GREAT BROADWAY SALE.
$200,000 WORTH of SHAWLS and NEW MANTILLAS, BEING BULPIN'S WHOLESALE STOCK,
NOW SELLING 40 AND 50 PER CENT. BELOW WHOLESALE PRICES.
In consequence of
REMOVAL ON 1ST OF MAY.
OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PRICES:
A MISCELLANEOUS LOT of SILK and LACE MANTILLAS, now clearing out,
At ONE DOLLAR.
Do, do., LARGER in SIZE
At TWO DOLLARS.
Do., do., STILL LARGER,
At THREE DOLLARS.
Do., do., With DEEP RUFFLES,
At FOUR DOLLARS.
All the finer goods proportionately cheap.
Very Pretty BROCHE BORDERED STELLA SHAWLS,
At THREE DOLLARS.
Do., do., RICHER in QUALITY,
At FOUR DOLLARS.
VERY RICH, BEAUTIFUL NEW BORDERS,
At FIVE DOLLARS AND A HALF.
The reduced prices will continue till 1st of May only, when the present store will positively be closed,
GEO. BULPIN, No. 361 Broadway.

ALL TO BE SOLD OFF IN THREE DAYS!
MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY.
WILL POSITIVELY CLOSE APRIL 1.
THE GREATEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED!
SHAWLS,
SILKS,
LACES,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
LINENS,
MUSLINS,
FLANNELS,
MOURNINGS,
BAREGES,
MANTILLAS,
&c., &c., &c.,
AT LESS THAN HALF COST.
BY ORDER OF THE ASSIGNEES OF
J. BECK & CO.,
No. 355 Broadway.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.
G. S. HUMPHREY & CO.,
No. 524 Broadway,
Opposite St Nicholas Hotel,
Offer to the public one of the
Largest and best selected Stocks of
CARPETINGS
to be found in this country, a part of which is
The entire Stock of a large Importing House
declining business, which will be sold
20 per cent. less than the cost of importation.
1,000 pieces
BRUSSELS CARPETING, $1 per yard.
500 pieces
INGRAIN CARPETING, best quality, 75 cents per yard
At Retail for Cash only.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!
Will open on Monday, March 29,
A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT
OF
NEW SHAWLS,
IN
STELLA, TISSUE, BAREGE ANGLAIS, &c.
Also, an exclusive article in
SEWING-SILK SHAWLS,
And a variety of the
TURKISH OPERA SHAWLS.
CHARLES STREET & CO.,
No. 475 Broadway.

MOURNING GOODS FOR SPRING!
Flounced Barège, Tissue and Grenadine Robes, Black and Part-Mourning Dress Silks, Barèges, Tamartines, Crêpe de Paris, Canton Cloths, Tamisse, Black and Printed Muslin de Laines, English and French Mourning Cambrics and Prints, Bombazines, Crêpes, Veils, Mourning Shawls, Mantillas, Collars, Sleeves, and White Goods of every description.
ARRANGEMENTS HAVING BEEN MADE
In our manufacturing department, we are now prepared to make up Mourning Goods of every description, with dispatch and to order,
MUCH BELOW USUAL PRICES!
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.

ASSIGNEES' SALE OF GENERAL DRY GOODS
At No. 415 BROADWAY,
the effects of
GEORGE B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
for the benefit of his creditors.
The whole balance of Stock is now selling at a further immense reduction in prices to clear the whole within the next two weeks.
Observe,
No. 415 BROADWAY,
(One door south of Canal-st.)

NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS
At the GREAT ASSIGNEES' SALE of the STOCK IN TRADE of
GEORGE B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
No. 415 Broadway, one door south of Canal-st.,
COMPRISING
SILKS and POPLINS,
PLAIN and PRINTED BAREGES,
BAREGE ROBES,
PRINTED LAWNS and ORGANDIES,
DE LAINES, &c., &c.,
At a GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES, to close the estate.

NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS.
Toil de Chevre, Poplinettes, Barèges, Challis, Muslin de Laines, De Beiges, Brilliantes, Organdies, Printed Cambrics, French and English Prints, Ginghams, Flounced Barège, Tissue and Cambric Robes, and Robes à quille,
ALSO, A CHOICE LOT
De Laine Robes à quille, new styles, at $3.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

ALL OF BULPIN'S STOCK,
AMOUNTING TO OVER
TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS,
NOW SELLING UNTIL THE FIRST OF MAY,
At 40 and 50 per cent. below regular wholesale prices.
BEAUTIFUL NEW SHAWLS,
BEAUTIFUL NEW MANTILLAS,
All to be cleared out in consequence of removal.
The store will positively be closed on
FRIDAY, 30TH OF APRIL.
No. 361 BROADWAY.

CHEAP PARIS DRESS SILKS!
Rich Paris Flounced Robes and Robes à quille, Chene, Brocade, Moire, Bayadere, and Fashionable Silks of every description.
ALSO, A CHEAP AUCTION LOT.
Chene Bouquet Striped Silks............at $1.
Rich high-lustre Plaids......at 62½c. and 75c.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

SILKS,
SILKS,
SILKS.
No. 317 Canal-st., three doors below Mercer.
ALEXANDER JUST will offer a long line of Bayadere Dress Silks, from auction, this morning, at prices truly ruinous. Ladies, call and see
ALEXANDER JUST,
No. 317 Canal st.,
Three doors below Mercer.
One price only.

CARPETINGS, OIL-CLOTHS, RUGS, &c.
Tapestry, Brussels, Velvet and Medallion Carpeting, new Spring Patterns, now ready.
ALSO,
Three-ply, Ingrain, Stair and Low-Priced Carpeting in great variety; Straw Mattings, Oil-Cloths, Rugs, Mats, Rods, &c., &c., &c.,
BELOW CUSTOMARY PRICES.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.

PAPER-HANGINGS,
DECORATIONS, WINDOW-SHADES, CORNICES, &c.
A. HEADDEN,
No. 391 Grand-st., corner of Suffolk,
Has now his assortment of the newest and most fashionable styles of the above articles, which he offers at the lowest possible prices. He is prepared to
DECORATE PUBLIC AND PRIVATE BUILDINGS
with paper hangings in every style and finish now in vogue, with dispatch and ability, unsurpassed by any house in the trade. Also ordinary work of landlords, agents, &c., attended to with the usual economy of this establishment.

DRESS GOODS,
CHEAP FOR CASH AND SHORT CREDIT.
BOOTH & TUTTLE,
Corner of Chambers, Church and Warren sts.
Are making daily additions to their stock of DRESS GOODS of NEW and DESIRABLE STYLES, suitable to the seasons, and at prices that will secure the custom of all close buyers who will examine it.

INFANTS' WEARING APPAREL,
CHOICE ROBES, TASTY SKIRTS,
ELEGANT UNDER-CLOTHING,
And every requisite for the nursery.
GENIN'S Bazaar,
No. 513 Broadway,
St. Nicholas Hotel.

MILLER & DAY,
WHOLESALE SILK HAT MANUFACTURERS,
Corner Centre and Franklin sts., New-York.

DRY GOODS.

ANNOUNCEMENT.
We have the pleasure of informing our lady patrons of last season, that on the 1st of April next we shall offer at our former location,
NO. 335 BROADWAY,
AT ONE PRICE FOR CASH, WITHOUT ABATEMENT,
A MOST
BEAUTIFUL,
CHASTE and
ELEGANT
Assortment of
SPRING SILKS AND DRESS GOODS,
SHAWLS, GLOVES, EMBROIDERIES, &c.,
Just imported, and one of the cheapest and most desirable assortment of NEW GOODS that will be offered at retail in this country this season, and to which will be added every novelty that the best taste and facilities on the Paris market, through our resident Agent there, can command.
BAJOU KID GLOVES,
Just landed, of exclusive shades.
Misses', 75 cents; Ladies', 87½ cents; Gentlemen's, $1.
No mixed lots. This make of Gloves is equal, if not superior to any Glove now sent to this country.
50,000 yards of very choice styles of INDIA SILKS, at 50 cents per yard.
We shall exhibit as heretofore, at our
JOBBING WAREHOUSE,
Nos. 55 Chambers and 33 Read sts.
Our usual
ASSORTMENT OF
CHOICE FOREIGN DRY GOODS,
Adapted to every part of the
UNION,
Which will be sold at the
Lowest ruling rates for
Cash or approved 6 months' Bank Paper.
P. S.—No goods retailed at our Wholesale Rooms, No. 55 Chambers st. EDWARD LAMBERT & CO.

NEW GOODS PER ARABIA.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO. will open, on Monday, March 29,
AT RETAIL,
NEW BAYADERE SILKS,
NEW CHENE SILKS,
NEW ROBES,
NEW MOUS. DE CHENE AND BAREGE ROBES,
NEW ORGANDIES AND MUSLINS.
Also,
CHALLIES,
MATERIALS FOR TRAVELING DRESSES,
FRENCH LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
SUMMER CASSIMERES AND DRILLING, SUITABLE FOR BOYS' WEAR, &c., &c.
A. C. & Co. would invite special attention to the
NEW ORIENTAL SILK,
As it is a GREAT NOVELTY.
CANAL, corner of Mercer.

DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS,
NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-STREET,
(Late Carter, Quinan and De Forest,)
Are now opening and offering for sale a fine variety of
MERRIMAC, COCHECO, SPRAGUE, PACIFIC,
AND OTHER PRINTS,
At the lowest market price.
MANCHESTER, PACIFIC AND HAMILTON DE LAINES, SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
Lawrence, Cabot, Amoskeag, York Mills, Dwight, Lonsdale, Wamsuttas,
AND OTHER POPULAR BRANDS.
Also, an
EXTENSIVE VARIETY OF DRESS GOODS,
From Auction and Private sale.
Their stock embraces most articles necessary for the supply of a retail store.

1858. SPRING NOVELTIES. 1858
RIBBONS AND DRESS TRIMMINGS.
WILLIAM W. WRIGHT & CO.,
NO. 252 BROADWAY.
Opposite the City Hall,
Are now receiving and offer at
PANIC PRICES
FOR
CASH,
OR APPROVED CREDIT,
RIBBONS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
EMBROIDERIES, LACES
WHITE GOODS,
KID GLOVES,
MITTS,
SHAWLS,
MANTILLAS, &c.
Also, a large stock of
FRENCH FLOWERS.

HEALTH,
GRACE
AND BEAUTY
conferred upon the ladies, by wearing
DOUGLAS & SHERWOOD'S
NEW EXPANSION SKIRT,
with the
ADJUSTABLE BUSTLE,
Patented April, 1857,
which has been decided by the best medical authority to be the most beneficial garment ever introduced for ladies' use, the weight being only 12 ounces.
ALL OF DOUGLAS & SHERWOOD'S
CELEBRATED SKIRTS
Are Stamped with their Trade Mark,
AND NONE GENUINE UNLESS SO STAMPED.
For sale at all the principal stores
in the United States and Canadas.

FAMILY DRY GOODS
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO. have now in store one the largest and best selected stocks of
STAPLE DRY GOODS
Ever exhibited in this country, consisting of
REAL BARNSLEY TABLE DAMASK and CLOTHS,
SHEETING AND SHIRTING LINENS,
TOWELS, TOWELING, NAPKINS, &c., of a superior make.
Also,
100 cases COTTON SHEETING and SHIRTINGS,
At reduced prices,
1,000 MARSEILLES QUILTS, from $1 50 to $8.
CANAL, corner of Mercer.

MUSLIN AND LACE CURTAINS
FROM AUCTION,
IN
NEW AND ELEGANT DESIGNS,
For sale at reduced prices.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
CANAL-ST., corner Mercer.

MANTILLAS.
BRODIE'S GRAND OPENING,
At Retail,
Monday, April 5,
No. 300 Canal, (Old No. 5,) and No. 63 Lispenard sts.

SPRING EXPOSITION.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO. will exhibit, at retail, PARIS MANTILLAS, together with those of their own manufacture, on Thursday, April 1, 1858.
CANAL, CORNER MERCER-ST., NEW-YORK.

CHEAPEST BROWN SHIRTING
IN THE WORLD.
NAUMKEAG, "S," at 6¼ cents.
Apply to RUSHMORE, CONE & CO.,
Nos. 12 and 14 Warren-st.

BREAKFAST ROBES—
SURPRISINGLY CHEAP;
FRENCH LAWN ROBES,
PLAIN AND FIGURED, AND
SKIRTS AND BASQUES OF
COLORED MUSLINS,
FROM $2 50 UPWARD.
The above beautiful Morning Robes have just been received from Paris, and the attention of Ladies is invited to the prices, which are the lowest ever known here.
GENIN'S BAZAAR,
No. 513 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

1858. MANTILLAS AND SHAWLS. 1858.
We are ready to exhibit our Spring assortment of
LACE AND SILK MANTILLAS, POINTS, &c.
All new and fresh goods of this season's importation and manufacture, and are unsurpassed in variety, beauty and cheapness. Also, a full stock of
SPRING SHAWLS FROM AUCTION
of every description, at low prices.
E. S. MILLS & CO.,
Nos. 80 and 82 Chambers st., up stairs.

POPULAR TRADE.
A. T. STEWART & CO. will open on MONDAY, March 29.
500 PIECES YARD-WIDE FRENCH PRINTS
AT 18¾ CENTS PER YARD,
(worth 25 cents.)
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

ANOTHER
GREAT REDUCTION,
MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY.
DRY GOODS,
far below
HALF PRICE.
No. 355 Broadway.

A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Will, on Monday, March 29, offer for sale
REAL PARIS ELEVEN SPRING STEEL SKIRTS,
At $2 50 each.
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

ALL TO BE SOLD.
RICH BROCHE SHAWLS,
60 per cent. off.
for
THREE DAYS ONLY.
No. 355 Broadway.

SHAWL BORDERING—SHAWL BORDERING,
Wholesale and Retail.
OLIVER MOWBRAY, No. 269 Grand-st.,
Corner of Forsyth.

$2 50 FOR STEEL SPRING SKIRTS, with 11 springs, made from watch-spring steel, the best ever offered, made to order; fits warranted. All the latest styles of skirts, horse hair, whalebone, embroidered, crinoline, margaites, dimity, &c., French wove corsets, $1 a pair. FORMAN & CO., No. 705 Broadway.

DRY GOODS.

WHITE GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY.
BEEKMAN & COMPANY, No. 473 Broadway,
have now on hand a large stock of
Shirtings, Sheetings, Linens, Towelings, &c., &c.,
Brought principally for cash, and which
They are offering at a very small advance;
Also, a superior assortment of
Piquas, Brillants, Swiss Jaconet
And every description of drawer goods,
At lowest market prices.

SPRING TALMAS AND MANTILLAS.
Ready for Monday, March 29,
A FULL ASSORTMENT
Of early Spring Talmas of Fancy Tweeds and Cloths.
Also, Mantillas, Capes, &c., in great variety,
MUCH UNDER REGULAR PRICES!
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

MANTILLAS,
MANTILLAS,
MANTILLAS.
7,000 Mantillas, all new styles, will be offered this morning, at exceedingly low prices. Ladies, call early.
ALEXANDER JUST,
No. 317 Canal-st.,
One Price only. 3 doors below Mercer.

NEW QUILLE SILK ROBES,
Received per late steamers,
And opened this morning by
BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 Broadway.
A part consisting of light fancy colors,
With elegant side-bands of Chintz Bouquets,
Suitable for the coming *fête* at the Crystal Palace.

SPRING SHAWLS IN GREAT VARIETY!
Broché and Printed-bordered Stellas, Cashmere, Merino, Silk and Broché Shawls.
Also.
BROCHE AND CASHMERE SCARFS.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

MANTILLAS, MANTILLAS,
An elegant stock of entirely novel designs will be opened on Monday, March 29, among which will be included
THE NEW SPRING SILK CLOAK,
The most graceful article for the season ever introduced.
CHARLES STREET & CO.,
No. 475 Broadway.

BLACK GROS DE RHINE SILKS
FROM AUCTION,
At $1 per yard, worth $1 25.
These silks will be found on examination
The greatest bargains of the season.
At BEEKMAN & COMPANY'S, No. 473 Broadway.

OPENING OF SPRING STYLES
OF EMBROIDERIES, &c.
BEEKMAN & COMPANY
Will open on Monday,
several cartoons new French Embroideries, consisting of
French Embroidered Swiss and Jaconet sets;
French Embroidered Valenciennes, trimmed;
French Embroidered Jaconet and Swiss Collars;
Embroidered Cambric, Marseilles and Linen Traveling sets.
With a full assortment of Point, Point Appliqué, Honiton, English Thread Lace, and Maltese Sets and Collars.
No. 473 Broadway.

LINEN CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS.
We will offer on Monday, March 22:
5 cases Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs at $1 dozen.
5 cases Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, (fine,) at $1 50 dozen.
300 dozen Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, at $2 25 and $3 dozen
200 dozen Gents' White and Colored-border Handkerchiefs, from $3 to $6 dozen.
Also, a full assortment of Children's Handkerchiefs.
BEEKMAN & COMPANY, No. 473 Broadway.

JUST RECEIVED, BY BEEKMAN & COMPANY.
NO. 473 BROADWAY,
A Job Lot of Rich Colored Moire Antiques,
nearly yard-wide, at only $2 50 per yard.

FLOUNCED SILK ROBES AT $15.
BEEKMAN & COMPANY, No. 473 Broadway.
Will open this morning:
Beautiful Silk Robes, three flounced, at $15.
Also, extra rich Chine Flounced Silk Robes at $20.

SPRING GOODS! SPRING GOODS!
CHEAPER THAN EVER.
Good Stella Shawls, every color, $2 50.
Extra quality Stella Shawls, $3 50 and $4.
Wide-width Black Moire Antique, 4s. 6d., worth 8s.
Brown, Drab, Purple and Marie-Louise, Blue Moire Antique, only 4s., former price, 8s.
25 pieces Entirely New Style Henrietta Stripe Silk, 30 inches wide, only 4s. 6d.; a great bargain.
400 pieces English and French De laine, always sold at 2s., only 1s. 6d., all choice styles.
Fine quality double-fold Debeige, 1s., usually 1s. 6d.
Fine White Muslin, 1¼ yards wide, 10c.
Superior fast-color English Print 6¼c., regular price 10c.
AUCTION GOODS.
TOWELINGS, DIAPERS, LINENS, DAMASKS, &c.
DOMESTICS, by the piece, at case prices.
H. B. CLAPP & CO.,
Nos. 57 and 59 Catherine-st.,
Corner of Monroe-st.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.
A. T. STEWART & CO. will offer, on Monday, March 29:
11-4 Pure Flax heavy BLEACHED SHEETINGS,
At 65 cents per yard.
8-4 and 10-4 Extra heavy Damask TABLE CLOTHS.
At $1 50 each.
DAMASK NAPKINS,
$1 25 per dozen.
SUPERIOR LINEN SHEETING, PILLOW CASE LINENS, TOWELINGS, &c., &c.
Also WHITE BRILLIANTS, at 10 cents per yard.
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN LONG CLOTHS.
EXTRA HEAVY 90-INCH COTTON SHEETING,
At 25 cents per yard.
QUILTS, BLANKETS, &c., &c.
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

MOURNING GOODS!
$150,000—SPRING IMPORTATION.
One hundred and fifty thousand dollars' worth of the choicest goods ever imported, consisting in part of
5 cases Plaid and Stripe Silks, (rich,) 65 and 75 cents.
10 cases Gros de Rhine, &c., do., from 69c to $1 25.
20 cases Handsome French Lawns, (very fine,) 15 cents.
10 cases Bombazines, (Lupin's,) from 75c. to $1 50.
10 cases Black Barèges, 25c., 31c., 35c. and 44c.
10 cases Black Barège Robes, $4, $4 50, $5, $6, $7 and $8.
5 cases Oriental Plaids, for House and Traveling Dresses, 15 cents.
Also the handsomest and most extensive stock of Bonnets, Mantles, Shawls, &c., &c., ever before offered at retail.
N. B.—Several handsome, new materials for Dresses.
Observe. W. JACKSON'S MOURNING STORE,
No 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

POPULAR TRADE IN CARPETS.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.
A. T. STEWART & CO. will offer on Monday, March 29,
The best superfine Ingrain Carpets, 75 cents per yard.
Tapestry Brussels Carpets, $1 per yard.
English Tapestry Velvet Carpets, $1 25 per yard.
Of the manufacture of John Crossley & Sons, and others.
Also,
RUGS,
MATS,
OIL-CLOTHS,
&c., &c.
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

REMOVAL.
DAVID MORRISON
Has removed from No 50 John-st. to No. 111 Chambers-st., where he offers for sale a superior assortment of Dress Trimmings,
Belt Ribbons,
Silk and Fancy Buttons,
Yankee Notions,
Zephyr Worsted,
Shetland Wool, &c.
Also, a large assortment of Steel-spring Extension Skirts.

POPULAR TRADE.
A. T. STEWART & CO., will offer on Monday, March 29, the cheapest and largest assortment of Flounced Silk Robes and
ROBES A QUILLE,
ever offered in this City.
They will also continue the sale (with additions) of RICH WIDE PARIS DRESS SILKS at $1 and $1 50 per yard,
(Value $1 50 and $2 50.)
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

POPULAR TRADE.
A. T. STEWART & CO. will open on MONDAY, March 29.
1,000 DOZEN WOMEN'S ENGLISH WHITE COTTON HOSE............25c. per pair.
500 DOZEN MEN'S ENGLISH COTTON HALF HOSE, $3 per dozen.
500 DOZEN COTTON UNDERSHIRTS............50c each.
1,000 DOZEN LISLE THREAD GLOVES...25c. per pair.
Broadway, Chambers and Reade-st.

A. T. STEWART & CO.
Will open on Monday, March 29, a beautiful assortment of CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' FLOUNCED ROBES, AND ROBES A QUILLE,
In Barège, Organdie and Jaconet Muslins, Challis and Challis De Laine.
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

NO. 355 BROADWAY.
RICH LACES,
at
less than
HALF COST,
for
THREE DAYS ONLY.

DRESSMAKING.—S. BISSELL & M. S. DODGE have received their Spring fashions, and are prepared to execute orders promptly, as usual. The Paris and London fashions received every month, at No. 12 Greene-st., 5th door from Canal-st.

POLITICAL.

SEVENTH WARD BROOKLYN REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.
For Alderman—FRANKLIN TUTHILL.
For Supervisor—JACOB W. JORALEMON.
For Assessor—FRANCIS W. WEBB.
For Constable—MARTIN W. FOLK.
Election on TUESDAY, April 6, 1858.

A BEAUTIFUL HEAD
of
RICH GLOSSY HAIR,
COMPLETELY PRESERVED
TO THE GREATEST AGE.

And who that is gray would not have it restored to former color; or bald, but would have the growth restored; or troubled with dandruff and itching, but would have it removed; or troubled with scrofula, scald head or other eruptions, but would be cured; or with sick head ache, (neuralgia,) but would be cured? It will also remove all pimples from the face and skin. Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative will do all this—see circular and the following:

ANN ARBOR, Nov. 5, 1856.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—*Dear Sir:* I have heard much said of the wonderful effects of your Hair Restorative, but having been so often cheated by quackery and quack nostrums, hair dyes, &c., I was disposed to place your Restorative in the same category with the thousand and one loudly-trumpeted quack remedies, until I met you in Lawrence County some months since, when you gave me such assurance as induced the trial of your Restorative in my family—first by my good wife, whose hair had become very thin and entirely white, and before exhausting one of your large bottles her hair was restored nearly to its original beautiful brown color, and had thickened and become beautiful and glossy upon and entirely over the head; she continues to use it, not simply because of its beautifying effects upon the hair, but because of its healthful influence upon the head and mind. Others of my family and friends are using your Restorative with the happiest effects; therefore, my skepticism and doubts in reference to its character and value are entirely removed, and I can and do most cordially and confidentially recommend its use by all who would have their hair restored from white or gray (by reason of sickness or age) to original color and beauty, and by all young persons who would have their hair beautiful and glossy.

Very truly and gratefully yours,
SOLOMON MANN.

FRIEND WOOD: It was a long time after I saw you at Blissfield before I got the bottle of Restorative for which you gave me an order upon your agent in Detroit, and when I got it we concluded to try it on Mrs. Mann's hair, as the surest test of its power. It has done all that you assured me it would do; and others of my family and friends, having witnessed its effects, are now using and recommending its use to others as entitled to the highest consideration you claim for it. Again, very respectfully and truly, yours,

SOLOMON MANN.

CARLYLE, Ill., June 28, 1852.

I have used Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, and have admired its wonderful effects. My hair was becoming, as I thought, prematurely gray, but by the use of his Restorative it has resumed its original color, and, I have no doubt, permanently so.

S. BREESE Ex-Senator, U. S.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, No. 312 Broadway, New-York (in the great New-York Wire Railing Establishment,) and No. 114 Market-st., St. Louis, Mo. And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

UP THE MEDITERRANEAN.
PLEASURE VOYAGE
BY
STEAMER ERICSSON,
A. B LOWBER, COMMANDER.

The ERICSSON will leave New-York on SATURDAY, May 1, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the above voyage, stopping at Gibraltar 1 day, Malta 2 days, Alexandria 8 days, Jaffa (for Jerusalem) 5 days, Constantinople 6 days, Athens 3 days, Naples 5 days, Marseilles 4 days. An experienced person will accompany the ship to make arrangements for the land travel.

Those who intend to go, but have not yet paid, should take passage immediately, for unless 100 berths be paid for prior to April 15, the ship will be placed on another route.

Full steamer fare for the voyage............$750.
No berth secured till paid for.
For further particulars, apply to
DUNHAM & CO.,
No. 13 William-st., New-York.

PATENT LIGHTS
FOR
VAULTS, AREAS AND SKYLIGHTS.

The subscribers call the attention of the public to their method of illuminating and ventilating vaults and areas, secured to them by the following patents:

GEO. R. JACKSON'S Prismatic Vault-light, patented April 28, 1857.

GEO. R. JACKSON'S Ventilating Vault-light, patented April 28, 1857.

GEO. R. JACKSON'S Burglar-proof Skylight, patented Dec 15 1857.

GEO. R. JACKSON'S Conical Vault-light, reissued Jan. 19, 1858.

GEO. R. JACKSON'S Grooved Vault-light, patented March 16, 1858.

Specimens can be seen at THOS. HUNT, Esq.'s, new store, corner of Park-place and College-place, or at our office, where estimates for cost of this and all kinds of iron work, including iron railings, doors, shutters, vaults, safes, stair-cases, columns, beams, lintels, girders, and all iron work appertaining to buildings.

GEO. R. JACKSON & CO.,
Nos. 199 and 201 Centre st.,
And Nos. 1, 3 and 5 Howard-st.

L. W. LEEDS'
HOT WATER FURNACE.

The first entirely successful and thoroughly practical application of the elegant, healthful and economical system of heating through the medium of hot water. We have thoroughly tested these heaters in various situations, and find them entirely efficient in the coldest weather. They are very durable, have few water joints, do not leak, need no repairs, are easily managed, do not shrink or injure the furniture and wood-work of the building, and can never set them on fire, and possess many advantages over long circuitous coils of steam-pipes or radiators. They may be seen in operation at our warerooms. Estimates and plans for warming and ventilating, either by hot water steam or warm air, made out at short notice. GEO. L. CANNON, No. 406 Broadway.

COLT'S PISTOL DEPOT.
COLT'S NEW RIFLES,
all sizes, always on hand and for sale by
A. W. SPIES & CO.,
No. 91 Maiden-lane, New-York.
A liberal discount made to the trade.
ALSO, DOUBLE AND SINGLE
GUNS, RIFLES,
PISTOLS,
AND
REVOLVERS OF ALL KINDS.
BOWIE KNIVES, POCKET CUTLERY, PERCUSSION CAPS, WADDING, &c.
Together with every article in the Sporting line.
FOR CASH OR APPROVED CREDIT.

UNION BANK, NEW-YORK, March 16, 1858.

$1,000 REWARD.—ONE THOUSAND DOLlars reward will be paid by this Bank for the apprehension and safe custody, in this City, of BENJAMIN K. BROTHERSON, late third book-keeper in this Bank, a defaulter to a large amount, and gone to parts unknown. Said Brotherson is of slight form, about five feet eight inches in height, sandy hair and whiskers, has a peculiar habit of carrying his arms extended from his body, and is about 38 or 40 years of age.

E. H. ARTHUR, Cashier.

TO DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN TOILET ARTICLES.—The subscriber would call the attention of the trade to his stock of articles in the above line, which he is offering at prices at greatly below cost of importation, in order to close out the balance of the same previous to 1st of May. A. W. GABAUDAN, No. 61 Maiden-lane.

SMOKING TOBACCO.—JULIAN ALLEN'S Fine Granulated Smoking Tobacco is something entirely new and superior to the finest Turkish Tobacco. It being free from all drugs or ingredients generally used, cannot but give entire satisfaction to smokers desiring pure Havana leaf. For sale at all the Cigar Stores. Wholesale depot No. 180 Water-st., New-York.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—HAVING learned that my name, as referee, is attached to a handbill publishing some scheme of gift or lottery, called the Shenandoah Exhibition, No. 618 Broadway: now this is to give notice that my name has been used in said handbill without my knowledge, approbation or consent.

WM. CHAUNCEY, No. 10 Old Slip.

NOT FOR A DAY, BUT FOR ALL TIME.—Cash paid for Old Newspapers of every description and any size, whole or cut. Also, old Pamphlets of any kind whatever, and old Books all torn to pieces. Also, old Blank Books. By J. CHAUNCEY STOCKWELL, No. 25 Ann-st.

$1,000.—FOR SALE—THE SOLE CONTROL and sale of an article in large demand throughout the country, secured by patent. Sales for cash only, and the business may be pleasantly conducted in an office. Apply to H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., Room No. 16.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, at the lowest factory prices, wholesale and retail, at No. 329 Pearl st., Harper's Building. Machine brushes made to order. The trade supplied.

JOHN K. HOPPEL, No. 329 Pearl-st.

PAUL JULIEN, WHO IS ABOUT LEAVING for Brazil informs all persons who may have any claims against him, to present their bills before eight days from this, March 27, 1858.

$4 50 DOUBLE-SOLE WATERPROOF SEWED BOOTS, NOW READY AT JONES', NO. 10 ANN-ST. ALSO, $3 50 DOUBLE SOLE PEGGED BOOTS.

NEIL'S SAFETY STIRRUP—FOR SALE AT No. 8 Maiden-lane. Also, by C. FRANCIS, opposite the Bowery Theatre, and by Mr. McCLUNE, No. 120 8th-av., and other respectable dealers.

A LOT OF GLASS SASH—SUITABLE FOR store fixtures, for sale cheap. Apply at No. 813 Broadway—CANTRELL'S ladies' shoe store.

OILED-CLOTHING MANUFACTORY.—Nos. 267 and 269 Water-st., between Peck-slip and Dover-st.

EXPRESSES.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
NEW-YORK AND CALIFORNIA EXPRESS AND EXCHANGE COMPANY,
No. 82 Broadway, New-York.

We, the undersigned, are prepared to transport to California the old State Bonds, exchange the same and return here with greatest possible dispatch.

We will undertake, for a fixed price, to transport, exchange and return said bonds, agreeing in case of loss to be at trouble of procuring new issue—or parties can mail to our house in Sacramento, at their own risk, have the same exchanged and returned in same way. For rates, inquire at our office.

Having our own houses at San Francisco, and also at Sacramento, and sending Special Messengers by every steamer, we are prepared to do this business with greater safety and promptness than other houses. The Bonds do not leave our hands until returned to New-York.

The past-due coupons are purchased at current rates.

The act authorizing the exchange (a copy of which will be furnished on application at our office) provides for the funding of the past-due coupons when presented in sums of $500.

We will sell sums under $500, remit proceeds, less exchange, or buy to fill fractions, and receive pay here without commission.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
No. 82 Broadway.

DENTISTRY.

NEW INVENTION FOR ARTIFICIAL Teeth, without metal plates, clasps, or extracting the roots by Dr. S. B. SIGESMOND, No. 61 Bleecker-st., (formerly No. 651 Broadway.) At his office may be seen the certificates of the first citizens, attesting the superiority of his invention, after a year's trial.

BOARDING.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE GENTLEMAN AND his sister, two or three rooms, with board, dinner not earlier than 5 o'clock,) in a private family, where there are no other boarders preferred, in a house situated between Clinton-place and 23d-st., between 4th and 6th avs; part of furniture can be brought. Terms must be moderate. References exchanged. Address box No. 401 lower Post-office.

TWO YOUNG MEN MAY FIND A PLEASANT, well-furnished room, with light, use of bath-room, and fire when necessary, with partial board in a religious private family, residing near Broadway, and on the route of the Broadway and 2d-st. line of stages. Terms, $9 per week. Address A. B., *Times* office.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—GENTLEMEN WITH their wives, or single gentlemen, can be accommodated with very pleasant and comfortable rooms and good board. Apply at No. 79 Sands-st., corner of Jay, Brooklyn. References required.

BOARDING.—A MERCHANT DESIROUS OF reducing his expenses occupying a full-sized house in a most desirable location, would let two handsome parlors, or two connecting large rooms, on second floor to a gentleman and wife, with full board. To parties willing to pay a fair price, this offers an opportunity rarely met with. Address B., Box No. 2,051 Post-office.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—PLEASANT rooms, in suites or single rooms, can be had at No. 101 Schermerhorn-st., between Boerum and Smith sts. The house is commodious and very pleasantly located, from 10 to 15 minutes' walk from all the ferries.

BOARDING.—BOARD CAN BE HAD IN A strictly private family by one or two young ladies wishing to devote their time to music. The comforts and attentions of a first-class home and a liberal table is offered. Address, for particulars, J. H., Box No 2,712, Post Office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.—A GENTLEman is desirous of obtaining good country board for himself, wife and two infant children, from the middle of July to the middle of September, within an hour's ride or sail from the City. Address A. W. S., Box No. 295 Lower Post office.

BOARDING.—A FURNISHED ROOM AND BEDroom, with gas and bath, to let to a single gentleman, in a genteel house private family, in 13th-st., between University-place and 5th-av. References exchanged. Apply at the drug store No. 57 4th av., corner 9th st.

BOARDING ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—Rooms to let, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for a gentleman and his wife, or single gentlemen, at No. 180 Hicks, corner Montague-st., opposite the Pierrepoint House.

BOARDING.—MRS. S. A. FAULKNER, NO. 58 East 16th-st., has to let, with board, a parlor and bedroom. Her house is furnished with baths gas, and the other modern improvements.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—PLEASANT rooms, suitable for a gentleman and wife or single gentlemen, may be had with full or partial board, at No. 87 State-st., between Clinton and Henry.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—PLEASANT UNfurnished rooms, for families of grown persons preferred. References exchanged. Apply at No. 48 Livingston st.

NOS. 55 AND 57 WEST TWENTY-THIRD-ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms to let, with board, at moderate prices. House first-class with all the modern improvements. Dinner at 6.

TO LET—A SUITE OF HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED rooms on 2d floor, singly or together, to gentlemen, or gentlemen and their wives; family private; references exchanged. Apply at No. 141 West 34th st.

BOARDING.—A PLEASANT PARLOR AND BEDroom may be obtained at No 74 East 14th st., near Union square. Also, rooms for gentlemen.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH GOOD board, may be had at No. 30 Clinton-place, corner of Greene-st.

BOARDING—AT NOS. 45, 47 AND 49 EAST Broadway for gentlemen and their wives and for single gentlemen.

E. BOUTON.

PRIVATE BOARD.—A FURNISHED PARLOR and bedroom; also, a single room to let; very desirable locality, opposite Lafayette-place. Apply at No. 19 Great Jones-st.

THREE ELEGANTLY FURNISHED PARLORS, on first floor, will be let to a party of gentlemen or a small family, with private table. Also rooms for gentlemen without board. Apply at No. 19 5th-av.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO PORK PACKERS, INSPECTORS, &c.—The whole of the utensils, &c., in the packing-house at Nos. 206, 210, 212 Franklin-st., to be disposed of by private sale. These premises have been fitted up at a great expense, and contain steam boiler, tank and kettle for lard; steam lift room for steaming out frozen hogs, with all sorts of tools, scales and cooperage, for inspecting and packing. No. 206 contains a smoke-house, a coarse meat-shop and stable for one horse. The whole being the most complete house in New-York for doing a packing and inspecting business. Nos. 210 and 212 can be rented at the present rent $2,300 per annum. The lease of No. 206 to be sold. Apply to

E. R. CROUCH, No. 28 Front-st.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK, GOOD WILL AND fixtures of the old and well known book-selling establishment, No. 222 Broadway, corner Ann-st; together with the lease of the premises, which secures them at a moderate rent. The above presents the most favorable opportunity for book-selling enterprise that has offered for years. The business can be shown to be prosperous, and as a Gift Enterprise stand, the location is unequaled by any in the City. Apply to W. A. TOWNSEND, late Stringer & Townsend, No. 222 Broadway, under the American Museum.

LAWRENCE MACHINE-SHOP.—THIS COMpany, being about to close its affairs, offers for sale at reduced prices its tools in use, which embrace almost every variety, lathes, planers, trip-hammers, stationary engines, &c., and are of the best class, the original cost being over $224,000. Also, a large amount of new tools and machinery. This affords railroads an excellent opportunity to furnish their repair-shops. For examination of the tools apply to WM. B GALLISON, at the works, Lawrence, Mass., and for prices, to J. H. W. PAGE, Treasurer, No. 14 Kilby-st., Boston.

TO LUMBERMEN.—THE SUBSCRIBER IN RElinquishing business in consequence of ill health, offers for sale his stock of lumber and lease of yard, situated at Atlantic Docks, Brooklyn. Perhaps no similar establishment offers equal advantages to parties wishing to engage in the lumber business. The location offers unusual facilities to parties engaged in the export of lumber. A large shipping business is already established. The stock will be sold on favorable terms. For particulars, inquire of S. O. DECKER, Atlantic Docks, Brooklyn.

BOOKSTORE FOR SALE—LOCATED IN ONE of the most thriving towns of interior New York. It has done a prosperous business for 15 years, and offers an unusual chance to any one desiring to embark in the trade. The present proprietor can refer to his own success for its business value. Address inquiries to BOOKSELLER, care of A. S. Barnes & Co., No. 51 John-st., New York, to whom reference may be made.

CROCKERY STORE FOR SALE.—THE old-established crockery store, belonging to the late Ritter Hadley, is offered for sale by the Administrator, on favorable terms. If not sold previous to the 11th of April, it will be sold at public auction on the 14th day of April, at 10 o'clock A. M., in lots to suit purchasers. Also, the store to let.

G. W. SHERMAN,
Administrator, No. 164 Bowery.

FOR SALE—STEAMER WORCESTER, NOW RUNning on the Norwich line for Boston, in good order and condition; has first-class state-rooms and berths for 300 passengers, and large freight capacity; very light on coal; light draft of water. For further information, inquire of E. S. MARTIN, agent, Pier No. 18 North River, foot Cortlandt-st.

WANTED—IN ONE OF THE MOST EMINENT and long-established book establishments in the City, to take the place of a member of the firm who retires—a partner, active or silent with a cash capital of $20,000 to $30,000. Address PUBLISHERS, Box No. 2,246 New-York City.

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH $20,000 CASH, TO enter the hide, leather and wool business in St. Louis, Mo. The house has been established eight years, has a first-rate run of trade, and pays a handsome profit. Address Box No. 1,436 St. Louis, Mo., and in reply you will receive satisfactory and more explicit information.

TO LAWYERS.—A YOUNG MAN, AN ATTORney and Counselor, and a resident of this City for the last year, is desirous of a situation in the office of a practitioner as qualified partner or clerk. A line addressed to H. B. R., office of E. H. Seely, Esq., No. 187 Greenwich-st., will meet with immediate attention.

CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.—ANY man understanding the management of horses can make his pile in three months West, with the great American horse tamer's secret, or can double his wages here. Price $3. Address, with stamp, H. B. ARMSTRONG, New-York City.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK, FIXTURES AND UNexpired term of lease of the well known drug store situate at the corner of Atlantic and Court sts., in the city of Brooklyn. Possession given immediately. Apply to A. S CROWELL, No 341 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—DUNN & BROTHER'S BOOK AND stationery store, No. 201 3d-av.—J. B. DUNN's other engagements preventing him attending this business. A favorable opportunity is presented to those desirous of commencing in this line.

IRON FOUNDRY TO LET—NO. 99 GRAND-st., Williamsburg. Cupola, steam engine, sand, and every thing complete for moulding. The floor is 40 by 100 feet. For further particulars, inquire of O. NEWCOMB, No. 21 East Broadway, from 2 to 4 P. M.

FOR SALE—A WELL-ASSORTED STOCK OF Jewelry, with fixtures, will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of PETER DURYEE, No. 205 Greenwich-st.

$25,000.—WANTED—A SPECIAL OR GENeral partner with this amount of capital in a well-established cash dry goods business. Address B., Box No. 2,112, with full signature.

FURNITURE.

SCHOOL FURNITURE.
R PATON, No. 24 Grove-st. New-York.
N. B.—Circulars forwarded on application as above.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURniture, in all colors and styles. Wholesale and Retail, at prices from $25 and upwards.
WARREN WARD, No 277 Canal-st., (old No. 33),
Four doors east of Broadway, New-York.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE, of superior and warranted manufacture, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S warerooms, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster-st., New-York.

ENAMELED FURNITURE OF A SUPERIOR quality, manufactured and for sale by J. W. FISHER & CO., No. 690 Broadway, formerly with McGRAW & ALLENDORPH.

TO LET.

TO LET.—THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS THE following first-class dwellings to let:

No. 191 West 14th-st	$1,400
No. 223 West 14th-st	1,350
No. 313 5th-av	1,300
No. 9 East 33d-st	1,000
No. 6 East 34th-st	1,100
No. 89 West 17th-st	1,300
No. 60 West 19th-st	1,150
ALSO,	
No. 69 West 19th-st	600
No. 74 West 19th-st	650
No. 134 5th-st	350
Store No. 163 Greenwich-st	2,500
First floor and basement of store No. 27 Park-row	3,000
Lofts of store No. 18 Pearl-st	600

Leases can be procured on favorable terms.
WILLIAM B ASTOR, No. 85 Prince-st.

TO LET—FROM FIRST MAY NEXT, THE 5-story building corner of Nassau and Beekman sts., now occupied by the *New-York Times*. The premises are well adapted to the newspaper business, having the largest vault in the City, and which extends under both streets. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 72 Wall-st., from 1 to 3 P. M., or to Mr. MORSE, *Observer* office, No. 138 Nassau-st.

N. B.—For sale, a ten-horse engine and two boilers of sufficient capacity to drive the engine and heat the building; also, one four-cylinder press, with all the necessary shafting.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—AT CARMANSVILLE, on King's Bridge road, a desirable family residence; a two-story attic and basement dwelling house, filled in with brick, a fine carriage house and stable, over an acre of ground tastefully arranged and high cultivation, well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees and shrubbery; also, a liberal supply of grapes and other small fruits; also, a good kitchen or vegetable garden. Rent, $750. Apply to E. H. BROWN, from 1 to 3 o'clock P. M.

TO LET—THE PREMISES KNOWN AS THE ASHland Hall Boarding School, West Bloomfield, N. J., 14 miles from New-York, and thence accessible by railroad six times daily, and within two minutes' walk of the dépôt, which they overlook. The buildings, lawn, grounds, fruit and shade trees adapt it finely for a boarding-house or family purposes for either of which uses it will be let and possession given immediately. Apply to DAVID A. FRAME.

TO RENT—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION GIVEN—The entire dwelling part over the new Bull's Head Bank, corner 3d av. and 25th-st., consisting of 24 large, airy rooms, on three floors, high ceilings, and finished with all the modern improvements complete, such as gas-fixtures, hot and cold water, bath rooms, ranges, &c., &c.—a very desirable location for a largest family, or a genteel boarding house. Rent $1,000 per annum. Also for sale at half price, one of Herring's large safes, in perfect order. Apply at the Bull's Head Bank.

A FAMILY GOING TO EUROPE WOULD like to make an arrangement with two or three gentlemen to take their house, with two of their servants, (reliable ones) for six months. The house is in the most accessible part of the City, near Union square, and is replete with every convenience and comfort including two first-rate pianos, and a superior billiard table. Terms not of so much importance as a suitable party. Address HOUSE, Box No. 222 Post Office.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, FURNISHED or unfurnished, at No. 293 Henry-st., Brooklyn, of brick, three stories, 37½x50, with a large yard, including an adjoining lot ornamented with shrubbery. The situation is convenient to the South Ferry. Premises to be seen from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M. in all this week.

TO LET—NOS. 73 AND 75 SEVENTH-STREET, near 2d-av. The houses are four-story and basement, first-class, with the modern improvements, having been connected to accommodate the present occupants. Would make a first-class boarding-house, or will be let separately. Can be seen at all reasonable hours. Apply to J. BISCO, No. 128 East 23d-st., near 3d av., before 10 A. M. or after 5 P. M.

TO LET—PART OF A FIRST-CLASS THREE-story house in Phelps-place, 30th-st., consisting of second story and one half of third; seven rooms, good cellar, wash-tubs, bath, furnace, water-closets, gas, &c. Rent $350. Good reference required.

Also, for sale low, a house of the same description. Inquire of M. C. HULL, No. 288 3d-av.

TO LET—AT LOW RENTS, TWO OF THE ROW of genteel and convenient three story houses with verandas in front on the north side of 86th-st., directly west of 4th av. The location is very desirable the street being 100 feet wide, regulated, lighted, &c., and easy of access by the 2d, 3d or 4th av railroads. Apply to JAMES KING, next house of the row.

TO LET—AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—A LARGE dwelling house in good order, containing thirteen rooms, gas throughout the house, with a fine garden of about one acre, excellent fruit, &c. Two minutes' walk from the dépôt. Rent $400. Apply to G. B. WHITTLESEY, No. 18 Exchange-place, room No. 16.

TO LET—THE TWO-STORY ATTIC AND BASEment dwelling house No. 38 Essex st., Jersey City. The house is in complete order, with gas, chandeliers furnace, bath room, with hot and cold water, and stationary wash tubs in the kitchen. Rent $500. Apply at No. 50 Essex-st., Jersey City.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—ON NORTHWEST corner of 93d-st. and 4th-av., that large dwelling house, with columns and piazzas front and rear, on top of the tunnel at Yorkville—a barn and nine lots, commanding an extensive view of the surrounding country. Rent, $500. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 72 Wall-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

TO LET—PART OF A HOUSE.—THE OWNER and occupant of a modern three-story house will let, to a small respectable family, the second story, consisting of four rooms and one room on the third story, with privilege of bath-room &c. Rent $300. Apply at No. 199 West 31st-st., between 8th and 9th avs., from 10 to 12.

TO LET OR LEASE—FOR A TERM OF YEARS, the property situated corner of Mangin and Delancey sts., 125x150 feet suitable for a lumber or coal yard, having the necessary buildings, sheds, &c. For particulars, apply to J. R. PAXTON & CO., No. 338 4th-av., or at the mill corner of Tompkins and Grand sts.

TO LET—COUNTRY BOARDING-HOUSE—BEAUtifully situated on the banks of Long Island Sound in the town of Rye, completely furnished throughout and ready for immediate occupation. Inquire of JOHN H. MINUSE, on the premises, or at No. 167 Grand-st., Williamsburg.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE MODERN three-story brick dwelling No. 196 Dean-st., between Bond and Nevins sts.; bath rooms with hot and cold water, gas, &c., and will be put in good order; rent $400. Apply to R. C. OGDEN, corner Broadway and Warren sts., New York, or at No. 45 Sidney-place, Brooklyn.

TO LET OR LEASE—A LARGE AND SUBstantial manufactory or workshop, in the rear of No. 108 and 110 Greene st., (second street west of Broadway,) between Spring and Prince sts.; has fire-proof safe, gas and gas fixtures. Inquire at No. 110 Greene-st.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS FRAME-HOUSE, CONtaining 10 rooms, and seven lots in garden, situated in the city of Hudson, N. J., within 20 minutes' walk of Hoboken Ferry; rent $350. For particulars, inquire of G. VAN HOUTEN, No 196 West-st., 3d story, New-York.

TO LET—NEW STORES, HALL, BASEMENT, dwellings and rooms, in suites, south-west corner Broadway and 12th sts., at all prices, and adapted to every description of business. Possession May 1. Apply to JOHN S. KELSO, No. 62 William-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—NO. 28 OAK STREET, brick house, with cartway, lot 30x180, well adapted for the coal or any other business requiring extensive yard room. Apply to JACOB HYATT, corner of Maiden-lane and Broadway.

TO LET—THE LOWER HALF OF A FOUR-STORY English basement house, built for the owner's own use; it is fitted up with bells, speaking-tubes &c.; the rent is $ 60. Inquire on the premises No. 256 West 32d-st, 4 doors west of 9th-av.

TO RENT—A FURNISHED THREE-STORY house, for six months from about the 1st of May; pleasantly situated in 19th-st., near 5th-av.; rent to a small family, $125 per month. Inquire of B. F. GOODSPEED, corner of 5th-av. and 19th-st.

TO LET—TWO SMALL THREE-STORY HOUSES, No. 102 East 33d st., near Lexington-av. with all the modern improvements, such as hot and cold water, gas and gas fixtures. Inquire at No. 114 East 33d-st., from 1 to 3 o'clock; or, to J. McKIBBEN, at No. 345 4th-av.

TO RENT—THE THREE-STORY BROWN-STONE front house No. 96 East 19th st., for one or more years. Rent $1,050. Also the large brick stable No. 45 East 33d-st., (for private use only.) Apply to FRANCIS T. GARRETSON, No 74 Wall-st, Attorney, &c.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY MODERN BRICK house No. 35 East 28th st., between 4th and Madison avs. The house has the modern improvements, is in a good neighborhood and will be put in good order. Apply to T. G. CHURCHILL, No. 18 Wall-st.

TO LET AT MOUNT VERNON—FOUR NEAT two-story houses, with gardens, four minutes' walk from the dépôt on New York and New-Haven Railroad. Rent $50. Inquire of M. CHAMBERLAIN, No. 69 Nassau-st; up-stairs, New-York.

TO LEASE—THE SIX-STORY, BROWN-STONE front building, with basement and sub-cellar, No. 13 Nassau-st., 25 feet in front and 100 feet deep to Theatre alley, with centre light, and well calculated for business. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 78 Nassau-st.

TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS HOUSE NO. 9 LAmartine-place, West 29th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., with all modern conveniences; will be let low to a good tenant. Apply to JOHN H. MORRIS, No. 245 West 34th-st.

LOTS TO LET.—TEN OR TWELVE VACANT lots to let, foot of Baltic st., Brooklyn. Apply at the office of the Hartford Coal Company No. 47 Exchange-place, New-York, or to JAMES BELL, No. 45 Atlantic st., Brooklyn.

TO LET.—NOS. 129 AND 131 EAST TWENTIETH-st., near 3d-av., finished with all the modern improvements—rent $700 each. Apply to T. MACFARLAN & SONS, No. 180 10th-st., near 3d av.

TO LET—NO. 182 EAST NINETEENTH-STREET, between 1st and 2d avs., with gas, Croton, bath, &c., and will be put in good order. Rent $725. Apply to T. MACFARLAN & SONS, No. 180 10th-st., near 3d avs.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING house No. 15 Bond-st., supplied with all the modern improvements. Possession given 1st May next. Apply at No. 53 Walker-st.

TO LEASE—THIRD, FOURTH, AND FIFTH lofts of No. 122 Fulton-st.; $425, $350, $300; suitable for any manufacturing purposes, they being well lighted. Inquire in the store.

TO LET—A TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING house and a large building suitable for manufacturing purposes; situated in Lexington-av., between 56th and 57th sts. Inquire of THOS WYATT, No. 188 Mercer-st.

TO LET—STORES AND OFFICES IN THE *Times* Building on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau sts. Inquire of J. M. TRIMBLE, or T. I. HALL, on premises.

TO LET—THREE ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UNfurnished, suitable for a gentleman and his wife. Call at No. 382 2d-av., near 20th-st.

TO LEASE—THE COAL YARD NO 209 GRAND-st. with two horses and carts, with fixtures complete for the business. Apply as above, from 3 to 6 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LEASE IN THE EIGHTH WARD, BROOKLYN—A very desirable private residence, furnished, with three acres of land in the highest state of cultivation, and beautifully laid out with the choicest collection of ornamental and fruit trees shrubbery and flowers; also, an excellent vegetable garden, a large grapery, with a fine selection of vines bearing well; a green-house, cottage for gardener, stables, &c. A more healthy and pleasant situation cannot be found. It commands an extensive view of the bay and city, and the neighborhood is most desirable. For further particulars, with cards of admission, apply to FOX & POLHEMUS, No. 59 Broad st.; PETER V. KING, No. 41 South-st., New York; or to JOHN B. KING, No. 141 Joralemon-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET—AT FLATBUSH—A LARGE FRAME dwelling house, with an acre of land, barn and outbuildings, situated about the centre of the beautiful village of Flatbush, on the main road, and convenient to three Churches, the Academy, and Post-office. Stages pass the door every half hour. Inquire of J. H HESS on the premises or of J. HESS, at No. 377 Fulton-street, Brooklyn. Rent $350.

TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS THREE-STORY brick house No. 67 North Moore-st., having all the modern improvements, gas, hot and cold water, &c. A convenient residence for a down-town merchant. To a small family the rent will be low. Apply to J. HIGGINS, No. 75 Barclay-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—AT HARLEM, ON corner of 125th-st. and 6th-av., a fine family residence, with gas, bath, range, &c.; good carriage-house, and 8 lots of ground; some fruit and shrubbery. Rent $550. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 72 Wall-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY STONE-front house, with all the modern improvements, No. 8 West 24th-st. Apply to H. J. TAYLOR, No. 118 Chambers-st.

TO LET.—STEAM POWER, AT NO. 448 WATER-st.; second and third floors, well lighted; hoist wheel and easy of access; well adapted to any business requiring steady power; convenient room, and good location. Will be let low to a good tenant. Apply on the premises, or to C. & R. POILLON, No. 224 South-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE LEASE OF four lots at the foot of 38th-st., North River, with dock fronts. On the premises are a steam engine with mill-cracker, &c. Engine-house building 34 by 34 feet; four stories; shed 40 by 60 feet. Apply at No. 473 10th-av., between 36th and 37th sts.

OFFICES TO LET.—DESIRABLE OFFICES IN the second third and fourth stories of the new marble building situated on Broadway, between Wall and Pine sts. can be obtained at reasonable rents, on application at the office of WILLIAM B ASTOR, No. 85 Prince st.

WHARF LOTS—BULKHEAD AND PIER TO lease, between 40th and 43d sts., North River. Also, the lots adjoining on those streets.

CHARLES E. APPLEBY,
Metropolitan Fire Ins. Co., cor Broadway and Pine-st.

TO LET—STEAM POWER AND ROOMS SUITABLE for any manufacturing purpose, corner of Bleecker, Bank and Hudson sts. Inquire of SEE & MAPES, on the premises.

TO LET—THE TWO SPACIOUS STORES ON THE corner of Broadway and 25th st. Apply to
JOSEPH DELAFIELD, No 56 Wall-st.

ROOMS WITH POWER—TWO ROOMS, CORner of Canal and Elm sts., with 14 windows each, and a northwest light. Terms low. JOHN GAUDU, No. 102 Walker-st.

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE BIBLE HOUSE, Astor-place. Inquire in the Treasurer's Office, entrance on 4th-av.

STEAM POWER WITH ROOMS, WELL lighted, to let. Apply to J & G. H. WALKER, Nos. 180 and 182 Centre-st., corner Hester.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL VERY DESIRABLE three-story brown-stone houses and lots, situate in 26th-st., with balconies and inclosed court yards; are entirely new, with gas-fixtures, Croton baths, two water-closets in each, &c.; the houses are each 15 feet 3¾ inches wide by 40 feet in depth, the lots are 92 feet deep; $5,000 of the purchase-money can remain on bond and mortgage on each; an opportunity is here afforded to any small family desirous of enjoying the comforts of a house, with all the modern improvements, without the necessity of expensive furniture or a high rent. Apply to T. MACFARLAN & SONS, No. 180 10th-st., or on the premises.

CLINTON-AVENUE PROPERTY FOR SALE, IN BROOKLYN, L. I.—A fine house, 40x38, with six lots of ground, situate the third place south of Myrtle-av., the right side fronting on Clinton and Vanderbilt avs., with a stable. The house is well built in every respect, and contains all the modern improvements—furnace, gas, bath-room, water-closets, range, hot and cold water, &c. Fruit and ornamental trees, flowers, and grapes, in abundance. Immediate possession given. For terms, apply to the owner, No. 31 Spruce st., New-York, or to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 14 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—SOUTHEAST CORNER FIRST-av. and 53d st.; lot 54x75, with small frame house, renting for $200 per annum; price $3,200; 53d-st. adjoining above; lot 20x80; price $2,100; lot 20x84.6; price $2,210. On these two lots are two brick 3 story dwellings, renting each for $300 per annum. Of the above prices, one-half can remain on bond and mortgage, and the whole will be sold in one lot for $7,000. Apply to CHAS. J. EVERETT, No. 159 Front-st.

NO. 153 WEST FOURTEENTH-STREET FOR SALE.—An elegant four-story first-class brown-stone front house, built in the very best manner; the house is 25x65 and the lot 25x120 feet, with a court-yard in front of 5 feet. The house can be seen at any time, and possession can be given in March or April. To be sold as the owner is to remove from the City. Terms easy. Apply at No. 31 Spruce-st.

FOR SALE—AN EXTRA-SIZED FOUR-STORY residence in one of the most pleasant streets up town, between the 5th and 6th avs. The house was built for the owner's own occupancy, has all the modern improvements, with extra thick walls, and is in first-rate order. Size of house, 32 feet 8 inches by 68 feet. Inquire of WHITE, BRAMHALL & LOCKWOOD, No. 191 Broadway, corner of Dey-st., up stairs.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COMMODIOUS house, with four lots of ground, situated in 158th-st., adjoining AUDUBON PARK, having a view of the river, within five minutes' walk of Hudson River Railroad dépôt. Will be put in good order for a suitable tenant. Possession given immediately. A stable on the premises. Apply to SMALLEY, WEED & BARTLETT.

FOR SALE, NO. 140 WEST FIFTEENTH-STREET—A first-class three story high basement house with sub-cellar, and all the modern improvements, built by day's work for the present owner; house 24 feet 9 inches by 45 feet; lot 24 feet 9 inches by 86 feet 6 inches. Can be seen at any time of day. Inquire on the premises or at No. 187 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE—TWO THREE-STORY BASEMENT and under-cellar brick houses, corner of South 5th and 8th sts., Williamsburg; also, house No. 10 South 4th-st., all fitted up with the modern improvements, water, gas, ranges, &c., in perfect order, and unexceptionable neighborhood. Terms easy. Inquire of J. V. MESEROLE, basement of Williamsburg City Bank.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY AND ATTIC brick house and lot No. 27 Market st.; lot 25x113 feet, with good brick stable in the rear. Entrance to stable on Henry-st. The house is in good order, with gas, hot and cold water, and sewered to the street. Terms easy. Apply to A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

FOR SALE—FOUR FOUR-STORY STONE FRONT houses, containing fourteen rooms each, with store-rooms, pantries, &c., with all the improvements, having high basements; on the north side of 34th-st., eighty feet east of Lexington-av. Apply on the premises, to ARNOLD & MOWBRAYE. Price, $10,000.

RARE CHANCES—CHEAP HOMES—A SNUG house barn, &c., with one acre of land, for sale, on the Newtown plank road, four miles from Williamsburg ferries, situated on the most elevated part of the road; price $2,000; also, a house and three lots—price $750; also a house and two lots—price $650. One third cash, balance can remain at 6 per cent. Apply to G B. BRINCKERHOFF, near the above. Stages pass the door.

FOR SALE.—NO. 147 EAST SEVENTEENTH-st., opposite Stuyvesant Park, an elegant 4-story, first class, brown-stone-front house, built in the very best manner, with all the modern improvements; the house is 20x55 feet; the lot 106 feet deep. The house must be sold. $7,000 or more can remain on bond and mortgage at 6 per cent. To be seen any time. The owner on the ground from 8 to 10 A. M., and from 2 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE.—THE TWO NEW, FIRST CLASS four story brown stone front houses, built in best manner, Nos. 13 and 15 West 37th-st., near 5th-av; houses 25 by 60; lots 25 by half the block; also two houses and lots, Nos 2 and 4 West 32d-st. Inquire of W. FANNING, No. 276 5th-av.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—IN BROOKLYN—The three-story brown-stone house in Hewes-st., between Bedford and Lee avs., finished with all the modern improvements. Immediate possession given. Apply at the office of JEREMIAH JOHNSON, in Kent-av., near Hewes-st., or at No. 201 Fulton-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—LESS THAN COST, OR WOULD EXchange for vacant lots, part of a row of brown-stone houses on south side of 48th st., near 6th-av., high stoops, cellars and modern improvements. Inquire on premises or of D. W. BUCKLEY, No. 93 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEment house No. 92 Charles st., (Warren-place,) modern, and in complete order. house 28x40, lot 30x75, neighborhood very desirable. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st., New-York, Metropolitan Bank Building.

FOR SALE—ON THE CORNER OF 7TH-AV. AND 28th-st. two valuable 4-story brick houses. The corner is handsomely fitted up for a bakery. Will be sold cheap if applied for before the 1st of April. Terms easy. Apply to R BAKER, corner 7th av. and 48th-st.

FOR SALE—THE FIVE-STORY BRICK HOUSE and lot, in fee, No. 232 10th st., between 1st and 2d avs. Lot 25x100. House 25x50, replete with every convenience—water closets, two baths, gas, furnace, &c., in fine order. Price $10,000. Apply to JAMES LEE, No. 49 Wall-st.

FOR SALE, TO LET OR LEASE—THE 4-story and basement house No. 726 Broadway, with side-lights, opposite the New-York Hotel. Possession at once if desired. Lot 25 by 137 feet 6 inches. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine st., No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building.

FOR SALE.—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 195 WEST 42d-st., north side, 375 feet west of 6th-av. Lot, 25 feet front and rear, by 104 feet 4 inches deep. Price, $5,500. Inquire of GEO. R. JACKSON, Excelsior Iron Works, No. 201 Center-st.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THREE SMALL two-story brick-front cottages, Nos. 9, 11 and 13 East Baltic-st., near Court st.; will be sold a bargain. Also, that four-story brick store, No. 89 Fulton-av.

WILLIAM MACKAY, No. 277 Fulton-st.

FOR SALE—A NEW FIRST CLASS FOUR STORY brown-stone front house, with all the modern improvements, built in the best manner, situated No. 5 West 30th-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway, size 25x64. Inquire on the premises from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET—THREE on 36th-st. and 2d-av.; rent $500. 3 on 31st-st., near 3d-av; rent $550, 2 on 30th-st., near 3d-av; rent $550, 2 cottages on 15th-st and 1st-av.; rent $100; with a garden of from 3 to 5 lots of ground. Also, lodge-rooms on 26th-st., No. 120, fitted up for the different benevolent orders. Inquire of ROBERT ORR, No. 45 West 36th-st.

STORE PROPERTY IN POUGHKEEPSIE FOR SALE OR TO LET.—The valuable house and store No 348 Main-st, best business part of the city, will be sold cheap. Apply at SHERMAN'S, No. 142 Washington-st., Hoboken, or R. C. ANDRUS, Poughkeepsie, opposite the premises.

$6,500.—FOR SALE OR TO LET—TWO of the row of 22 beautiful brick cottages in Mansfield-place, West 51st st., west of 8th-av.; size 20x42, lot 20x100, with all the modern improvements; large court-yards in front. Inquire, on premises, of GEORGE FINDLEY.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN-STONE front house No. 44 East 36th st., 24 feet 6 inches by 55 feet. Built in the best manner, with all the modern improvements, and on one of the best sites on Murray Hill. Inquire on the premises.

NEW REAL ESTATE OFFICE.—THE SUBscribers, having opened an office at No. 41 Pine-st., are prepared to serve those who wish to buy or sell real estate. PARK BENJAMIN, HORACE WINANS, No. 41 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE and lot No 20 East 18th-st., between Broadway and 5th av. A capital location for a physician or dentist. Price, $14,000. Address J. E. F., Box 1,886, Post-Office.

FOR SALE—HOUSES FROM $5 500 TO $22 000, with all the modern improvements; also, some to let. Apply to ROBT. H. COBURN, No. 168 West 26th-st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR FIRST-CLASS BONDS OR CITY PROPERTY—A beautiful country-seat in complete order, on the east bank of the Passaic, 8 miles from Jersey City, and can be reached in one hour from Wall-st. There are 66 acres in all—26 are in woodland, lawn, flower and kitchen garden, &c. This place is well adapted for Summer and Winter residence; the house contains all the conveniences of a town house, hot and cold water, laundry, bath, water closets, &c. The out-houses are in perfect order, and consist of gardener's house, coach-house, stable, cow-house chicken-house, barn, tool-house, ice house forcing-house and conservatory; also, bath and boat houses on the river's bank. The grounds are beautifully laid out, and the lawn is unrivaled. The proprietor, being about to sail for Europe, will sell with or without the furniture. For particulars and cards of admission, apply to GEO. PEARCE & CO., No. 52 Park-place, or Dr. WARD, Belleville, N. J.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY RESIDENCES ONLY one hour from Wall-st., on the eastern slope of Orange Mountain, New-Jersey:

A cottage with 11 rooms and 1 acre of land	$3,000
A cottage with 5 acres of land, fruit trees, &c	5,000
A cottage with 4 acres of land, fruit trees, &c	2,500
A stone cottage, 2 acres of land spring, &c	5,000
A place of 16 acres of land and stream of water	3,000
A building site of 13 acres of land and spring of water	6,500

Building sites 5 to 10 acres each, $500 per acre.

A few choice sites on Llewellyn Park of 5 to 10 acres each. For healthfulness, beauty of situation and ease of access, these situations are unrivaled in the vicinity of the City. For particulars maps, plans &c., apply to L. S. HASKELL, No. 44 Cedar-st., New-York.

TO LET AT ASTORIA—A COUNTRY SEAT on the banks of the East River, near Hurlgate, in the immediate vicinity of the steamboat landing, the Summer residence of the subscriber. The house is well adapted to the accommodation of a large family; is beautifully situated on high ground and surrounded by large and ornamental trees. There is an ice-house and a large green-house near the mansion, well filled with plants and flowers. The vegetable garden is large, and contains the different varieties of choice berries and small fruits, together with a large number of full-bearing pear trees of the finest qualities. A small or large portion of land, with farm house, &c., can be had if desired.

Apply to BYAM K. STEVENS, No. 196 Water st.

SITES FOR COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE.—Sites for Country Seats on Verplanck's Point, near the Village of Peekskill, on the Hudson River, are offered for sale.

The sites have a river front and beautifully commanding water and inland views, and are easy of access from the City of New-York by the Hudson River Railroad.

This road does not run between the sites and the river, but has a dépôt within a mile of them, at Verplanck's Point, where all the way trains stop.

All the express trains stop at Peekskill, which is distant only three miles.

For further particulars, apply to
O'GORMAN & WILSON,
No. 24 William-st.

FOR ALL WHO DESIRE TO PROCURE a country residence, attention is invited to the city of New-Brunswick, on the line of the New-Jersey Railroad, distant one hour and a quarter from New-York. The advantages secured are those of health, frequency, rapidity and safety of communication with the City of New-York; great educational facilities, good markets, moderate price of land, and beauty of scenery. Houses and farms in the city and vicinity may be purchased on favorable terms. Information furnished upon application at the office No. 14 Wall-street, room No. 17, third floor.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, NEAR the City; a neat two-story house and kitchen, (new,) on the Newtown Plank-road, four miles from Williamsburg Ferry, with one acre of land, pleasantly located on high ground. Will be sold for $1,500, and terms made very easy. Apply to JAMES E. WILLIAMS, adjoining. Stages pass the door.

TO LET—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT AT Bloomingdale, on the banks of the Hudson River, containing six acres of ground, good house, barn and other outhouses, fine garden, fruit trees, lawn &c., and every part of the premises in perfect order; situated on 76th-st., between the road and the river, and one of the most desirable and lovely spots on Manhattan Island. Apply to D. D. GASSNER, room No. 17, No. 271 Broadway, corner Chambers-st.

KINGSBRIDGE, ON HARLEM RIVER.—A SWISS COTTAGE TO LET.—A small house, containing 10 rooms, suitable for a family in moderate circumstances. The house will be put in good order, with an acre of land for a garden; rent $250 per annum. If wanted, 5, 10 or 20 acres may be had for a small additional rent, with stable and other requisites. Inquire of N. P. BAILEY, No. 255 4th-av., or Fordham on Harlem, 1 mile from Fordham dépôt.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE AT YONKERS, for the Summer months; has gas, water, bath-room, and all the usual conveniences; it is within 5 minutes' walk from the dépôt, commanding view of the Hudson; 3 acres of ground attached; large shade trees, plentiful supply of fruit; stable, cow, &c; will be let to a private family only. Address A. R., Box No. 2,655 New-York Post-Office.

COUNTRY-SEAT TO LET, FURNISHED—Beautifully situated on the Passaic River, near North Belleville, N. J. Communication with Wall-st. within an hour by railroad. There is a cottage, containing 13 rooms, with barn and stable, icehouse, &c., on a lawn of 10 acres, on which are all varieties of forest and fruit trees. Good bathing, boating and fishing. Rent, $600. Apply at No. 235 5th-av.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT KING'S Bridge, Westchester County, two desirable cottages, with one acre of land attached to each, handsomely laid out with shrubbery, &c.; the houses contain 13 rooms each, with all the modern improvements, and in complete order, with stables, sheds, fowl and ice houses. Possession 1st April. Apply to SAMUEL THOMSON, No. 229 West 29th-st.

FOR SALE—THREE COTTAGES AND STABLES, situated at Bath, L. I., with about three acres of land, belonging to the estate of the late Alfred Large. The cottages are situated on the sea side where the bathing is excellent and they could, at little expense, be converted into one large boarding house. Apply to WM. LOTTIMER, Executor, No. 23 Park-place, New York.

TO LET—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, LONG Island, from April 1; two-story house, with carriage house and barn; good garden; well of water near the door, and good location; within half a mile from Syosset Station, Long Island Railroad. Inquire at No. 21 Rose-st., JAMES L. WOOD; or JAMES V. DURYEA, near the premises.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A VERY DESIRABLE country residence, with about 40 acres of land, in Westchester County, about 1½ miles from the Bronxville Station, on the Harlem Railroad. Will be sold at a bargain. Terms easy. Apply to O. B. TWEEDY, No. 12 Vesey-st.

TO LET—IN ELIZABETH, N. J., ABOUT ONE mile from the Railroad Dépôt, on the road leading to Newark, a large, commodious house, garden, &c. together with as much land as required; pleasantly situated, and a very desirable country residence. Apply to BALDWIN, SEXTON & CO., No 11 Maiden-lane.

TO LET—AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—A DESIRable country residence and three acres of land, with barn, carriage-house, &c; good fruit and water, pleasantly situated, within 5 minutes' walk from Bay Way Dépôt; rent $375. Apply to G B. WHITTLESEY, No. 18 Exchange-place, room No. 16.

TO LET—AT NEW-BRIGHTON, STATEN ISLAND, furnished or unfurnished, for the Summer, or on a lease, the house and grounds known as "Rose Cottage," on Richmond terrace, near the landing. The place needs only to be seen to be appreciated. Apply on the premises or to W. K. LOTHROP, No. 23 William st., room No. 13.

FOR SALE—ON SHREWSBURY RIVER, N. J., about five acres, beautifully situated near Port Washington dock. On it is a new two story frame house, 100x25, with extensive out buildings, boat-house, &c. Grounds handsomely terraced. View at office. By A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

FOR SALE AT PATCHOGUE, L. I.—A good 2-story farm house, fine garden, and well of fine water; barn and other out-buildings, with 5 acres of best land attached; a very desirable location. Terms made easy. For particulars, inquire of J. OSBORN, No. 31 Fulton-st., New-York, or JOHN HAVENS, Patchogue.

COTTAGES TO LET—HALF AN HOUR FROM New-York, pleasant and healthy location, near the River, with steamboat at convenient hours, and within three minutes. Rent moderate. Apply at No. 315 Pearl-st.

COTTAGE TO LET—A DESIRABLE COTTAGE eligibly situated, on high ground, one mile above Kingsbridge, on the Yonkers road; easy of access by cars or boat. For particulars, apply to T. R. JACKSON, Room No. 40, No. 229 Broadway, at 12 M.

THE CRARY COTTAGE AT ROCKAWAY, L. I.—For sale the above well-known cottage, with the extra lots extending to the Ocean, being the most desirable residence now unoccupied at Rockaway. For terms, apply to E. H. LUDLOW, No. 14 Pine-st.

TO LET AT BERGEN POINT, N. J.—A neat house, with about half an acre of land, fronting the water, and commanding a fine view of Staten Island, the River and Bay. Apply to JOHN PARET & SON, No. 88 Chambers-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—FOUR COTTAGES, with gardens, &c., at Astoria. Apply to H. L RIKER, No. 160 Nassau-st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE, OR WILL EXCHANGE FOR property in New-York or Brooklyn a desirable residence in the village of Plainfield, New-Jersey. The house is new and large, built in the best manner for the use of the owner; is 38 feet front by 34 feet deep, with front and back piazza—contains 10 rooms, besides halls, basement and cellar; has good marble mantels throughout; grates, range, dumb waiter, &c. The barn and out-houses are all new; neighborhood good, schools and churches convenient; location very healthy. There is about three quarters of an acre of land but more can be had adjoining, if desired. Property without any incumbrance, and will be sold for $6,000. For further particulars, call at (in the evening) or address No. 100 West 13th-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COUNTRY SEAT at Yonkers, on the Hudson River, ten minutes' walk from the railroad and steamboat dépôts, with nearly two acres of ground; has a magnificent view of the river as far down as the Bay, and a very fine inland view; there are eleven rooms above the basement, and bath room, hot and cold water; gas all through the house; carriage-house stables, sheds, hen-house and house for the gardener. The place could be rented furnished or unfurnished. For further particulars, inquire of JOHN A. HATT, No. 215 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—IN "AUDUBON Park" Dépôt, on Hudson River Railroad at 152d-st., 45 minutes time to Chambers st.; steamer during the Summer months—two large, well-arranged houses, barns, out-houses, gardens, fine shade, &c. In the village adjoining, are churches, schools, markets, stores &c. Also, on 16'st-st., between 10th and 11th avs., four well-built double houses, four rooms on the first floor, five on the second, kitchen, &c., with water, ranges &c., in basements above ground. These houses will be let cheap to desirable tenants. Apply to Messrs. ROE, LOCKWOOD & SON, No. 401 Broadway.

TO LET—AT RAVENSWOOD, ON THE EAST River, several beautiful cottages, varying in size from eight to fifteen rooms; are in complete order. Rents from $200 to $500 per annum.

Their locations for attractions and convenience to the City cannot be surpassed within the vicinity.

For further particulars, apply to GILBERT HOPKINS, office No. 37 Fulton-st., second floor, from 11 to 12½ o'clock, or at Ravenswood.

N B.—Possession of two of the houses can be had immediately.

A superior iron safe for sale.

TO LET—TO A GENTEEL FAMILY, A LARGE and superior house in the country, furnished, and having in it gas, water closets baths &c. The situation is delightful, and a little over an hour from this City. If desired, an arrangement might be made for the gentleman and his wife to remain in the family, which would materially reduce the rent. A line to COUNTRY, at this office, stating where an interview may be had, with a view to further particulars, will be attended to.

FOR SALE IN GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT.—A country seat comprising a little over eight acres of land, on which is a large stone dwelling-house now about two thirds completed. The land is beautifully wooded, and has on it a fine well with a constant supply of pure water; said plat fronts on the water, and from the house a prospect of many miles around can be had.

For terms and further information, apply to RICHARD A. OAKLEY, at the Arctic Fire Insurance Co., No. 29 Wall-st., New-York.

TO LET OR LEASE—A COUNTRY HOUSE and about 2½ acres of ground, on the East River, foot of 76th-st. The house is a double 2½-story house, handsomely located, with lawn in front, and in good order. Carriage house, &c., &c. The location is very healthy and convenient to the City. Rent $650. Apply to
T. G. CHURCHILL, No. 18 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIdence in the pleasant village of Dobbs' Ferry, commanding extensive views of the Hudson River. A large double house, stable, carriage-house, nearly new, and grounds tastefully laid out, and everything in perfect order. Price $11,000. Easy terms. Apply to M. K. COUZENS, No 51 Liberty-st., New-York, or at Dobbs Ferry.

TO LET—A SMALL HOUSE AT STAMFORD, Conn., very pleasantly located, opposite St. John's square, and a few steps from the Episcopal Church; house has eight rooms and wood house; ground 70x100 feet, with shade trees; ten minutes' walk from dépôt; rent $150; possession April 1. Apply to S. HOLMES, No. 711 Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE—A HOUSE AND LOT AT IRVington, on the banks of the Hudson River; half can remain on bond and mortgage, and the balance can be paid in good merchandise, or western lands. Price $3,300. Apply to McCRAKEN BROTHERS, No. 69 Wall-st., Room No. 15.

FOR SALE—A RARE CHANCE—ABOUT 18 acres of land, finely located in the beautiful village of Southport, Conn., and within five minutes' walk of the dépôt, churches and the sea shore. A rare opportunity for a gentleman wishing a country-seat. Inquire of Capt. W. THORP, near the premises.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—With furniture, carriage, &c., and 20 acres of land, near New-Brunswick, N. J., commanding a magnificent view. A photograph of the place, which will be sold low, can be seen at the office of F. D'HERVILLY, No. 18 Exchange-place.

TO LET—AT ASTORIA—THE LARGE COUNTRY residence, 16 rooms, and 2 acres of choice land, on Broadway, corner of the Crescent. Apply to J. M. WHITNEY, Astoria.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FINE COUNTRY residence with coach-house and stable, Eastchester, near Mt. Vernon dépôt, Westchester County. Apply to ROBT. H. COBURN, No. 168 West 26th-st., New-York.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A PLEASANT COUNtry residence at South Yonkers; good house, ¾ acre of ground, handsome garden, plenty of fruit. Inquire of J. F. WILLIAMS No 442 8th-av.

FOR SALE.—THE DESIRABLE THREE-STORY and basement brick house and lot No 47 East 31st st., between 4th and Madison avs; has Croton and gas throughout. Terms easy. Inquire on the premises.

FARMS FOR SALE.

TO FARMERS, GARDENERS, &c.—FOR SALE—The beautiful and well-known Dairy Farm on Long Island of the late David S. Mills, situated on the Williamsburg and Jamaica Turnpike Road, 3 miles from Williamsburg and containing 160 acres. This farm is most beautifully located, surrounded by roads, and the turnpike running through the centre of it giving a very extensive front for improvements. It is in fine condition, having been used as a dairy farm for 20 years. There are extensive improvements on the premises, consisting of a large double mansion house, a stone stable 150 feet long 40 feet wide 2½ stories high, with walls two feet thick, and well suited for factory purposes, together with barns, ice-house, blacksmith and wheelwright shops, carriage house, vegetable vault, which will hold 2,000 bushels, built of stone and on a side hill, and a cow and hay barn about 200 feet long. The farm is capable of producing as much as any farm of its size on the Island, for which a premium was awarded by the American Institute as the best farm on Long Island. It is surrounded and divided up by double-faced stone walls. There is a great amount of the choicest kinds of fruit on the premises. The farm will be sold either in parcels to suit purchasers, or in one plot at private sale. If not sold by the 10th day of April it will on that day be sold at public auction, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the Brick Tavern, at Middle Village, adjoining the premises. Stages run to and from the property every hour daily from the Grand and Houston st. ferries. Applications can be made to S. A. MILLS at the Chatham Bank, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., or to C. R. MILLER, No. 34 Pine-st.

FOR SALE ON LONG ISLAND—ONE FARM of 80 acres, 2 farms of 40 acres, accessible by plank road, and by water, 9 miles from New-York; admirably suited to market gardening and early crops. Also, a pleasant cottage residence with 40 acres of good land, near railroad dépôt, half an hour from New-York; this cottage will be let with two acres. All this property will be sold on most favorable terms, small amount in cash, balance in easy payments; vacant City lots up town, will be taken in part payment. Inquire of B. H. CREED, Jamaica, Long Island, or address Box 1,031 New-York Post-Office.

FOR SALE—A FINE FARM OF 86 34-100 ACRES, one mile from Rye Dépôt, Westchester County, seven acres woodland, balance all tillable, well fenced and finely improved; large apple orchard, and a great variety of other fruits. The house is well situated, finely shaded, and supplied with water from a never-failing spring, large barn, carriage house, stable, &c., all in order. This is a first-class farm. Apply to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 21 Wall-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT DARIEN, CONN., a farm of 133 acres of land, with a large two-story double house and out buildings to match. It is pleasantly situated, within three minutes' walk of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad Dépôt. Will be sold low, and on easy terms, or the house may be rented with or without any part of the land at a bargain. Apply to LESTER ST. JOHN, Darien Dépôt, Conn.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR IOWA LANDS—A very snug farm of 35 acres superior land, near Madison dépôt, on the Morris and Essex Railroad, 25 miles from New-York. On it is an excellent new frame house containing nine rooms. It is situated on an eminence, and perfectly healthy.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO HIRE—FOR ONE OR MORE years, a comfortable and commodious country house, with stable and garden attached, near the City, accessible by railroad, and suitable for a residence the year round. Address W. ROPES & CO., No. 159 Front-st., stating size of house and terms.

WANTED—TO HIRE, HALF OF A HOUSE, pleasantly situated, with gas and Croton water, not above 38th st., and between 5th and 8th avs. Rent not to exceed $300. Address W. C., Box No. 1,853 Lower Post-Office.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A HIGH STOOP, modern built house, located between 23d and 40th sts., and Lexington and 6th avs. Price from $8,000 to $12,000. Address J. P. H., box No. 2,007 New-York Post-Office. No objection to hire one at a reasonable rent.

WANTED—A THREE-STORY HOUSE WITH ALL the modern improvements, for a private family, between Bleecker and 20th-st., or between 6th-av. and Broadway. Rent and all particulars specified. Address T. M., *Times* Office.

LAND WARRANTS.

TO HOLDERS OF LAND WARRANTS.—
COLE, SUMNER & CO.,
BANKERS, LA CROSSE, WIS.

Will locate Land Warrants on selected lands in Wisconsin, at the opening of the Land Offices, the 5th day of April. Address early and secure good locations. Refer to KETCHUM, HOWE & CO., Traders' and Importers' Bank, New York.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS—INDISPENsable to travelers, issued through J. B. NONES, Notary Public and Commissioner for all the States, No. 1½ Warren-st., corner of Broadway. Naturalized citizens must produce their naturalization papers. Also, Bounty Lands, Pensions, Extra Pay, &c., procured.

AUCTION SALES.

DANIEL S. HOUGH, Auctioneer—Office No. 229 Broadway.

AUCTION NOTICE EXTRAORDINARY.—No. 35 Clinton-place, in 8th-st., near Broadway. Genuine and peremptory sale at auction of the elegant rosewood, satinwood, oak and mahogany furniture, decorations, and works of art contained in the magnificent private residence No. 35 Clinton-place, in 8th st., between Broadway and University-place, on THIS DAY, (Monday,) March 29, at 10½ A. M., precisely. The following is a partial description of the goods contained in the house, viz.:

In the basement are suites of oak dining-room furniture complete, together with all the kitchen utensils, and elegant china dinner and tea sets, ivory cutlery, silver ware, cut-glass, &c., belonging to the family.

In the parlors are velvet carpets and rugs, and three rosewood parlor suites, centre and side tables, corner and wall etageres, lace window drapery, pier-glasses, China vases, bronze figures, clocks, ornaments, paintings, engravings, lady's secretary, work tables, easy chairs, book-cases, gas fixtures, one rosewood 7-octave piano, stool and cover, &c.

In the chambers are a fine assortment of carved rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, stands, couches, chairs, carpets, cribs, sofas, ten fine curled hair mattresses, blankets, beds and bedding, and a fine variety of desirable goods, too numerous to mention. Descriptive catalogues on the morning of sale. Sale commences at 10½ A. M. precisely.

ALSO,

on TUESDAY, March 30, at 10½ o'clock A. M., from the private residence No. 48 West 23d-st., near 8th av., all the splendid furniture contained in the house. A newspaper description is impossible; to be appreciated it must be seen. The catalogue now ready, contains over 400 lots of superior first class furniture, and a large quantity of elegant decorations, works of art, &c. Sale positive, and no postponement on any account.

W. S. MELLOR, Auctioneer, Office No. 88 Prince-st., near Broadway.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANO-FORTE AND COSTLY HOUSEHOLD DECORATIONS AT AUCTION—On TUESDAY, March 30, at the private residence No. 345 5th-av., near 35th-st., commencing at 10½ o'clock. Descriptive catalogues can be obtained at the office on Monday.

PARLORS contain rosewood piano-forte, made by Dunham of this City; Axminster carpets; ten-light chandeliers; three elaborately-carved rosewood parlor suites, covered in various colors of brocade satin and brocatel; solid rosewood centre tables, with statuary-marble tops; magnificent etageres with French plate glass doors; buhl work-tables, superb French mantel clocks, costly bronze figures and an endless variety of richly-decorated French china ornaments.

DINING ROOM—Solid oak extension dining-table, 16 feet long; oak sideboard; oak chairs and other furniture to match, with tapestry covering; elegant dinner sets of real French china; glass-ware in great variety, of the richest description.

CHAMBERS—Rosewood armoires, with French plate doors; rosewood bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, chairs to match; fine curled horse hair mattresses, pillows, &c.; tapestry carpets, rugs, bedding, oil-paintings, engravings, &c.

BASEMENT AND KITCHEN FURNITURE consists of the usual variety, such as is found in a first-class private residence. The whole of the above furniture was made to order for the owner's private use by one of our first-class City makers, and has been in use only ten months. In order to insure a prompt delivery, a cash deposit, satisfactory to the auctioneer, will be required from all purchasers.

F. NASH, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL AT AUCTION—TO-MORROW, March 30, at 10½ o'clock, all the household furniture in the five-story brown stone residence No. 51 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., containing an unusually fine assortment of parlor, dining room, library, bedroom, and nursery furniture of the latest styles and most exquisite carving, all made to order for the owner's use, and to be sold without reserve, as the house is now to let. It consists of superb carved rosewood parlor furniture in suites of various styles, covered in French satin and moquet; an excellent rosewood piano forte, stool and cover; etageres, with heavy plate glass doors and backs; most expensively carved rosewood centre, side and sofa tables; corner stands, massive rosewood secretary-bookcase, large pier glass, elegant lace and brocatel curtains, rich China vases, clocks, splendid Brussels carpets, together with a large assortment of French China and common crockery, glassware, cutlery, silver ware, mahogany chairs, sofas, rockers, lounges, extension dining table, beds and bedding, hair mattresses, ingrain carpets, rosewood and mahogany bedroom furniture, in suites; basement and kitchen utensils, with which the sale will commence. Every article must be sold.

GEO. A. LEAVITT, Auctioneer.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, AT 10 O'CLOCK—GREAT SALE OF PAPERS.—Peremptory sale of superior papers comprising super royal, royal, medium, demi, flat cap, folio post, letter and note. The catalogue contains 500 reams blue ruled letter, 500 reams white ruled letter, 500 reams blue ruled note, 500 reams flat cap, 100 reams folio post, 100 reams demi writing, 100 reams medium printing, 100 reams colored medium, &c., &c.—the whole to be sold by auction, without reserve, on WEDNESDAY, March 31, at 10 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, March 31, at 1 o'clock.

GREAT SALE OF STEREOTYPE PLATES AND SHEET STOCK—Comprising all the stereotype plates and wood cuts and the entire remainder of editions of the popular publications of G. P. Putnam, to be sold by auction, without reserve, by order of Lowell Mason, Jr., assignee. The catalogue contains over 10,000 volumes of sheet stock.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer, Salesroom No. 23 Nassau-st.

AMERICAN ARTISTS' ANNUAL SALE OF original oil and water-color paintings and drawings, embracing the works of J. F. Kensett, G. White, T. Doughty, J. F. Cropsey, G. L. Brown, Lilly M. Spencer, W. M. Brown, J. McEntee, W. Hart, A. D. Shattuck, W. L. Sontag, D. M. Carter, F. O. C. Darley, Williamson, Watterson, Lannan, G. H. Hall, G. H. Hill, Coleman, Oddie, Culverhouse, Helf, Von Beest, Pyne, J. M. Hart, Blondell, Bellows, Blauvelt, Brewerton, Boutelle, Moran, Loomis, Riechart, D. C. Johnson, Ingram, Brevoort, Suydam, Wright, Fish, Whitley, and others, to be sold at auction by HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., on THURSDAY, April 1, and FRIDAY, April 2, at 11 o'clock each day, at their gallery, No. 23 Nassau st., between Pine and Cedar sts. They will be on exhibition on Monday, 29th, until days of sale, with catalogue.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF AN ELEGANT PRIVATE DWELLING HOUSE IN SECOND AVENUE.—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell at public auction, by order of Executors, at the Merchants' Exchange, on THURSDAY, the 1st of April next, at 12 o'clock, the elegant 3 story and attic brick house and lot No. 110 2d-av., near 7th st., lot 26.10x125 feet, with privilege of 10 feet extra on the avenue for a court yard. House 26.10x56 feet. Contains every modern improvement and is in perfect order, having been occupied by its late owner for his own residence. Can be seen from 12 to 3 P. M., daily. Terms of sale—Ten per cent. down; two-thirds may remain on mortgage for three years; balance on the 26th April, when deed and possession will be given.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

TEN HOUSES ON FOURTH, THIRTY-SECOND AND THIRTY-SIXTH STREETS, AND SIXTH-AVENUE.—A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell, THURSDAY, April 1, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

ON EAST THIRTY-SECOND-STREET—Five 4-story English basement brick houses and lots, Nos. 66, 68, 70, 72 and 74.

ON SIXTH AVENUE—Three 4-story brick stores and dwellings, Nos. 408, 410 and 412. Rent for $800 and $700 each.

ON THIRTY-SIXTH-STREET—First class 3-story and basement brown-stone house and lot, near Broadway, No. 87 West.

ON FOURTH-STREET—Four story brick freestone basement house and lot, No. 399, near Bowery. Rent, $1,200. Terms liberal. Maps, &c., at No. 7 Broad-st.

PHILIP R. WILKINS, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE—BY ORDER OF ASSIGNEES, OF A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF INDIA RUBBER GOODS.—PHILIP R. WILKINS will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 30, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 337 Broadway, by order of H. S. Rogers, Esq., Assignee, the entire stock contained in said store, consisting, in part, of India-rubber boots, shoes, coats, cloaks, caps, capes, canes, mounted with gold and silver; india-rubber thread for weaving elastic netting; tubing, hose, life-preservers, toys, combs, whips, brushes, balls, &c., together with a general assortment of India-rubber goods. Also, an iron safe, show-cases, fixtures, &c.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

10 VALUABLE LOTS ON FOURTEENTH-ST. AT AUCTION.—EDWARD H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 31, 1858, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

FOURTEENTH-STREET—The 10 valuable lots on the south side of 14th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.; they will be restricted against nuisances, and the buildings erected to be dwellings equal to those on the same side of the street above, and are each 21.6x103.3, and are the only unimproved lots in the block; 80 per cent. on mortgage. The mortgage on every other lot will be removed for builders' convenience, if desired. Maps, &c., at No. 14 Pine-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer. Salesroom No. 23 Nassau-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction, on TUESDAY, March 30, at 10½ o'clock, at the sales room No. 23 Nassau-st., a large invoice of imported diamonds and jewelry, of the finest description, just received, consisting of bracelets, pins, ear-rings, finger-rings, brooches, gold and silver watches, vest and guard chains, cameo sets, diamonds and rubies, set and unset, gents' diamond gold rings, ladies' do., scarf pins, gold seals, armlets, sets of gold studs, embracing in all a general assortment.

Also, an assortment of jewelers' and pencil-maker's tools, consisting of lathes, &c.

PHILIP R. WILKINS, Auctioneer.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—PHILIP R. WILKINS will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 31, 1858, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 142 West 25th-st., the entire furniture contained in said house, consisting in part of rosewood and mahogany sofas, chairs, reception chairs, divans, pier tables, side-board, dining tables, mahogany French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, &c. Also, rosewood piano-forte, music rack and stool, chandeliers and gas fixtures, China and glass ware, together with an assortment of kitchen furniture.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer, salesroom No. 23 Nassau-st.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF CABINET FURNITURE.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell by auction on TUESDAY, 30, and WEDNESDAY, 31st March, at 10½ o'clock, each day, at No. 455 Broadway, by order of the assignees, the balance of the large and valuable stock of cabinet furniture, comprising every article in the line, all of the best quality and most fashionable styles. Also, a large lot of velvet plush, medallion, moquet, oil-cloth carpets, furniture not upholstered, &c., &c., being the balance of the stock, with all the fixtures, without reserve.

SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer.

BY SIMEON DRAPER, OFFICE NO. 46 Pine-st., corner of William.—Regular Auction Sales at the Merchants' Exchange EVERY DAY. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale. Sale THIS DAY at 12½ o'clock. See catalogue.

TO MACHINISTS, IRON-FOUNDERS, &c.—AUDITORS' SALE OF MACHINERY, IRON AND TOOLS.—Will be sold at auction on TUESDAY, March 30, 1858, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the foundry or factory of the New-York Wrought-Iron Railroad-Chair Company, Morgan-st., near Washington, Jersey City, N. J., by virtue of an order of the Supreme Court of New Jersey, all the machinery, tools, stock and fixtures of said Company, including a steam-engine, chair machines, punching, shearing, planing and drilling machines, and a variety of tools, &c., used in iron-working; also, bar, boiler and scrap iron, bar and scrap steel, fire brick, and 40 tons of coal. Terms made known on day of sale.

W. B. WILLIAMS,
ISAAC J. VANDERBEEK, } Auditors.

AUCTION SALES.

J. BOGART, Auctioneer.

BY S. BOGART, MONDAY, MARCH 29, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 119 Waverley-place, general household furniture, consisting of parlor suites, mahogany sofas, do. chairs, dressing bureaus, marble top centre tables, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, mirrors, mahogany French bed-steads, beds and bedding, window curtains and shades, wardrobes, wash stands, and crockery, mantel clock, paintings and engravings, crockery and glass-ware, kitchen furniture, and utensils.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

BY ALBERT H. NICOLAY, OFFICE NO. 4 BROAD-ST.—Regular Auction sales of Stocks, Bonds, Notes, and other securities every day. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale, and at the Brokers' Board. Sale THIS DAY, at 12½ o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange. For full particulars see catalogues, or *Journal of Commerce, Courier and Enquirer, Morning Express, Daily News and Morning Herald.*

FINANCIAL.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris.

Grant letters of credit for Mercantile purposes. Also, circular letters of credit on all the principal towns and cities of

FRANCE,	GREAT BRITAIN,	IRELAND,
HOLLAND,	BELGIUM,	SPAIN,
PORTUGAL,	SWITZERLAND,	ITALY,
GERMANY,	RUSSIA,	SWEDEN.
	ALSO, ON	
ATHENS,	BEYROUT,	CONSTINOPLE,
JERUSALEM,	ALEXANDRIA,	CAIRO,
	&c., &c.	

Office in New-York, No. 8 Wall-st.

Bills on Paris at short, or 60 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

FRANCIS & JAMES KAIN,
BANKING AND COLLECTION OFFICE,
No. 39 Exchange-place, near William-st.,
New York.

Collections made upon all parts of the United States and the Canadas with dispatch, on the most favorable terms. Loans and business paper negotiated. Stocks, bonds, &c., bought and sold on commission. Orders solicited.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,
issue
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT,

for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world. Also,

MERCANTILE CREDITS,
for use in EUROPE, CHINA, etc.

SATHER & CHURCH,
OF SAN FRANCISCO.

The American Exchange Bank is authorized, to a limited extent, to cash on presentation the unpaid drafts drawn by SATHER & CHURCH, at San Francisco, on said Bank, whether payable at the counter of that Bank or elsewhere.

The same arrangement applies also to the outstanding drafts of W. O. SLEEPER & CO., of Columbia, Cal. Drafts to be presented in duplicate.

JOHN B. MURRAY

Has removed to the offices lately occupied by the United States Trust Company,

NO. 40 WALL ST., MANHATTAN BANK BUILDING.

Business Paper and Loans on Securities negotiated.
Bonds and Stocks bought and sold on commission.
Orders for the investment of money, collection of dividends and sale of securities, executed promptly.

STATE OF IOWA 7 PER CENT. BONDS, Due in 1868; principal and interest payable in the City of New-York. State debt limited by Constitution to $250,000.

Peoria and Bureau Valley Railroad 7 per cent. Bonds, due 1868, convertible into the Stock of the Company on which 8 per cent. dividend is paid. The road is perpetually leased to Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company, at an annual rent of $125,000.

City of St. Louis 6 per cent. Bonds.

County of St. Louis (short) 7 per cent. Bonds.

City of Keokuk 8 per cent. Bonds due in 1876, guaranteed by Keokuk, Fort Des Moines and Minnesota Railroad.

City of Keokuk 10 per cent. Anticipation Bonds, due May 1, 1859 and 1860. For sale by

CLARK, LODGE & CO., No. 51 Wall-st.

Full particulars, including the Constitution and Laws of Iowa; copy of lease of P. and B. V. R. R., can be had on application as above.

THE UNDERSIGNED, TRUSTEES OF the Second Mortgage of the NORTHERN CROSS RAILROAD COMPANY, hereby give notice that they have drawn by lot the following numbers of Second Mortgage 8 per cent. Convertible Bonds of said Company, viz.: 11, 12, 25, 58, 68, 76, 95, 126, 149, 169, 178, 183, 190, 251, 264, 283, 330, 339, 354, 361, 376, 377, 384, 443, 457, 471, 499, 1245, 1330, 1345, 1382—thirty-one Bonds of $1,000 each; and 536, 548, 623, 627, 629, 633, 671, 684, 691, 718, 735, 742, 763, 768, 772, 779, 787, 788, 792, 811, 836, 850, 851, 858, 917, 924, 941, 956, 976, 1029, 1135, 1137, 1152, 1163, 1179, 1193, 1212, 1227—thirty-eight Bonds of $500 each; together $50,000, which are to be purchased on the 1st June next, at par, by the Chicago Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company, as per agreement stipulated in the Bonds. The interest on the Bonds bearing the above-mentioned numbers, will cease on the 1st June next.

JOHN ELIOT THAYER,
J. M. FORBES,
LOUIS A. VON HOFFMANN, } Trustees.
BOSTON, March 3, 1858.

TO BONDHOLDERS.—OFFICE OF THE TERRE HAUTE, ALTON AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 18 William-st., New-York, March 20, 1858.—This Company are now prepared to issue Bonds for the coupons of the Second Mortgage Bonds of the Terre Haute and Alton Railroad Company, due Feb. 1, 1858, and Aug. 1, 1858; also, for the coupons of the Second Mortgage Bonds of the Belleville and Illinoistown Railroad Company, due May 1, 1858 and Nov. 1, 1858; also, for the coupons of the 10 per cent. Sinking Fund Bonds, due Nov. 1, 1857, May 1, 1858, and Nov. 1, 1858. C. MURDOCK, Treasurer.

WANTED TO LOAN—$3,000 ON BOND AND mortgage, upon property in a town in the immediate vicinity of the City, worth $8,000. Any person having the above amount to loan for two or three years, will find this a good investment, as the money will be used to improve the property upon which the mortgage is given, and which will make it worth $12,000. The interest will be promptly paid at any place the mortgagee may designate. For information, address WM. H. PAYNE, care G. B. Reilay & Co., corner North Moore and West sts., N. Y.

MILWAUKEE CITY BONDS.—NOTICE IS hereby given to persons holding Milwaukee City Bonds maturing on March 31, that the same will be paid on and after that date, upon presentation at the office of Meigs & Greenleaf, No. 50 Exchange-place, in the City of New-York.

J. B. CROSS,
Mayor of the City of Milwaukee, Wis.
March 17, 1858.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY, }
NEW-YORK, March 15, 1858. }

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Directors of the Panama Railroad Company will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 88 Wall st., Tontine Buildings, on MONDAY, 5th day of April next. The polls will open at 12 o'clock, M. and close at 2 P. M.

JOS. F. JOY, Secretary.

OFFICE HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD CO., }
BOSTON, March 25, 1858. }

THE COUPONS DUE AT NEW-YORK April 1, 1858, on the land mortgage bonds of the HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY will be paid on and after that date, on presentation at the Banking House of DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

R. S. WATSON, Treasurer, &c.

INVESTMENT.—TO CAPITALISTS.—WANTED to sell for cash, from $2,000 to $4,000 worth of the capital stock of a Western Gas Light Company, in the State of Michigan. Nine per cent. guaranteed first year. No Brokers need apply; no commissions paid. Address GAS LIGHT, Station D, Bible House.

NEW-YORK, ALBANY AND TROY PAPER WANTED.—Collections made in Northern and Western States. Remittances in Bank Drafts.

GEORGE PARISH OGDEN,
Banking Agency, Troy, N. Y.

$100,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND Mortgage, in sums to suit, on City improved property. Brokers need not apply.

FRANCIS & JAMES KAIN, No. 39 Exchange-place.

FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS PAPER WANTED.—Also, paper of Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and Albany houses.

JOHN B. MURRAY,
No. 40 Wall-st., Manhattan Bank Building.

DETROIT CITY BONDS.—THE INTEREST due on the 1st of April on the Detroit City Stocks will be paid at the office of CARPENTER & VERMILYE, No. 44 Wall-st. CHARLES PELTIER, Comptroller.

MILWAUKEE CITY SEVEN PER CENT Sinking Fund Bonds for sale by MEIGS & GREENLEAF, No. 50 Exchange-place.

$4,500 AND $3,000—TO LOAN ON BOND and Mortgage on real estate in the City of New-York. Apply to J. H. LEE, No. 13 Chambers-st.

A LADY WISHES TO MEET WITH A friend who would loan her a small amount of money for three months, for which security will be given. Address A. B., *Times* Office.

DIVIDENDS.

BULL'S HEAD BANK DIVIDEND.—THE Directors have declared a semi-annual dividend of four per cent., payable to the stockholders on the 1st of April prox. The transfer book will be closed till that date. By order of the Board.

J. H. ELDREDGE, Cashier.
NEW-YORK, March 19, 1858.

INSURANCE.

FIREMAN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY.—The books for subscription to the Capital Stock of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, are now open at the office No. 110 Broadway, basement, at the Metropolitan Bank. March 25, 1858.

DAVID MILLIKEN,
FRANKLIN H. DELANO,
CHARLES McDOUGALL,
JOHN C. HENDERSON,
PETER H. TITUS,
JOSEPH B. VARNUM, JR.,
HENRY M. GRAHAM, } Commissioners.

OFFICE PARK FIRE INS. CO.—NO. 237 Broadway, corner Park-place.—New-York, March 20, 1858.—The annual election for forty-five Directors of this Company will be held at the office, on Monday, 5th April next. Poll open from 12 M. until 2 P. M.

WM. JAFFRAY, Secretary.

PERUVIAN GUANO.

GOVERNMENT BRAND AND WEIGHT—Direct from the Peruvian Agents' store-houses, in large or small quantities, at agents' prices.

A. LONGETT, No. 34 Cliff-st.

NO. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO, WARRANTED pure, in lots from 1 to 500 tons, at less than agents' prices.

GRIFFING BROTHER & CO.,
No. 60 Cortlandt-st., New-York City.

BANK NOTICES.

MARINERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION, }
Third-avenue, corner of Ninth-street. }

MONEYS DEPOSITED ON OR BEFORE April 1 will bear interest from that date, at the rate of 6 per cent. on sums of $500 and under, and at 5 per cent. on sums over $500.

Bank open daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on Wednesday and Saturday Evenings from 5 to 8 o'clock.

THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President.
PHILIP W. ENGS,
CHAS. MILES, } Vice-Presidents.
I. T. SMITH, Secretary.

IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' BANK, }
New-York, March 26, 1858. }

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this institution will be held at the Bank, No. 245 Broadway, on the second MONDAY (12th) of April next, for the election of eighteen Directors and three Inspectors of Election. The poll will be opened at 10 o'clock A. M. and close at 12 M.

JAMES BUELL, Cashier.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, }
NEW-YORK, Tuesday, March 23, 1858. }

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking house on TUESDAY, April 6, ensuing. The poll will open at 12 M., and close at 1 o'clock P. M. By order.

W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.

ORIENTAL BANK, New York, March 29, 1858.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS and Inspectors for the next ensuing election will be held at the banking house No. 311 East Broadway, on MONDAY, the 12th April. Poll open from 12 to 1 P. M. By order.

W. A. HALL, Cashier.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 96 WARREN-ST.—Open daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays from 4 to 7 P. M. Interest at 6 per cent. on all sums from $1 to $500.

M. D. VAN PELT, President.
V. L. BUXTON, Secretary.

ROSEHILL SAVINGS BANK, CORNER EIGHTH-AVENUE AND FOURTEENTH-STREET.—Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. All sums deposited in this Bank on or before the 10th of April next will draw interest from the 1st.

W. F. HAVEMEYER, Pres't.
J. BRINKERHOFF, Secretary.

THE BANK OF NEW-YORK HAS REMOVED to the corner of Wall and William sts.

A. P. HALSEY, President.
NEW-YORK, March 29, 1858.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

FIRST-PRIZE MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS.

Elegant Illustrated Pamphlets (32pp. 8vo) sent by mail. Address MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, Mass.

A PIANO-FORTE AND STOOL FOR SALE.—The property of a family giving up housekeeping; four round cornered, finished all round alike, with superb carved work, rich carved legs, grapes and vines in relief, elegant rosewood case, beautifully inlaid with gold and pearl, delightful tone, easy touch and is a superb parlor piano without spot or blemish, is replete with modern improvements, 7-octave with scolloped end keys, 3 months in use, a superior instrument, City make, of undoubted reputation, with written guarantee for two years; cost $500, price $300. Apply at No. 678 8th-av., between 39th and 40th sts., east side, any time after 7 A. M., till night. N. B.—Has packing case for shipping.

PIANO-FORTE FOR SALE—AT A DECIDED BARGAIN.—Description, viz.: In scale is 7-octave, made of rich rosewood, four round corners finished back, carved and scolloped all round, massive carved legs, with grapes in relief, delicious tone, full and powerful, is almost new, is in perfect order, and is a gem; has every improvement, celebrated City maker's, two years' warrantee; will be sold a dead bargain for cash, is richly inlaid. Apply at residence No. 70 Washington-st., near Front-st., Brooklyn, six blocks from Catharine or Fulton Ferries, after 8 A. M., till Thursday. N. B.—Piano cost $400; price $275, only.

A CASH CUSTOMER CAN PURCHASE A most magnificent rosewood 7-octave Piano forte; original cost $375, will be sold for $240, with stool; made by the best makers in this City; large round corners, double row of mouldings, carved desk and lyre, iron frame, beautifully ornamented, full rich tone, perfectly new, and selected by a professor of music. Apply at 358 Broome st.

RARE BARGAINS!—AN EXTENSIVE AND varied assortment of second-hand Pianos at $35, $50, $75 and $100. New rosewood 7¼ octaves, in elegant cases at $200 and upwards. Also, a superior stock of pianos, own manufacture, fully warranted. Offered at low prices for a short time only.

T. H. CHAMBERS,
Nos. 8 and 10 Bible-House, 4th-av. and 8th-st.

A FAMILY HAVING NO FURTHER USE for their piano will sell it for $35; rosewood, 6¾ octave, has all the latest improvements, made by one of the oldest makers in this City, splendid full tone, and cost more than double the amount asked; is good as new. Call at No. 156 1st av., between 9th and 10th sts.

PIANO-FORTES TO HIRE, WITH THE PRIVILEGE OF BUYING.—WM. LINDEMAN & SONS, No. 56 Franklin-st., near Broadway, offer for sale a general assortment of pianos, finished in the latest style, with all the modern improvements, at prices which cannot fail to suit purchasers.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN PIANO-FORTES.—Messrs. LIGHTE, NEWTON & BRADBURYS, No. 421 Broome-st., respectfully invite attention to their Piano-fortes, constructed with the patent arch wrest-plank, which is undoubtedly the most substantial improvement ever introduced into this instrument.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS—OF SUPERIOR make at extremely low prices for cash; second hand pianos at bargains. Pianos and melodeons to rent and rent allowed on purchase; for sale on monthly payments. Also music at half-price at the Piano Agency of HORACE WATERS, No. 333 Broadway.

RAVEN, BACON & CO., (SUCCESSORS TO BACON & RAVEN,) Piano-forte manufacturers, wareroom No. 135 Grand st., near Broadway, where a full assortment of instruments may be found, exclusively of our own manufacture. Warranted in every respect.

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE Pianos, manufactured by STEINWAY & SONS, No. 54 Walker-st., near Broadway, will be sold at reduced prices, and warranted for three years. Received the first premium wherever exhibited.

A MAGNIFICENT GRAND DIAGONAL 7-octave rosewood piano unique finish made by one of the best makers, and warranted; splendid touch and full, brilliant tone; cost $500; been used a few months; will be sold at a great bargain. Inquire at No. 141 9th st.

HAINES BROTHERS' CELEBRATED pianos, new and second-hand, to let or for sale, on installments at their manufactory, Nos. 330, 332 and 334 2d-av.; corner of 21st st., New-York, by J. M. PELTON.

MEDICAL.

THE TALENT OF THE MOST EMINENT EUROPEAN ARTISTS

Is employed in illustrating the new edition of that practical Medical Work,

HUMAN FRAILTY;
OR, PHYSIOLOGICAL RESEARCHES,
JUST ISSUED FROM THE PRESS.

It describes the causes and effects of all diseases of a delicate nature; it contains copious instructions for the perfect restoration of those who are prevented by impediments from entering into the married state, and for the permanent cure of all diseases arising from imprudences, with observations on the careful results of early abuse; also a professional dissertation, illustrating the results of chemical tests, and examination of the spermatoza, by the patentee's newly-constructed microscope, with powerful lenses.

Price 25 cents. Sent free of postage to any part of the country.

This invaluable work may be obtained, as well as the Triesemar, from Dr. BARROW, No. 157 Prince-st., few blocks west of Broadway, New-York. To be consulted as usual, from 11 A. M. till 2 P. M., and from 4 till 8 in the evening.

J. LOEWENDAHL,

THE MAGNETIZER,

No. 291 Atlantic-st.,

Brooklyn.

$500 REWARD.—DR. JEFFRIES' ANTIDOTE, a Specific Mixture for the cure of Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, and similar disorders. It makes a speedy cure, without the least restriction of diet, drink, exposure, or change in application to business. Further, the disease cannot be contracted if a dose of the Antidote is taken when exposed. Repeated experiments and long experience have proved that it will radically cure any case that can be produced. This desirable result is obtained in from two to ten days; and as it neither creates nausea nor offends the palate, and renders unnecessary all deviation in diet or interruption to usual pursuits, sound sleep or healthy digestion, the disease is thus removed as speedily as is consistent with the production of a thorough and permanent cure. Its ingredients are entirely vegetable, and no injurious effect, either constitutionally or locally, can be caused by its use.

Price, One Dollar per Bottle.

C. H. RING, General Agent,
No. 192 Broadway, New-York.
M. S. BURR & CO., No. 1 Cornhill, Boston.

$1,000 FORFEITED AND NO CHARGE UNLESS CURED.—Dr. HUNTER'S Red Drop cures when regular treatment of other physicians and all other remedies fail. It is your only reliance for a thorough cure in certain diseases. No. 3 Division-st., the only place now so well known for the very many extraordinary cures it has performed, without diet or hindrance from business, when all other remedies only drive the disease into the blood—$1 only. This secures the patient from secondary attacks, and is the only remedy on earth that does it.

RICORD'S PRACTICE.—C. HAMMOND, M. D., pupil of Ricord, of Paris, (who is the first living surgeon for diseases, &c., of the sexual system,) and of Professors Carnocham and Mott, of this City, may be consulted in English, French, and by letter. Office, No. 61 Bleecker-st., 8th house east of Broadway, New-York. Hours from 1 to 1, and 5 to 8 evenings.

BUY OF DR. LARMONT HIS PARIS AND London Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, 400 pages, profusely illustrated, $1, corner of Spring and Mercer sts., opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, New-York, before you marry or adopt any treatment for sexual debility or disease, as it informs of all the remedies and a certain mode of cure. Office hours for treatment, 11 to 5.

DR. RALPH, AUTHOR OF THE PRACTICAL Private Treatise, has discovered a new and highly successful treatment of seminal emissions, debility, impotence, &c., &c., resulting from self-abuse. Offices No. 784 Broadway, corner 10th-st. Hours 10 till 1 and after 6.

DR. HASTINGS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF NAPHTHA—The great remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, and all diseases of the Lungs. Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. F. L. PARMERTON, Sole Agent, No. 213 Fulton-st., New-York.

LEAKY ROOFS.—EVERY DESCRIPTION OF roofs made tight, and painted with the patent Cement Roof Paint 1 cent per square foot; warranted for three years. Apply at No. 213 Fulton-st., basement.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NEW-YORK STATE CANALS—NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—REPAIRS OF CHAMPLAIN CANAL.—In pursuance of Act, Chapter 105, Laws of 1857, and of a Resolution of the Contracting Board, notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, at the Canal Commissioners' Office, in the city of Albany, until Tuesday, the 13th day of April next, at 10 o'clock A. M., for furnishing all the materials and performing all the work necessary or that may be required, to keep in good repair, and in good navigable condition, during such time in each year as the Canal Commissioners, or Commissioner in charge shall direct, for a period of five years from the 10th day of May next.

SECTION NO. 1 CHAMPLAIN CANAL.

Penalty in Bond.......................................$7,000

Together with all and each of the Side Cuts, Structures, Feeders and Reservoirs connected therewith.

Every proposal shall be accompanied by an affidavit indorsed thereon of each person uniting in such proposal, that he is not directly or indirectly interested in any other proposal for the same work or materials, or any part of the same; that he has no agreement or understanding with any other person to become interested in any other proposal or contract for the same work or materials, or any part thereof; and that no other person than such as shall be named in the proposal is interested in the same, or has any agreement or understanding to become interested in any contract that may be made in pursuance of such proposal.

Every proposal for the above-mentioned work or materials must be accompanied with a bond to the people of this State, in the penalty specified above, and which bond shall be signed by the party making such proposal, and two or more responsible sureties, with such evidence of their responsibility as the Contracting Board shall require, and which sureties shall justify in sums equal in the aggregate to twice the amount of such penalty.

Each proposal must be accompanied by the certificate of the Supervisor of the town, and the County Clerk or the County Judge of the County in which said surety shall reside, or any two of them, as to the responsibility of said sureties.

The persons to whom the work may be awarded will be required by the contracting Board to give the bond for the payment of laborers' wages, as required by chapter 278, of the laws of 1850.

No acceptance of a proposal or award of a contract by the contracting Board, and no contract made by them, or any interest in the same, shall be assignable to any person or persons, without the written consent of the Canal Commissioners.

The Commissioners will reserve fifteen per cent. of the amount of each relative monthly estimate of work done and materials delivered as a security to the State for the performance of the contract, and at the expiration of the third month of each year the fifteen per cent. thus retained during the previous year shall be paid to the contractor, providing the provisions of the contract shall have been fully complied with.

In case the contracting Board shall be of opinion that the proposals made at any meeting thereof, pursuant to any advertisement, are, in consequence of any combination or otherwise, excessive and disadvantageous to the State, they may decline all or any of the said proposals, and advertise anew for the work and materials embraced therein.

The person or persons to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to receive the boats, tools, and other implements specified in the following schedule, and allow therefor the respective prices therein stated, viz.:

SCHEDULE

Of Property belonging to the State on Section No. 1 Champlain Canal, together with the valuation of the same:

4,083 feet B. M. Hemlock Timber and Plank, $51 04; 600 do Elm Boards, $12; 250 do. Pine Lumber, $6 25; 50 do. Oak Lumber, $1 50; 2 Bridge Caps, $6; 22 unfinished Wheel Barrows, $22; 4 set Gin Poles, $4; 6 Stone Boat Plank, $1 50; 2 State Scows, $500; 2 small Boats, $150; 6 Stone Boats, $3; 6 Draft Chains, $10; 1 Desk and Table, $4; 1 Table, $3; 1 Fluid Lamp and Can, $1 50; 2 large Pinch Bars, $5; 1 Boom Derrick, $10; 1 Anchor, $3; 3 Bog Hoes, $1 50; 18 Cast Steel Drills, $32; 1 Crab, $7; 1 Plow, $5; 5 Water Pails, 62c.; 1 Dipper, 13c.; 1 Hoe, 38c.; 1 Pile Auger, $8; 2 Steam Presses, $3; 72 Steel Shovels, $36; 4 Axes, $3; 34 Picks, $34; 2,100 pounds old Iron, (Cast,) $21; 1400 pounds old Iron, (Wrought,) $21; 54 Wheel Barrows, $81; 4 Bridge Hooks, $3; 3 Cross-cut Saws, $4 50; 9 Scrapers, $4; 3 Shackle Bars, $3; 12 Augers, $8; 2 Lanterns, $1; 2 Boat Pumps, $2; 500 pounds old Rope, $5; 12 Lock Lamps, $6; 3 Cant Hooks, $3; 2 Adzes $1; 4 Wrenches $2; 2 Pike Poles, $1; 15 Sledges $15; 6 Oil Cans, $3; 1 pair Blacksmith's Tongs, 50c.; 2 Spike Mauls, 50c.; 1 pair Portable Bellows, $4; 1 Paint Brush, 15c.; 4 Pad Locks, $1; 4 Work Benches, $4; 1 Bench Screw and Vise, $1; 1 Iron Vise, $3; 1 Anvil, $2; 1 Gravel Seive $3; 10 pounds White Lead, 92c.; 3 Tool Chests, $1 50; 50 Mud Bucks, $5; 4 Saw Benches, $1; 25 pounds Cut Nails, $1 25; 2 Hammers, $1; 34 Crow Bars, $34; 50 pounds Dock Spike, $4 50; 100 pounds Cast Bridge Framings, $5; 1 Steam Box and Boiler, $3; 10 Stoves and Pipes, $40; 45 Dock Sticks, $45; 250 pounds Spike, $11; 2 Grout Boxes, $1; 2 Pit Saw Bucks, $2; 1 Roll Boat, $2; 1 Pile Driver, $50; 2 Rakes, $2; 3 Ladders, $3; 2 Branding Irons, 75c.; 10 Tackle Blocks $10; 3 new Paddle Gates and Fixtures, $50; 25 yards Quarry Stone, $25; 1 Ice Breaker, (sunk,) $2. Total, $1,453 94.

The aggregate of the same to be paid in twelve equal monthly payments.

The person or persons to whom the work may be awarded, will be required to enter into contract for the performance of the work within ten days after the same shall have been awarded to him or them, upon the terms prescribed by the contracting board.

The name or names of the persons proposing must be written out in full, with their places of residence.

The specifications and blank propositions and forms of contracts and bonds will be ready for examination at the above mentioned office, ten days prior to the time specified for the letting. Dated Albany, March 6, 1858.

SAMUEL S. WHALLON,
CHARLES H. SHERRILL,
JOHN M. JAYCOX, } Canal Commissioners.
V. R. RICHMOND, State Eng. and Surveyor.
NATHANIEL S. BENTON, Auditor.

CENTRAL PARK.—NOTICE.—IN PURSUANCE of the 16th section of an act entitled "An Act for the Regulation and Government of the Central Park," passed April 17, 1857, the Board of Commissioners of the Central Park do ordain as follows:

ALL PERSONS ARE FORBIDDEN

To enter or leave the Park except by the gateways.

To climb or walk on the wall.

To turn cattle, horses, goats or swine into the Park.

To carry firearms, or to throw stones or other missiles within it.

To cut, break, or in any way injure or deface the trees, shrubs, plants, turf, or any buildings, fences, bridges or other constructions upon the Park.

Or to converse or in any way hinder those engaged in its construction.

All persons offending against these ordinances shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and be punished, on conviction before the Mayor, Recorder, or any Magistrate of the City of New-York, by a fine not exceeding fifty dollars; and, in default of payment, by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days.

Visitors may obtain all necessary information and directions from the Police.

The business offices and the Police station of the Park are on 5th-av., at 79th-st.

By order of the Board.

JOHN A. C. GRAY, Vice-President.
DAVID H. HART, Clerk.
Dated New-York, March 17, 1858.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—TO CONTRACTORS.—Public notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the City Surveyor's Office of the City of Hoboken, up to the twenty-seventh day of March, 1858, when the same will be opened at a meeting of the Council of said City to be held at 7½ o'clock P. M. of that day, for grading, curbing, guttering, paving, and flagging sidewalks in the following streets in said city, viz.: Newark-st. from Washington-st., to the line ditch; 3d-st. from Washington-st. to 100 feet West of Meadow st.; 4th-st., from Hudson-st. to River-st.; 5th-st., from Garden-st. to the westerly line of Willow-st.; 7th-st., from Washington-st. to the easterly line of Garden-st.; Meadow-st., from 2d-st. to 4th st.; Garden-st., from 5th st. to 6th-st.

All the above work to be done and finished according to plans and specifications made by W. W. Shippen, Esq., City Surveyor, which plans and specifications are to be seen at his office, opposite the Ferry gate, at Hoboken, and the said work to be fully completed on or before the first day of June next.

No proposals will be received except according to a form, to be obtained at the City Surveyor's office, and accompanied with the names of at least two sufficient securities.

NOTICE.—THE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE OF the Board of Aldermen will meet on TUESDAY, March 30, 1858, at 2 o'clock P. M., at No. 8 City Hall, for the consideration of the following subjects, viz.: Applications of the Church of St. Vincent de Paul for remission of tax; James McClusky for pay for injuries sustained; Samuel Harring for pay for damage to his property; Elizabeth S. Reed for relief; Alexander Melvill for relief from assessment; T. N. Carter for duplicate certificate; Woman's Prison Association for grant of land and the Jews' Hospital and Corlaer's Hook Mission for donations. The above-named parties will attend said meeting without further notice.

The Finance Committee meet regularly every TUESDAY at the same time and place.

THOMAS McSPEDON,
JOHN GREGORY,
GEORGE STARR, } Committee on Finance.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS, }
NEW COURT HOUSE, No. 32 Chambers-st. }

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.—NOTICE IS hereby given, that the Assessment Rolls of the several Wards of the City of New York, for the year 1858, are open for public inspection at this office, and subject to revision and correction, from Monday, the 11th day of January until the 20th day of April, 1858, inclusive, and that all persons failing to make application for correction during that period, are precluded by law from any subsequent redress. Owners of real estate are urgently requested to call and examine the rolls, to ascertain if their property is correctly located, and all persons entitled to reduction by reason of military service, are requested to attend to the same. Office hours from 10 o'clock A. M., to 3 o'clock P. M.—Dated New-York, March 20, 1858.

J. W. ALLEN,
A. J. WILLIAMSON,
J. W. BROWN, } Commissioners.

THE COMMITTEE ON ASSESSMENTS of the Board of Aldermen will meet on THURSDAY, April 1, at 3 o'clock, at the office of the Deputy Tax Commissioners, No. 32 Chambers-st., (basement,) to consider the propriety of confirming the Assessment lists for the following named contracts:

Regulating and paving 45th-st., between 2d-av. and East River.

Building sewer in Hudson-st., between Barrow and Grove sts.

Paving 1st-av., from 34th st. to 39th-st.

Parties assessed on the line of the several improvements, are hereby notified to appear before the Committee if they have any objections to make.

THOS. STEPHENS,
THOS. McSPEDON,
GEORGE STARR, } Committee on Assessments.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—THE COMMITTEE on Sewers of the Board of Aldermen will meet on THURSDAY, April 1, 1858, at the office of the Croton Aqueduct Board, at 1 o'clock.

THOS. STEPHENS,
F. I. A. BOOLE,
WM. TUCKER, } Committee on Sewers.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE.—THE FIRM OF MEYER & STUCKEN being dissolved, I have established myself here under the firm of L. H. MEYER, for the purpose of carrying on a business similar to that of my late firm.

L. H. MEYER.
NEW-YORK, March 18, 1858. Office No. 70 Beaver-st.

FOR EUROPE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage..............................$130
Second Cabin Passage.............................75

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage..............................$110
Second Cabin Passage.............................60

The ships from Boston call at Halifax.

CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston Wednesday, March 24.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves N. York Wednesday, March 31.
NIAGARA, Wickman, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 7.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves N. Y. Wednesday, April 14.
AMERICA, Moodie, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 21.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves N. Y. Wednesday, April 28.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

GREAT REDUCTION OF FARE TO EUROPE.

From New-York:		From Southampton, Havre, or Bremen to New-York:	
First Cabin	$80	First Cabin	$100
Second Cabin	50	Second Cabin	60
Steerage	30	Steerage	40

In the first-class paddle wheel steamship ARIEL, 2,000 tons, E. D. LUDLOW, Commander, and NORTH STAR, 2,500 tons, EDWARD CAVENDY, Commander, to sail from Pier No. 3, North River, at noon precisely, carrying the United States Mail, viz.:

Leave New-York for Southampton, Havre and Bremen.	Bremen for Southampton	Southampton for New York.
North Star, April 17	Saturday, May 5	Wedn'sd'y, May 19
Ariel, Sat., May 15	Sat'day, June 12	Wedns'y, June 6
North Star, June 12	Satu'day, July 10	Wedns'y, July 14

The steamships touch at Havre. Specie delivered in London and Paris. For passage or freight, apply to

D. TORRANCE, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—THE United States Mail steamer FULTON, J. A. WOTTON, commander, will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, April 3, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st.

This ship has five water-tight compartments inclosing the engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding the water could not reach them, and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured.

Baggage not wanted during the voyage should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "below." For freight or passage, apply to

W. S. DRAYTON, Agent, No. 7 Broadway.

N. B.—The steamer ARAGO will succeed the FULTON, and sail May 1.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP ARABIA FOR LIVERPOOL.—The ARABIA, J. STONE, Commander, will sail from the Company's Dock, at Jersey City, with the Mails and Passengers for Europe on WEDNESDAY, the 31st inst., at 9 o'clock precisely. Passengers are requested to be on board by 8½ o'clock. The PERSIA will sail on the 14th of April.

E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM TO SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—The magnificent steamship VANDERBILT, 5,268 tons, P. E. LEFEVRE, master, will sail, with the MAILS—

FROM NEW-YORK FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.		FROM SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE FOR NEW-YORK.	
Saturday	April 10	Wednesday	April 28
Saturday	May 22	Wednesday	June 9
Saturday	July 3	Wednesday	July 21

Price of passage according to location of room. First cabin, $100 and $130; second cabin, $60 and $75.

Specie delivered in London and Paris.

For passage and freight, apply to

D. TORRANCE, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-Green, New-York.

FOR THE SOUTH.

FOR CHARLESTON AND FLORIDA.—SEMI-WEEKLY UNITED STATES MAIL SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP LINE.—The steamship JAMES ADGER will leave pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, March 31, at 4 o'clock P. M., precisely. For freight or passage, apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway. The COLUMBIA, Capt. BERRY, succeeds leaving SATURDAY, April 3. The large steamers EVERGLADE, CAROLINA, and ST. MARY'S, for Florida, connect at Charleston, with the steamers from New York. Through tickets may be had by applying as above. These steamers carry the Adams Express goods for the South and Southwest. The Express Agents throughout the Southern country will give passengers and shippers information respecting the line.

FOR PORTSMOUTH, PETERSBURG AND RICHMOND.—The U. S. Mail Steamship ROANOKE, Captain THOMAS SKINNER, will leave on WEDNESDAY, 31st inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., from pier No. 13 North River. She will arrive at Portsmouth the next afternoon and at Petersburg the following morning. Passengers for the South will proceed directly on by the great Southern mail line. Those for Richmond will arrive there early on Friday morning. Travelers will find this the cheapest, pleasantest and most expeditious route. Passage and fare, with state room, to Norfolk, $8; to Petersburg and Richmond, $10. Apply to LUDLAM & PLEASANTS, No. 33 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA—U. S. MAIL LINE.—The favorite steamship ALABAMA, Captain G. R. SCHENCK, will leave on WEDNESDAY, March 31, at 4 o'clock, P. M. from Pier No. 4 N. R. Bills of lading signed only on board. For freight or passage apply to

SAMUEL L. MITCHILL & SON, No. 13 Broadway.

Steamers for Florida connect at Savannah leaving every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The AUGUSTA, Captain M. S. WOODHULL, will succeed and leave on SATURDAY, April 3.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT—Commencing Wednesday, Jan. 6, 1858.

Trains leave Depôt corner White and Centre sts., New-York, at 9½ A. M.—Mail for Albany, stopping at Williams Bridge and all stations north.

3:20 P. M., Express for Albany, stopping at principal stations only.

6½ P. M., for White Plains, stopping at all intermediate stations.

Trains leave Depôt corner 26th-st. and 4th-av., New-York, at 8½ A. M., for Williams Bridge, stopping at all intermediate stations.

11½ A. M.—White Plains, stopping at all intermediate stations.

2½ P. M.—Williams Bridge, stopping at all intermediate stations.

3 P. M.—Millerton, stopping at Williams Bridge and all intermediate stations north.

4 P. M.—Croton Falls, stopping at all intermediate stations.

5½ P. M.—Williams Bridge, stopping at all intermediate stations.

Returning, trains leave Albany for New-York, at 7½ A. M.—Mail stopping at all stations above and at Williams Bridge.

3½ P. M.—Express, stopping at principal stations only.

W. J. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—ON and after Thursday, Jan. 21, 1858, and until further notice, passenger trains will leave pier foot of Duane-st., as follows, viz.:

Dunkirk Express, at 6:30 A. M., for Dunkirk and principal intermediate stations.

Mail Train, at 8:30 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate stations.

Rockland Passenger, at 3 P. M., from foot of Chambers-st., *via* Piermont, for Sufferns and intermediate stations.

Way Passenger, at 4 P. M., for Newburg, Middletown and intermediate stations.

The above trains run daily, Sundays excepted.

Night Express, at 5 P. M., daily, for Dunkirk, and Sundays excepted, for Buffalo.

These Express trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira, Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls; at Binghamton with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad, for Syracuse; at Corning with Buffalo, Corning and New-York Railroad for Rochester; at Great Bend with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad for Scranton; at Hornellsville with the Buffalo and New-York City Railroad, for Buffalo; at Buffalo and Dunkirk with the Lake Shore Railroad, for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c.

S. F. HEADLEY, Assistant President.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

FALL ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing Oct. 28, 1857. Leave New-York for Easton and intermediate places from Pier No. 2 North River, at 7:30 A. M., 12 M., and 3:30 P. M.; for Somerville, by above trains and at 4:30 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New York from foot of Cortlandt-st. at 7:30 and 12 M., 3:20 and 4 P. M.

Passengers for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad will leave at 7:30 A. M. only; for Lehigh Valley Railroad at 7:30 A. M. and 12 M. only.

JOHN O. STEARNS, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM DEC. 2, 1857, trains will leave Chambers-st. as follows: Express trains 6½ and 11½ A. M. and 4:45 P. M.; Poughkeepsie trains at 8½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.; Peekskill freight train at 1½ P. M. from 31st st. only, and passenger train at 5½ P. M. from Chambers st. Sing Sing train at 1 P. M. Passengers taken at Chambers, Christopher and 31st-st. stations only. Trains for New-York leave Troy 6:15 A. M., 12:35 and 5:15 P. M., and East Albany at 6:25 A. M., 12:45 and 5:25 P. M.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD.—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST *via* JERSEY CITY.—Mail and Express Line. Leave New-York at 8 and 11 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M., $3. Through tickets sold for Cincinnati and the West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 8 A. M. and 6 P. M.

J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

No baggage will be received for any train, unless delivered and checked 15 minutes in advance of the time of leaving.

FLUSHING RAILROAD.—LEAVES FULTON Market Wharf, by steamer ISLAND CITY, at 6, 8 and 10 A. M., 1, 4 and 6 P. M. The cars leave Flushing, L. I., at the same hours, meeting and exchanging passengers with the boat at Hunter's Point—through in 50 minutes. Fare 25 cents.

WM. M. SMITH, Receiver.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

CUT NAILS AND SPIKES, HORSE-SHOE iron and nail rods, extra charcoal blooms manufactured by the "Sable Iron Works." For sale by their agent, MERRITT TRIMBLE, No. 86 Broad st.

THOMAS PIG IRON—SOFT, FREE, STRONG, and a warranted substitute for Scotch Pig.

JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

BANCA TIN, INGOT COPPER, SPELTER, Antimony, &c., for sale by

JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

LIGHTNING RODS OF ALL KINDS, cheap, at wholesale, and free license under Otis' Patent. LYON MANUFACTURING CO., No. 85 John-st.

MOUNT-HOPE CUT NAILS, SUPERIOR quality; none better in market. Agents,

JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

O. AMES & SONS' SHOVELS AND SPADES.—For sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., 98 William-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—COUNTY OF WESTCHESTER.—CORNELIUS SEACORD plaintiff, against BENJAMIN W. CLARK and SARAH his wife, Paul S. Brown and Phebe Ann his wife, Oliver Davidson, Mary Ann Davidson, Philip R. Underhill, Executor of Jacob Rhinelander deceased, Richard H. Bowne, Erastus Davidson, Wm. C. Demuene, wife of Pierre Demuene, Pierre Lemuene, George W. Cantine, Margaret A. Cantine, Catharine Castine, David N. Ropes, Samuel Baker, George H. Purser, Peter U. Laurie and George H. Chase defendants. Summons for relief—(Com. not served.)—To the defendants Erastus Davidson, Oliver Davidson and Mary Ann Davidson: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, a copy of which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Westchester, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, in the town of New Rochelle, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Jan. 13, 1858.

L. P. MILLER, Plaintiff's Attorney, New-Rochelle.

The complaint in the above action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Westchester, March 9, 1858.

mh15 law6wM

SUPREME COURT.—WILLIAM H. APPLETON, JOHN A. APPLETON, DANIEL S. APPLETON and SAMUEL F. APPLETON, against DAVID B. COOKE and ANDREW BURTON, surviving partners of GEORGE DAVIS, deceased.—Summons for money demand on contract.—Com. not ser.—To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint, on the subscribers at their office, at No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of one thousand and eight dollars and seventy-five cents, with interest from the 30th day of January, 1858, and for the further sum of two thousand one hundred and forty-five dollars and thirty-eight cents, besides the costs of this action.—Dated Jan. 25, 1858.

BUCKHAM & SMALES, Plaintiffs' Att'ys.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was filed with the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at his office at the City Hall in said City, on the 8th day of March, 1858. BUCKHAM & SMALES, Plffs' Att'ys.

mh 8—law6wM

SUPREME COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—JAMES D. CARHART, WILLIAM B. CARHART and JOHN B. STOW against THOMAS D. LYNES.—Summons for money demand on contract.—(Com. not ser.)—To the defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 4th day of March, 1858, at the City Hall in the said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office No. 229 Broadway in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of one hundred and forty-eight dollars seventy-one cents, with interest from the 17th day of September, 1857, and for the further sum of one hundred and ninety dollars and ninety-six cents, with interest from the 21st day of September, 1857, and for the further sum of three hundred and twenty-two dollars fifty-eight cents, with interest from the 18th day of December, 1857, besides the costs of this action.—Dated March 3, 1858.

mh8-law6w*M E. W. BLOOM, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

SUPREME COURT.—COUNTY OF KINGS.—DAVID WOODS, Plaintiff, against JOHN McAULEY, Darius Davison, Pauline Davison, Mary A. Davison and others, Defendants.—To the defendant, MARY A. DAVISON: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the City Hall, in the City of Brooklyn, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 172 Atlantic-street, in the city of Brooklyn, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Feb. 5, 1858.

LEWIS & REEVE,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

22f law6wM*

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR THE DISCHARGE of an insolvent from his debts, pursuant to the provisions of the third article of the first title of the fifth chapter of the second part of the Revised Statutes. WILLIAM RAFFERTY, of the City, County, and State of New-York, an insolvent debtor. Notice first published Feb 22, 1858. Creditors to appear before Hon. HENRY HILTON, one of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the said City of New-York, at the chambers of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the City of New-York, at the City Hall of said City, on the 1st day of April next, 1858, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why an assignment should not be made of said insolvent's estate, and he be discharged from his debts.—Dated New-York, Feb. 20, 1858.

ROBERT LIVINGSTON,
Attorney for Insolvent, No. 6 Wall-st.

22f-law6wM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against JOHN DEEN, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the executor of the last will and testament, and administrator of the goods, chattels and credits of which JOHN DEEN, deceased, died intestate, at his store, No. 78 Water-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 23d day of April next.—Dated Oct. 16, 1857.

JOHN L. DEEN,
o19-law6mM* Executor and Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against ALFRED A. HILL, late of Yarmouth, in the State of Maine, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the Administrator, at the store of WALSH, CARVER & CHASE, No. 30 South-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 30th day of April next.—Dated Oct. 24, 1857.

o26-law6mM* ARTHUR CHILD, Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against ROBERT V. R. SCHUYLER, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the administratrix, at the office of Tomlinson, Walden & Brigham, No. 4 New-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 12th day of April next.—Dated Sept. 21, 1857.

o12-law6mM* KATE M. SCHUYLER, Administratrix.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against AUSTIN D. MOORE, late of the County of Duval, in the State of Florida, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the executors, at the office of HENRY CROSSMAN, No. 63 Liberty-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of June next.—Dated Brooklyn, Dec. 11, 1857.

HENRY CROSSMAN,
JOSEPH HEGEMAN, } Executors.

d14—law6mM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against SAMUEL LOUNSBURY, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the Administrator, at his office, No. 5 Hanover-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 5th day of May next.—Dated Oct. 31, 1857.

WASHINGTON DURBROW, Administrator.

n3-law6mM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS ADDISON, Jr., late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, No. 110 Duane-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 5th day of July next.—Dated New-York, Jan. 2, 1858.

ja4-law6mM* SAMUEL D. ADDISON, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against WILLIAM PARKER, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the executor, at his residence, in 18th-st., near 3d-av., in the City of Brooklyn, on or before the 31st day of May next.—Dated Nov. 24, 1857.

n30-law6mM* IRA A. KIMBALL, Jr., Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ABEL G. BIRCH, late of Camberwell, Surrey, England, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 45 Wall street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of October next. Dated—New-York, March 13, 1858.

mh15-law6mM* DORMAN B. EATON, Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE CRANNA, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his store, No. 112 9th av., in the City of New-York, on or before the 12th day of July next.—Dated New-York, Jan. 5, 1858.

jall-law6mM* ABRAHAM J. POST, Executor.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR MASONS' and carpenters' work, separate, will be received by the undersigned, at the Office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until Tuesday, April 6, 1858, 12 o'clock noon, for furnishing the materials and doing the work necessary for the erection and completion of a new School House in 44th-st., XXIId. Ward. Proposals must state the names and residences of the proposed sureties. Plans, specifications and working drawings can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby st. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interests to do so.

JOHN O'KEEFE,
EDWARD TIMPSON,
WM. DEALING, JR.,
PATRICK MURPHY, } Building Committee of the XXIId. Ward.

IN PURSUANCE OF A RESOLUTION OF March 16, the Board of Commissioners of the Central Park, hereby solicit proposals for supplying trees and plants for the Park, according to a schedule to be had on application to the Clerk at the office of the Board, room No. 10 Bank of Commerce building. By order of the Board.

JAMES HOGG,
CHAS. W. ELLIOTT,
JNO. A. C. GRAY, } Committee on Trees and Plants.
DAVID H. HART, Clerk.
Dated New-York, March 17, 1858.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Commissioners of the Central Park, Bank of Commerce Building, for the construction of 30 tool wagons in accordance with the plans and specifications, and after the pattern to be seen at the office of the Chief Engineer, corner of 79th-st. and 5th-av. Proposals to be addressed to the Executive Committee Board of Commissioners of Central Park, and handed in prior to the 1st of April.

NEW-YORK CITY

Police Intelligence.

Important Arrest of Counterfeiters.—Mr. **Carpenter**, the Police Deputy Superintendent, aided by detectives **Wildey** and **King**, have been some time on the sharp look-out for the balance of the gang of counterfeiters connected with the notorious Joe Lane and Honora Shephard. Since the escape of Lane and the disappearance of Honora, there has been a comparative lull in the business. A few days ago, however, the officers discovered that a large number of skillfully altered bills on the Market Bank, of Troy, (twenties altered from genuine twos,) were to be put in circulation. On Saturday morning, after a long and tedious search, they arrested John Finn and Mary O'Brien, two of the Lane gang, and the supposed utterers of the new counterfeit referred to. Mary O'Brien is a sister of Honora Shephard, and the reputed wife of Oakley Brown, a noted counterfeiter. The officers found their prisoners in the former residence of Brower, corner of Clinton and Grand streets. Mary attempted to throw a roll of the "queer" into the fire, but Officer King was too quick for her, and succeeded in receiving the roll, which it was found contained nine of the newly altered twenties. In the bottom of one of Mary's stockings was found carefully laid away $60 in good money. Finn made a desperate but ineffectual attempt to escape. A number of the altered bills were found in his possession. The prisoners were taken to the Police Head-quarters in Broome-street, and detained for examination. The bills were very well executed. On Saturday the Police arrested John Walker, Elias Dickson and Wm. Johnston, charged with passing counterfeit bills on the Glen's Falls Bank, New-York. The prisoners were committed for examination.

Descents upon Disorderly Houses.—Captain **Carpenter**, of the Sixteenth Ward, with a *posse* of his men, made a descent about 12 o'clock Saturday night upon the dance-house No. 302 West Seventeenth-street, kept by James Hickey. The place has long been known as the resort of burglars, pickpockets, prostitutes and other vile characters. Fifty-six persons, males and females, were arrested. They made the most desperate efforts to escape; some seized tumblers and decanters and threw them at the officers. One of the tumblers hit Officer Bartlett on the head, and cut him severely over the left eye. The officers by a vigorous use of their clubs, soon overcame all resistance. A cock fight was to have taken place, but the unexpected arrival of the Police caused a postponement of the exhibition. Nearly thirty girls, who had been spending the evening at the place, engaged in dancing, had left a few moments before the arrival of the officers and were not arrested. The prisoners were all locked up in the Sixteenth Ward Station-house. Yesterday they were taken before Justice **Kelly**, who held Hickey, the proprietor, to bail in $500, to answer a charge of keeping a disorderly house. The rest were required to find bail in $300 each for their future good behavior, but only some half dozen were able to obtain bail; the rest are still locked up. The prisoners were all young boys and girls, from 14 to 25 years of age.

On Friday evening, Justice **Quackenbush** and a squad of officers attached to the Second District Police Court, made a descent on a low groggery and dance-house, kept by Henry Harrington, at the corner of Thirty-seventh-street and Broadway. The place has long been known as the resort of disreputable characters of both sexes. The proprietor and 29 others, male and female, were arrested, and conveyed to the Twenty-second Ward Station-house, and locked up for the night.

Wm. Sullivan, John Scully, and Thomas and Ellen Brady, were arrested, on Saturday night, charged with keeping a disorderly house at No. 269 Monroe-street. They were committed, by Justice **Brennan**, for examination.

Stabbing in a Liquor Saloon.—About 1 o'clock yesterday morning, Joseph Rose, of No. 113 Third-street, was stabbed by Hernon Backer, bar-tender at the Elysian Saloon No. 55 Bowery. The two men had an altercation in the saloon, in the midst of which Backer drew a knife and stabbed Rose behind the left shoulder blade, inflicting a wound three inches in depth. Police surgeon Wells attended Rose, who was afterwards taken to his residence. Backer was arrested and taken before Justice **Brennan**, and held to await the result of the injuries.

A Defaulting Railroad Conductor.—Richard Fairchild, a conductor on the Naugatuck Railroad, Connecticut, was arrested in this City on Friday afternoon charged with a defalcation of $600, belonging to the Railroad Company. He was found at the Metropolitan Hotel and was taken before Deputy Superintendent Carpenter. He stated to the Deputy that just before his arrest he had swallowed an ounce of laudanum. The Deputy had him immediately taken to the City Hospital, where by means of the stomach pump the poison was removed. On his person $130 was found.

Ticket Swindling.—John Baptiste Grimont, of St. Louis, Mo., complained on Saturday, at the Mayor's office, that he had been swindled by Henry Smithard, who keeps an office at No. 146 Liberty-street, in the purchase of four tickets for Havre, by steamer. He paid $190 for the tickets, and Smithard sent him and his family in a small boat to a sailing vessel in the stream. Grimont discovered that he had been swindled, and demanded to be taken back, which the boatman declined to do, until he paid him $25 for his services. Two of the Mayor's officers called at Smithard's office, and recovered $162; why the whole sum was not recovered does not appear.

The Late Blasting Accident.—Mary Ann Hughes, the young girl injured at the residence of her parents, corner of Fifty-third-street and Sixth-avenue, on Friday last, by a rock from a blast, died on Saturday night from the effect of her injuries. John Green, the contractor who had charge of the blasting, has been arrested, and held to await the result of the inquisition by the Coroner, to be held to-day.

Deserters Arrested.—The Harbor Police, on Saturday night, arrested Thomas Mason, William Creamer, John Powell and Wm. Clark, charged with being deserters from the *Robert Kelly*, lying in the North River, and just ready to put to sea. They were found in a small boat, which they had stolen from the vessel. Justice **Connolly** locked them up.

Foundlings.—A male infant that had been born but a few hours was found about 8½ o'clock last evening, in the yard in front of the residence of Mr. E. H. **Arthur**, No. 83 Lexington-avenue. It was taken to the Twenty-first Ward Station-house, and thence sent to the Almshouse. At 9½ o'clock an infant was found in the hall of the dwelling house No. 183 Avenue C. It was also consigned to the custody of the Almshouse Governors.

Fires.

Fire in West Eleventh-street.—At 4 P. M. on Saturday, a fire occurred in the cabinet manufactory of Messrs. C. C. & G. W. **Colwell**, No. 115 West Eleventh-street. It was extinguished with a few pails of water. Damage trifling.

Fire on Shipboard.—Shortly after noon on Saturday, a fire caught among some cotton on the deck of the bark *Rhine*, lying at the foot of Pier No. 20, North River. It was soon extinguished without any material damage.

[Advertisement.]
IMPERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS,
Just received from
BRADY'S WASHINGTON GALLERY:
President BUCHANAN,
Vice-President BRECKINRIDGE, Miss LANE;
Secretaries
TOUCEY, COBB, BLACK and THOMPSON;
Senators
HUNTER, SLIDELL, TOOMBS, WILSON, SEWARD, MASON, HALE and BELL;
Governor WALKER;
The Hon. Messrs. ORR, CLAY and STEPHENS;
Lord NAPIER, Baron STOECKL, Sir WM. GORE OUSELEY and Count DE SARTIGES;
Major BEN McCULLOUGH, Col. JACK HAYES,
and a large number of national celebrities.
The above are on exhibition at BRADY'S Galleries, No. 359 Broadway, and the attention of the public is respectfully invited.

[Advertisement.]
AN IMPERIAL PHOTOGRAPH OF
MUSARD
has been added to the collection at
BRADY'S GALLERIES,
Nos. 205 and 359 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]
CAUTION TO HOTEL-KEEPERS.
I understand that several persons are traveling about the City and country, representing themselves as agents for WOLFE'S Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps, and selling the same by the gallon and pipe.
I beg leave to caution hotel-keepers and the public against these impostors.
The genuine Schnapps is only sold in quart and pint bottles, with the proprietor's name on the bottle and cork, and a *fac simile* of his signature on the label.
I would advise all persons who have been swindled by these impostors to refuse payment, on the ground of fraud, as the debt cannot be collected by law.
UDOLPHO WOLFE,
Sole Manufacturer and Importer, No. 22 Beaver-street.

[Advertisement.]
PERFECT ECSTASY OF DELIGHT!—A LESSON OF TRUTH AND A LESSON OF BEAUTY!—Nothing comparable to it ever produced! Brilliant in fancy—profound in interest—matchless in humor—magnificent in illustration—is the new American drama of "The Bride of an Evening," so wonderfully successful—so excitingly popular—so greeted by crowded and applauding audiences, every afternoon and evening, at Barnum's Museum.

[Advertisement.]
TEAS.—The Canton Tea Company have on hand every variety of Teas for Grocers and Tea-dealers and private families. Souchong, Oolong and Young Hyson from 25c. to 40c. Gunpowder and Imperial from 25c. to 60c. All other qualities equally low. Also 3-lb. boxes good Family Tea for $1. Call and examine at No. 125 Chatham-st., between Pearl and Roosevelt sts.

[Advertisement.]
GAS, GAS.—Call at the great dépôt of ARCHER, WARNER & Co., No. 376 Broadway, for new gas fixtures at Hard Times prices. Selling off our entire stock.

[Advertisement.]
PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.—To-night the great "Jessie Brown," and the no less attractive sterling play of "Damon and Pythias," with a good cast. A visit here will be of profit to-night.

[Advertisement.]
SPRING STYLES NECK-TIES, JOINVILLE SCARFS, &c., of new make and patterns. Also, a full assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT RETAIL.
D. C. SILLECK & Co., No. 150 Broadway,
corner of Liberty-street.

Brooklyn City Items.

About 1 o'clock on Sunday morning, the Police of the Fifth Precinct made a descent on the house known as the "Fulton House," situated at No. 119 Fourth-street, and arrested eighteen persons, who were engaged in playing faro, bluff, and other games for money. The apparatus consisting of a dealing and cue box, together with cards, checks, and $3 11 in silver, were seized and confiscated to the use of the Police Insurance Fund. Ten officers made their entrance into the place by the front entrance, disguised in citizens' dress. They had hardly got to the landing of the first floor when their presence was discovered by the bar-keeper, who attempted to ring the alarm bell to apprise those on the floor above that the Police were upon them. The attempt was frustrated and the Police proceeded to the third floor, where they found the whole party engaged in "betting on the board," and having nearly three hundred dollars on the table. The sudden entrance of the Police put the party to flight, but escape was impossible as every avenue was guarded. Six of the party concealed themselves in a closet adjoining, but were speedily discovered by the officers and arrested. The majority of the party were men of standing in society. The whole party were mustered at the Station-house of the Fifth Precinct and required to give their names and occupations. The majority of them gave assumed names. The proprietor of the place, JOHN B. EAGAN, was in Boston at the time, having left on Saturday afternoon. The prisoners were all held to await their examination this afternoon.

An Irish riot was spoiled Saturday night last, in the Twelfth Ward—"Dublin"—by the Police of the Third Precinct. The various candidates for office in the Ward are Irish, and so are the voters. The former are occupied most of the time in treating the latter, and the result is of course, an occasional row. Late Saturday night, about twenty of the voters who had been treated almost "to death," met and were having a good time, when a posse of the Third District Police, kept on duty at night in this Ward to prevent the inhabitants from murdering each other, arrived on the ground and put a stop to the proceedings, but not, however, until a heavily loaded pistol had been discharged at the officers by PAUL KEATING. Fortunately, the ball passed over the heads of the officers. KEATING was arrested and committed to answer.

The house of E. W. DUNHAM, No. 65 Baltic-street, was robbed on Saturday night of property valued at $100.

Another interesting Greenpoint case was brought on for trial in the Circuit Court, before Judge LOTT, Saturday. Dr. ORSON H. SMITH sues BENJAMIN U. SHREVE to obtain payment of $325 for medical attendance. About one-half of the bill is for services for a broken leg. The defendant sets up for answer that the leg was unskilfully treated, and that on this account he has nearly lost the use of it, and asks the Jury instead of compelling him to pay the Doctor's bill, to compel the Doctor to pay him $10,000 damages.

Three villains, on Saturday morning last, at about 1 o'clock, broke into the house No. 2 Taylor-row, foot of Clyne-street, Eastern District, and violated the person of GEORGIANA LONG. The screams of Mrs. LONG were heard by the police, and one of the party, who gives his name as MICHAEL MORAN, was arrested in the house. During the day (Saturday,) two other persons were arrested on suspicion of belonging to the party which committed the outrage, and one of them, named JAMES HOWARD, was committed for examination. Captain LONG, the lady's husband is absent at sea.

Two females were arrested Saturday evening by Officer BENNETT, of the First Precinct, for shoplifting on Fulton-street. One of them is the wife of a wealthy citizen who resides on the Heights. The other woman was a domestic in her employment. When arrested they had eight pairs of cheap gaiters and several boots which they had stolen from different stores.

The brilliant light seen in the direction of East New-York, between 8 and 11 o'clock Saturday night, was caused by the burning of a small house and several out-buildings near the Union Race Course, owned by JOHN I. SNEDIKER and others. The loss does not exceed $2,000.

JAMES DELANY, of No. 26 East Nineteenth-street, New-York, was knocked down and robbed of $10 and a silver watch on Myrtle-avenue, near Broadway, Saturday night last. He says that he cried lustily for help, but received no assistance, and is very thankful that he escaped as easily as he did. The scamps missed $75, which was stowed away in his watch fob.

The libel suit brought by LEWIS H. PUTNAM (colored) against ANSON G. PHELPS, of New-York, reported in the TIMES last week, was concluded in the Circuit Court on Saturday, having occupied the time of the Court for five days. The Jury, after being out half an hour, came in with a verdict for the defendant. An effort will be made to have the plaintiff indicted for perjury.

At a meeting of the physicians of the Kings County Hospital Dr. H. L. BARTLETT, of Flatbush, and Dr. SAMUEL GOURDIN, of Charleston, S. C., were selected as delegates to represent the Hospital at the approaching session of the American Medical Association, to be held at Washington in May next.

A man named JOHN D. GREEN, residing in Mill-street, was arrested last week, and committed to answer a charge of incest. He has two children by his own sister; both were monstrosities, and one lived to be ten months old.

During the last week there were 133 deaths in this City: Women, 18; men, 31; boys, 46; girls, 38. There were 18 deaths by consumption; 7 by scarlet fever; 4 by other fevers, and 7 by small-pox.

The body of a child was found near the Peck Slip Ferry-house, Saturday. It had evidently been purposely strangled. A piece of silk was drawn so tightly about its neck as to lacerate the flesh.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

BROOKLYN, Saturday, March 27.

Some slight errors occur in your notice of the new Brooklyn Armory to be erected. The cost, instead of being $20,000, is not to exceed $15,000. The new building is to be erected upon the site of the old Court-House, corner of Cranberry and Henry streets. It will be remembered by many now living, that the corner-stone of this building was laid by General LAFAYETTE, somewhere about the year 1824 or 5. It is proposed to invite those who witnessed that ceremony to be present at the time of its removal and replacement in the corner of the new building. The new Armory is to be erected from the plans and designs of Mr. P. G. THOMAS, architect, of this City.

Yours, &c., A. G.

New-Jersey Items.

The residence of Mr. RUFUS K. TERRY, No. 137 Mercer-street, Jersey City, was entered by burglars during Friday night, and robbed of jewelry, clothing, and money to the value of about $1,000. The house was thoroughly ransacked, and every article of value taken. The inmates were not disturbed, and it is thought that chloroform was administered. Burglaries have, of late, been quite frequent in Jersey City, and the perpetrators have been very successful in eluding detection.

Mr. P. D. VROOM, Treasurer of Jersey City, has made a report of receipts and expenditures for the year ending March 22, instant, by which it appears

that the receipts were	$206,776 37
Balance in Treasury, March, 1857	9,172 82
Total	$215,949 19
Expenditures of the year	$83,707 78
Moneys refunded	126,837 37
Balance March 22, 1858	5,404 04
Total	$215,949 19

The Reformed Dutch Church, corner of Erie and South Third streets, Jersey City, in which worship has been for some time suspended, was reopened yesterday, and the Rev. W. H. CAMPBELL, of the New-Brunswick Theological Seminary, occupied the pulpit in the morning and afternoon. It is announced that regular services will be held in this church hereafter, and prayer meetings are to be held on Tuesday and Thursday evenings of each week.

The Rev. Mr. BUCKBEE of the West Hoboken Baptist Church, administered the rite of baptism to eleven converts, by immersing them in the Hudson River at Hoboken, yesterday morning at 9 o'clock. The occasion drew together a numerous concourse of people. The Rev. Mr. PATTEN, of the Hoboken Baptist Church, also baptized several persons in the church, at the close of the morning service yesterday.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Third Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange...MARCH 27.

$13,000	U. S. 5s, '65	103½	400	Hudson River R. R.	27⅝
5,000	Ten. St. 6s. '90	88½	140	do	27¾
2,000	do	88⅝	50	do b15	28
3,000	do	88¾	150	do b30	28
8,000	do	89	100	do b10	27⅞
42,000	Mo. St. 6s	82¼	100	do s30	27½
25,000	do b60	83	100	do s10	27⅝
5,000	do s60	82½	240	Harlem Railroad	12⅜
2,000	La. St. 6s	91⅞	600	do	12⅜
11,000	do	92	100	La C. & Mill R. R.	9
1,000	Cal. St. 7s	87	100	Reading Railroad	52⅛
1,000	N. C. St. 6s	93	200	do	52¼
1,500	City 5s '60	94	400	do	52
6,000	Read. R R. Bs. '86	68	450	do	51¾
500	Ill Cen. R. b'ds	93⅝	50	do b30	52
7,000	LaC. & M. L. G. b'ds	34½	50	do b60	52
7,000	do	34¾	200	do s30	51½
3,000	do	35	350	M. So. & N. Ia R.R.	22⅝
5	B'k of New-York	107½	200	do b30	23
265	Merch'ts' B'k Sc	107	10	do	22¾
140	Am. Ex. Bank	104½	25	do	22⅞
8	Metropolitan Bank	104¼	150	do	23
20	National Bank	109½	50	do s30	23
15	Commonwealth B'k	90	190	M. So. & N. Ia. p. s	46
40	Artisans Bank	79	100	do s60	45½
7	Bank of Commerce	102	25	Panama Railr'd s60	105
22	Imp & Traders' Bk.	99	250	do s60	105¼
29	Marine Bk	86	100	do b30	106
200	Canton Co	22¼	361	do	106
25	Cary Imp. Co.	7⅜	600	do b30	106¼
450	do	7⅜	50	do s30	105½
27	Del. & Hud. Canal	110½	50	do s30	105⅝
15	do	110¾	5	Gal. & Chic. R. R.	90½
100	Cum Coal Co s60	19	10	do	90¾
100	do b30	19¼	50	do b30	91
5	Pacific M. S. Co.	78	50	do	90⅝
90	do	78½	300	Clev. & T. R. R. s30	45½
10	U. S. Trust Co.	105	100	do	45½
75	N. Y. Cen. R. R.	88½	100	do s60	45⅝
50	do b30	88½	200	do s3	45⅜
300	do	88⅝	105	C. & R. I. R.R.	75½
6	do	88¼	110	do	75¾
25	Erie R. R	24¼	200	do b15	75¾
200	do	24½	50	do b30	75⅜
100	do s3	24½	50	do b30	76
57	Cl. Col. & Cin. R.R.	92	100	do s60	75⅝

SECOND BOARD.

$2,000	Brooklyn City 6s	96½	200	Reading R. R.	50½
5,000	L. C. & M. L. G. B.	34½	100	do	50¼
10	Imp & Trad. Bk	99½	400	do	50
19	Pacific Mail St. Co.	78½	100	Cleve. & Tol. R. R.	45
100	Penn. Coal Co	70	100	do	44¾
100	Del. & Hud. Cl. Co.	110½	100	M. S. & N. I. R. R.	23
50	N. Y. Cen. R. R. b30	88½	150	do	22¼
100	Gal. & Chi. R.R. b30	90½	200	do	22
150	Erie Railroad b10	24⅜	25	Cl. Col. & Cin. R.R.	92½
200	do	24⅜	60	Chic. & R. I. R. R.	75
100	do s60	24⅜	100	do b30	75
150	Hud. Riv. R. R	27¾	100	do s60	74½
200	do b60	28	50	do	74¾
100	Harlem RR	12½	50	do s30	74½
100	do b30	12⅝	200	do	74⅞
50	Mich. Cen. R. R. s30	66½	100	do	75

REPORTED SALES BY AUCTION.

$12,000	C. St. P. & Fon du Lac R. R. 8s	14	250	N.Y. & Ph. Tr. Co.	98¾
26,000	do 1st mtge. 7s	39	57	La C. & Mil. R.R.	9⅜
5,000	Marh. C. Ill. 6s	47	20	Harlem R R	12⅞
8,000	Clev. & Pitts. 7s	68	20	St. Marks F. I Co.	107
2,000	LaC. & M. R. 7s	34	1,960	M. & L. R.R.	$2 ⅌ she.
4,000	Wtn. & Md. R. 8s	17½	130	T. C. & R R.Co	$1 ⅌ she.
3,000	Mo. 6s	31½	50	N. Y. & Har. R. R.	12¼
500	Dubuque C. 10s	51½	10	Hanover Bank	87
3,000	T. of B. (M. Co.) 8s	54¼	10	Ocean Bank	84¼
2,000	L. C. & M. R.R 7s	34¾	10	Continental Bank	97¼
2,000	M. & H. R. 1st mb	55½	5	Atlantic Bank	65
1,000	do 2dm.	44¾	60	N.W. Fire Ins Co.	78
3,500	Ill. Central 7s	92⅝	20	Mercantile F. I. Co.	111½
3,000	F. & Wis. I. Co 8s	59¾	20	Marine Bank	86½
20	shares Sh. & L. Bk.	107¼	5	Continental Bank	97¾
19	P. M. Stmp. Co.	72½	5	do	97⅛
25	Ex. Fire Ins Co	88½	25	People's Bank	92
25	do	88½	20	Astor F. Ins. Co	114¾
50	Peter Cooper F.I.Co.	102½	5	Com. Fire Ins. Co.	93½
20	St Mar. F. Ins. Co.	103½	10	Resolute F. Ins. Co.	103½
			50	P. Cooper F. Ins. Co.	104

MONDAY, March 29—A. M.

The Foreign Trade at the port of New-York for the past week shows a total Import entry, including the Dry Goods table in our last paper, of $3,539,821 as against $4,567,659 the corresponding week last year. The Export of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods, during the week amounted to $1,125,966, against $2,284,940 the corresponding week last year. The Export of Specie $83,130, against $38,584 same week last season. The receipts of Gold from California by the packet of March 5, which came to hand on Friday last, were $1,403,940, against $1,137,128 by the same packet last season. The Specie balances in the New-York Sub-Treasury of the United States stood on Saturday afternoon $6,184,857, against $5,883,336, at the close of the previous week. The Bank Statement to be made up this afternoon is not likely to differ materially in the Specie reserve from that of last week, the average then being a declining one, and so continuing until Friday, when the California remittance went into bank. The Loan column will, probably, be again advanced, as we hear of additional sums invested in Treasury Bills, and also of some temporary loans to the private banking houses engaged in Foreign Exchange. There is a slightly improved mercantile demand for Discounts, and it is satisfactory to state that business is looking up with the Dry Goods trade, as well as among the Grocers. The demand for Money at call, from the Stock Brokers, has fallen off, while the disposition and ability of lenders, both in bank and on the Street, to employ their means in this way, at very moderate rates, are quite as marked as at any time during the season. It is believed that the undrawn deposits in bank are constantly on the increase, notwithstanding some heavy balances were paid off week before last. We quote discounts at 6@7 ⅌ cent., 60 to 90 days, and 7@9 ⅌ cent. for longer dates, approved names, loans at call 5@6 ⅌ cent. The Foreign Exchanges ruled at the close of last packet day 107@107½ on London; a rate affording a fair profit on the importation of Gold, though it is not expected, nor does it seem, at the present time particularly, desirable that the Exchange with England should take this course to any considerable amount.

From the Custom-House tables of the Foreign Trade and our own monthly summary of the Specie movement to and from New-York, since July 1 last—the beginning of the current Treasury Year—which we published some days since, for eight months to March 1, instant, it appears that the Import Entries of Foreign Merchandise

amounted to	$118,918,000
Add four weeks in March	9,864,558
Total since July 1	$128,782,558
Same time last year	163,192,723
Falling off this Treasury Year	$34,410,165

The same tables made the Export of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods, including Foreign articles reëxported, from July 1 to

March 1	$43,566,000
Add four weeks in March	4,518,276
Total since July	$48,084,276
Same time last year	61,016,250
Falling off this Treasury year	$12,931,974

The same tables made the Export of Specie from New-York to Foreign States since

July 1	$30,454,000
Add four weeks in March	722,405
Total since July 1	$31,176,405
Same time last year	27,238,042
Increased export since July 1	$3,938,363

The deliveries of Gold from California, and of Foreign Gold and Silver from abroad, at New-York, since July 1, amount to

since July 1, amount to	$34,358,479
Same time last year	30,836,085
Increase	$3,522,394

COURSE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK.

	March 20.	March 27.		March 20.	March 27.
N. Y. Central	91¼	87¾	Reading	55⅛	48
Erie	28½	23¾	Rock Island	76	75
Missouris	82¾	82½	Panama	105½	106
Tennessees	88½	87	Pacific Mail	72	79
Californias	88	87	M. Southern	21¾	21¾
Ill. Cen. Bonds	94	93⅝	M. South'n pref.	45	45
Ill. Cen. Shares	93¼	93	M. Cen. Bds	102	100
Cumberland	19½	19	Toledo	45½	44¼
La Crosse	8	8½	Galena	92	90¼
La Crosse L. Gt.	35¼	34⅞	Hudson	28¼	27

The foregoing figures show only the relative closing prices on Saturday afternoon. During the week the Share market was the subject of an unusually spirited fight for the ascendancy, between a strong combination of *Bears* inside the Board, aided by two or three bold speculators on the Street, and an equally strong party of *Bulls*. In point of numbers the former had the advantage, and although the fluctuations were made quite frequent and violent, the market left off 4 ⅌ cent. weaker on New-York Central; 5 ⅌ cent. weaker on Erie, and 7 ⅌ cent. weaker on Reading shares at the close of the previous week. In Michigan Southern the dealings in common shares went from 21¼ ⅌ cent. up to 27½ ⅌ cent. and back again to 21¼ ⅌ cent., and in the preference shares, from 45 to 50½ and back to 45 ⅌ cent. In Rock Island the fluctuations were between 74@79 ⅌ cent., closing at 75 ⅌ cent. The fall in Reading below 52½ ⅌ cent. took place on Saturday, and in the afternoon the orders from Philadelphia to sell the stock appeared to be large and peremptory. The State and Treasury Bond list were generally steady, although at one time during the week some contracts in Missouri's were closed up as low as 80½ ⅌ cent., the stock subsequently recovering to previous prices.

Messrs. MORSE & Brother, No. 15 Wall-street, quote Currency, Land Warrants, &c., as follows:

New-York State	⅜@ —	S. Carolina and Georgia	1 @1¼
New-England, N. Jersey & Phila.	⅛@ ¼	Michigan	1⅛@ —
Baltimore	⅛@ ¼	Missouri	1⅛@ —
Maryland, Coun'y	⅜@ ¼	Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana	1⅛@1¼
Penn., Country	⅜@ —	Tennessee	3 @ —
Virginia	1¾@2	Canada	⅜@ —
North Carolina	3 @ —		

LAND WARRANTS.

Acres.	BUYING PRICE.	Acres.	SELLING PRICE.
160	$ 87	160	$ 90
120	82	120	85
80	87	80	90
40	1 00	40	1 05

LE HURAY & Co., No. 9 Wall-street, quote the rates current for Bank Notes, Land Warrants, &c., to-day, as follows:

Bank Notes.	Dis.	Bank Notes.	Dis.
All solvent New-York State Banks	⅜	S. Carolina and Ga.	1
All New-England Bks. (in good credit)	¼	New-Orleans	¼
Rhode Island Banks	⅛	Mobile	¾
East Jersey Banks	¼	Ohio, Ind. and Kent'y	1½
West Jersey Banks	¼	Indiana Free Banks	2½
Philadelphia Banks	1-10	Missouri	2
Pennsyl. Country Bks.	¾	Michigan	1½
Baltimore City Banks	¼	Illinois and Wisconsin	1¼
Maryland	¼	Tennessee Old Banks	3
Virginia Old Banks	1¾	Tennessee Free Banks	4
Do. Free Banks	2	Canada	¾
North Carolina	3	Philadelphia Checks	par.
		Baltimore Checks	1-5
		Boston Checks	⅛

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
40 acres	100	110
80 acres	87	90
120 acres	82	85
160 acres	87	90

The Foreign mails to March 13, by the *Niagara* at Boston, were not in season at Boston for the New-York trains of Saturday evening. The *Fulton* arrived at this port yesterday morning, with dates to the 11th March. The following is the American Stock report on the London Exchange, March 10, against our regular advices of Feb. 23, and a New-York dispatch to Halifax of Feb. 25:

American Railways.	Closing Prices.	Business.
Illinois Central 6 ⅌ ct., 1875	83 to 85	
Do., 7 ⅌ cent., 1875	84 to 86	85
Do., do., free land, 1860	80 to 82 ex. c.	
Do., $100 shares, $40 paid	10 to 8 dis.	8 9 dis.
Michigan Cen. 8 ⅌ c., con. '80	88 to 92	
Do., do., 1869	86 to 90	89
Do. (sink'g fund), do., 1882	90 to 94	92
Do., $100 shares	55 to 65	
Michigan S. and N. Indiana 7 ⅌ ct. (sinking fund), 1885	64 to 68	
Do., $100 shares	20 to 30	
New-York Central, 6 ⅌ cent. (sinking fund), 1883	82 to 84	
Do., 7 ⅌ cent., con. 1864	92 to 94	
Do., $100 shares	80 to 82 ex.div.	
New-York and Erie, 3d mortgage, 7 ⅌ cent., 1883	77 to 79	78
Do., Bonds, con., 1862	.. to ..	
Do., $100 shares	28 to 30	
Pennsylvania Cen. Bonds: 1st mortgage, con. 6 ⅌ cent.	87 to 89	
2d mort. 6 ⅌ ct. sterling	87 to 89	

By the *Fulton* we have later dates from Australia. The Export of Gold from Melbourne in 1857 was 2,757,047 ounces, of the value of $55,140,940, in addition to which $4,464,300 was minted at Sydney. A Melbourne letter of the 16th January to the London *Times*, thus refers to the news of DENNISTOUN'S failure:

"The '4th of the month' passed over without disaster, and up to the arrival of the mails there was great quietude, but with almost a suspension of business, caused by the delay of both mails. The news of the disastrous state of trade in England and America has increased the gloom here, and there is a whisper of further failures. Still I do not think the pressure will be very great or of long duration, unless, indeed, some of our largest houses should be pulled down by English failures. It has been authoritatively announced here that the failure of DENNISTOUN'S house will not affect the house here, the Melbourne house not being partners of any of the other firms, and being themselves solvent; but they have been large shippers of gold, (46,000 oz., for instance, in one parcel,) against which they are said to have drawn."

The Melbourne *Argus* on the same subject remarks:

"A very general and painful sensation was produced on Friday, the 8th inst., when the second editions of the Melbourne journals made known to the public the suspension of the extensive and old-established house of DENNISTOUN, of Glasgow. The firm of Messrs. DENNISTOUN, BROTHERS & Co., of Melbourne, although a distinct house from the Glasgow establishment and the branches in London, Liverpool, New-York, and New-Orleans, was thought at first to be involved, and the resident partners awaited the delivery of their advices before determining what course to adopt. On the morning following the delivery of the mail they declared their ability to meet all demands on them, and their firm belief, gathered from the perusal of their home advices, that the position of the Melbourne house would not be compromised."

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF THE NEW-ORLEANS BANKS.

CASH ASSETS.

BANKS.	LOANS. March 20.	LOANS. March 13.	SPECIE. March 20.	SPECIE. March 13.
Citizens' Bank	3,444,017	3,362,970	2,226,289	1,949,131
Canal Bank	1,311,529	1,316,924	930,592	998,942
Louisiana	2,930,797	2,975,567	2,207,208	2,448,290
Louisiana State	3,824,976	3,775,948	2,846,144	3,070,639
Mech. & Trad.	494,846	514,495	547,036	403,332
Bk. of N. Orl'ns	1,148,449	1,163,532	635,983	684,606
Southern Bank	263,618	260,194	157,284	208,854
Union Bank	1,006,564	1,088,470	412,075	324,290
Bk. of J. Robb	331,316	333,150	281,182	223,775
Crescent City	892,237	871,332	240,503	235,770
Bk. of America	289,570	225,825	[illegible]	431,159
Total	15,837,921	15,888,347	10,897,866	10,978,759
	Increase	$49,574	Decrease	$80,893

CASH LIABILITIES.

BANKS.	CIRCULATION. March 20.	CIRCULATION. March 13.	DEPOSITS. March 20.	DEPOSITS. March 13.
Citizens' Bank	2,000,955	1,878,010	3,563,623	3,421,510
Canal Bank	608,465	590,075	1,033,000	1,116,323
Louisiana	767,269	686,014	3,756,147	3,886,616
Louisiana State	1,491,050	1,408,565	4,659,818	4,734,167
Mech. & Traders'	163,555	159,035	736,858	624,706
Bk. of N. Orleans	407,250	420,675	1,000,369	1,078,499
Southern Bank	191,950	186,965	630,695	280,272
Union Bank	438,105	400,728	850,356	692,708
Bank of J. Robb	339,465	325,755	358,955	334,852
Crescent City	121,875	112,675	227,157	193,580
Bk. of America	133,495	131,560	443,952	405,385
Total	6,664,434	6,299,957	16,976,630	16,768,618
	Increase	$354,477	Increase	$179,012

Railway Proxies.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I beg to address myself, through your columns, *to the stockholders of the Michigan Southern Railroad.* By a circular issued by three of the Board of Directors, you are called upon to constitute these gentlemen your proxies at the next election, for the purpose of selecting a new set of men to take charge of your property and manage its affairs. I can but think their solicitude for the future prosperity of the Road must certainly be brought forth by anything rather than a *selfish* feeling on their part, unless the eighteen shares held collectively may be of sufficient importance to insure that attention which the management of nineteen millions of property requires. Such evidences of philanthropy we sometimes *read about*, but I must confess this is the first instance where I have been permitted to see such disinterested individuals face to face. We of the country are very much in the habit of selecting persons to take charge who have some personal interest, and I sincerely hope that my country friends who, like myself, have been holders of the stock for a long time, will select such men to vote for them as have some little interest in the welfare of the Company.

COUNTRYMAN.

Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

A paragraph in your money article of this date, introducing a correspondence between sundry parties and WM. WALCOTT, Esq., Treasurer, &c., of the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad Company, is calculated to convey impressions not consistent with a *just* presentation of facts. I will not reflect upon the impropriety of the Treasurer's action in giving to the public a *vote* of the Board, but as he has done so, I may take advantage of it for the purpose of explanation.

The purpose of the resolution in regard to proxies was not apprehended at the time of its introduction. One member, Mr. PROUTY, (the largest stockholder,) who voted aye, was *refused permission to change his vote*, Mr. POTTER, who was temporarily absent would have voted nay, and I think I am correct in the belief that the other absent members would have done likewise.

The question of who shall constitute the new Direction is one for the stockholders to decide. I hope it will be one that will prove faithful to the interests reposed in their keeping. The signers of the letter to Mr. WALCOTT declare that they cannot trust any "whose investment in the stock is not sufficiently large to insure fidelity;" in other words, they do not believe in disinterested honesty. I am neither anxious to represent such, nor to be classed with them, but I may add that those who seem to have so little interest in the stock have had that interest diminished by parting with it to pay for Bonds at a time when such action was deemed the only one that could save the property of the stockholders.

But the real issue is behind all this. The parties who controlled the Company for so long a time, and who brought it to the point, so nearly fatal, where the present Direction found it, desire to exercise their influence once more. They have unquestioned ability and great experience in "wire-pulling," and stockholders, if not warned, may ignorantly give *them* the desired power. I certainly shall not increase my interest in the stock while there is any fear of such an issue.

Very truly yours,
ROBERT M. OLYPHANT.

Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, March 27.

FLOUR quiet and unchanged. WHEAT has a declining tendency. Sales of Red at $1 05@$1 10 and White at $1 20@$1 30, closing dull. CORN in active demand at 63c.@64c. PROVISIONS firm but quiet. WHISKY firm.

BALTIMORE, Saturday, March 27.

FLOUR quiet and heavy. WHEAT in active demand except prime descriptions, which are low and dull. CORN active and buoyant. WHISKY dull and drooping at 21c½.@22½c.

SAVANNAH, Friday, March 26.

COTTON market unsettled. Sales, to-day, 14,000 bales.

MOBILE, Saturday, March 27.

The sales of COTTON, to-day, were 2,000 bales, the market closing firm; Middling, 11c.

Philadelphia Stock Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, March 27.

Stocks steady. Pennsylvania State 5s, 87; Reading Railroad, 25⅛; Morris Canal, 48⅛; Long Island Railroad, 11⅞; Pennsylvania Railroad, 43⅜.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

NAMES.	LEAVES.	FOR	DATE.
FOR EUROPE.			
Arabia	New-York	Liverpool	March 31
Niagara	Boston	Liverpool	April 7
City of Baltimore	New-York	Liverpool	April 8
Vanderbilt	New-York	Havre	April 10
Glasgow	New-York	Glasgow	April 14
North Star	New-York	Bremen	April 17
FROM EUROPE.			
Fulton	Southampton	New-York	March 11
City of Baltimore	Liverpool	New-York	March 17
Alps	Liverpool	New-York	March 17
Glasgow	Glasgow	New York	March 17
Africa	Liverpool	New-York	March 20

Passengers Sailed.

In steamship Jamestown, for Norfolk, Petersburg and Richmond—J. J. Woodbridge, J. Alberts, H. Lee, W. H. Wilson and lady, Mrs. M. Somers and child, F. Schwartz, J. Phillips, Rev. F. F. Schiefler, J. T. Morris and lady, W. H. Marston and lady, G. Coleman and lady, Mrs. Sarah White and 2 children, Mrs. Morden, Miss Sarah Green, R. G. Cornell, Dr. Jewett, S. Elliott, J. Caskie, G. Wright and lady, E. Perry and lady—and 26 in the steerage.

In steamship Florida, for Savannah—A. P. Robertson, R. Couper, J. Q. Allen, J. D. Warren, Mrs. Jonathan Warren, Mr. and Mrs. G. Dickinson, Mr. and Mrs. Allan Melville and daughter, Charles Greenough, G. S. Curtis, Abram Wakeman, D. Walls, E. W. Mooring, T. B. Heath, W. R. Mitchell, B. G. Green, A. H. Hasbrouck, E. T. Bowers, Miss Cosens, J. L. Bickford, L. Jackson, Wm. G. Foote, Mr and Mrs Henderson, Wm. T. Hoagland.

In steamship Nashville, for Charleston—Henry Young, J. L. Coben, C. A. Mills, E. H. Ripley, Mrs. J. C. R. Dorr, Mrs. Wm. V. Ripley, Mrs. J. Winberg, C. S. Maule, Miss M. F. Clark, M. Casper, Mrs. C. Henzel and child, Mrs. Sarah Sergent and 2 children, B. Lewis, A. Blanchard, Jr., Mr. Mollisson, J. A. Harrington, Wm. C. Williams—and 10 in the steerage.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Fulton, from Havre and Cowes—Henry Roesberg, G. Krenhelberg, Capt. J. H. Gatzen, A. De Grieff, T. N. Cramers, D. Saredes, Miss Lala Voute, Theodore Tilloran and lady, Paul Desjardin, Charles Lazarus, H. Boker, Jr., R. S. Miller, S. De Belligney and servant, French Consul to Charleston; Francis Richards, Thos. M. Evans, bearer of dispatches to Washington from American Legation at Paris, Miss Emma Evans, B. G. Farrar, lady, child and servant. Second class—Miss T. Gitman, H. Demaire, E. Chase, Leon Sers, E. F. Beaulien, Mrs. Bochard, A. Beauche, A. Haydter, A. Keller, U. Moser, Miss A. Stewart, G. Hertbem, Miss Kate Marcedo, Chas. Marquand, A. Schmitz, Mrs. T. Reichart and child, Mrs. M. Herpel, L. Slumph, J. Lambert, C. B. Suter, N. Wilk, D. Brunel, Chas. Hanser, lady and daughter, S. Boach, Mrs. Guillaume and 2 daughters, G. Schonberg, Mrs. C. Bausch and child, A. Queffman, Mrs. R. Helpling, Otto Pechen, A. Langulbach, H. Reckert, F. Gerber, M. Eiffler, M. Krecht, T. Tuffley, H. C. Johnson—total 79.

In steamship Empire City, from New-Orleans and Havana—From Havana—J. P. Anell, M. M. Cornelia, Mrs. C. Abren and family, Mr. Betancourt, Daniel Miller, J. F. Vidal, M. Sastego, M. de Meza and lady, M. R. Aquila, F. C. Bareta and family, W. H. West, D. R. Bullock, R. Ramsey, P. Godber, and 10 in the steerage. From New-Orleans—O. F. Soule, Miss Marsh, Mr. Bramhall, P. Regil, W. Weir—and 25 in the steerage.

In steamship Roanoke, from Portsmouth, &c.—J. G. Corbin, U. S. N., Mr. Hussey, lady, child and nurse, Henry Dyer and lady, G. M. Spencer, G. R. Powers, V. Doriot, Miss Brewster, G. H. Smith, N. Tillinghast, W. Lane, J. G. Benton, Mrs. M. Fgan, Wm. H. Larned, Mrs. A. M. Vedder, W. Mott, J. W. Farguier, T. Hiseman, Wm. H. Tilloston, Miss M. Lynch, J. B. Van Vorst, J. A. Jones, C. H. Rice—and 38 in the steerage.

In steamship Jas. Adger, from Charleston—Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Root, Mr. and Mrs. S. Gedney, Miss M. C. Manet, W. W. Scott, T. J. Dunovant, J. Buckley, F. Brown, S. Gasquoine, Charles Geigy, L. F. Davis, Jr., M. H. Mosher, N. H. Rhoades, T. Clery—and 48 in the steerage.

In steamship Alabama, from Savannah—Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. G. Crow, child and nurse, R. Cohen, J. P. Gormley, M. Reis, S. Guckenheimer, D. S. Elliott, J. Waterkeyn, Mr. Caskie—and 36 in the steerage.

In ship Norseman, from Macao—Mrs. Henry Carrol and child, Mrs. F. H. Haskell.

In bark Clara Windsor, from Port-au-Prince—Mr. Camille Lynch, of Boston.

In brig Kossuth, from Jacksonville—Mr. Peck, wife and child.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises.... 5 51 | Sun sets.... 6 21 | Moon rises.... 6 50
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook. 7 22 | Gov. Island. 8 11 | Hell Gate.... 9 33

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....SATURDAY, March 27.

Cleared.

Steamships Florida, Crowell, Savannah, S. L. Mitchill; Black Warrior, Smith, Havana and New-Orleans, Livingston, Crocheron & Co.; Jamestown, Parrish, Norfolk, Ludlam & Pleasants; Nashville, Murray, Charleston, Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Ships Mediator, Coffin, New-Orleans, Wm. T. Frost; Morning Star, Foster, San Francisco, Wm. T. Coleman; R. S. Lane, Covillard, New Orleans, T. Richardson & Co.; J. R. Keeler, Allen, London, E. E. Morgan & Wiley; Compromise, Childs, Liverpool, Zerega & Co.

Barks Alvah, Nevins, Elizabethport, Tappan & Starbuck; Lone Star, Dizer, New-Orleans, Robson & Fosdick; Dency, Averill, Cardenas, H. D. Brookman & Co.; Cadet, Guice, Belize, Josiah Jex.

Brigs J. H. Jones, Mills, Charleston, Dollner & Potter; T. B. Watson, Darnaby, Laguayra, Dallett & Bliss; Jos. Park, Park, Cardenas, Walsh, Carver & Chase; Julia Ford, Griffin, Bucksville, Walsh, Carver & Chase.

Schooners G. M. Smith, Smith, Wilmington, J. Smith & Co.; E. A. De Hart, Low, Matanzas, Saml. Goodwin; F. Elmer, Smith, Philadelphia, P. M. Dinge; Amelia, Marvel, York River, Van Brunt & Slaght; Napoleon, Simond, Newbern, Davis & Holmes; S. P. Hawes, Mason, Richmond, Van Brunt & Slaght; J. Tinker, Booth, Curacoa, Dovalle & Co.; Oruecoe, (Br.,) Tobin, Halifax, N. S.; R. N. Goff; Jno. Castner, Johnson, Elizabethport, C. B. Leveridge; E. Rodman, Fuller, New-Bedford, C. H. Leonard; American Belle, Hallett, Boston, S. W. Lewis & Co.; Gun Rock, Wilson, St. John, N. B., G. L. Hatch & Co.; Tennessee, Wooster, St. John, N. B., Brett, Son & Co.

Steamers Memphis, Watson, Charleston, H. B. Cromwell & Co.; Thos. Swann, Post, Savannah, H. B. Cromwell & Co.; Locust Point, French, Baltimore, H. B. Cromwell & Co.; Boston, Sellew, Philadelphia, F. Perkins; Union, Cardiff, Baltimore, W. Dalzell.

Arrived....SUNDAY, March 28.

Steamship Fulton, Wotten, Havre and Cowes March 12, with mdse., and 70 passengers to W. S. Drayton. Has experienced heavy westerly gales the entire passage.

Steamship Empire City, Griffin, New-Orleans March 20, and Havana 23d, with mdse. and passengers to M. O. Roberts.

Steamship Roanoke, Skinner, Portsmouth, &c., with mdse. and passengers to Ludlam & Pleasants.

Ship Norseman, (of Boston,) Haskell, Macao via Hong Kong Nov. 26, St. Helena Feb. 16, passed Anjier Dec. 14, with teas and silks to order. Did not clear Java Head until Dec. 22, having strong westerly winds. Sailed in co. with ships Cygnet, from Manila, Kitty Simpson, from Swatow.

Ship Alice Thorndyke, (of Rockland,) Spalding, Calcutta Dec. 18, and Sands Head 21st, with linseed to Metcalf & Duncan.

Bark Clara Windsor, McEwen, Port-au-Prince 12 ds., with mdse. to Becker & Graves.

Brig Granada, Taylor, Matanzas 9 ds., with to Howes & Co. Sailed in co. with brig Greyhound, and schr. Malakoff, both for New-York.

Brig Kossuth, (of Sullivan,) Pomroy, Jacksonville 10 ds., with yellow pine to Massey & Co.—vessel to Thompson & Hunter.

Schr. J. W. Lindsey, Crowell, Norfolk 3 ds., with grain to order.

Schr. Panama, Haley, Accomac 2 ds., with grain to Moreau & Parker.

Steamer Pelican, Aldrich, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Steamer Delaware, Copes, Philadelphia with mdse. to F. Perkins.

BELOW—1 ship unknown.

WIND—Sunrise N. E.; meridian S. E.; sunset N.

Sailed.

Steamships Black Warrior, Smith, Havana and New-Orleans; Nashville, Murray, Charleston; Jamestown, Parrish, Norfolk; Florida, Crowell, Savannah; ships Orpheus, (Brem.,) Wessels, Bremen; Mediator, Coffin, New-Orleans; James B. Keeler, Allen, London; W. Frothingham, Stetson, Havre; barks Brilliant, Sigsbee, New-Orleans; Warren Fisher, Gallagher, Philadelphia; Alvah, Nevins, Elizabethport, N. J.; brigs May Queen, Lyle, Philadelphia; schrs. Sarah Mills, Rawley, Demarara via Long Island Sound; John Castner, Johnson, Aspinwall; steamers Memphis, Watson, Charleston; Thomas Swann, Post, Savannah. Also ship Compromise, Childs, Liverpool; brigs Minnie, Thompson, Charleston; T. B. Watson, Darnaby, Laguayra, and others.

Memoranda.

The steamship Empire City, of the California mail line will leave this port on the 2d of April ensuing, for Aspinwall, to carry whatever surplus passengers may be here at that date. The fare will be reduced somewhat. There will probably be no opposition boat. The Moses Taylor will follow on the 5th her regular day.

Seamen's wages out of the port of San Francisco average $20 per month.

The steamer Osprey, lately ashore on Plum Island, was last night taken on the Screw Dock for repairs. She has received considerable damage, and will have an entire new bottom.

The clipper ship Golden State was this morning taken on the large Sectional Dock for repairs.

By Telegraph.

NEW-ORLEANS, March 27—Arr., ships Wm. Stetson, from Liverpool; Shawmut, from Havre; Pegnot, from London; Isaac Newton, from Boston. Coming up—ships Frank Pierce, Harvest Queen, Wm. Lord and Arno, from Liverpool; Wabano, from Rotterdam.

Disasters, &c.

BEAUMARIS, March 7.—The Hesperus, Lewin, from Liverpool for Boston, was overtaken by a gale when about 8 miles N. of Point Lynas and driven to Red Wharf Bay, where she let go anchors, but had to cut away all her masts to prevent her being stranded. Yesterday she arrived here in tow of steamtugs and not having anchors to bring her up, she has been laid on the mud. Crew and passengers all safely landed.

The St. Nicholas, from New-York, arrived at Havre, reports on the 14th Feb. lat. 45, lon. 31, encountered a water spout, which carried away the mainmast, and all the spars belonging to it, &c., with the mizzen topmast, &c.; also sprung fore and mizzen masts.

The Marianne, from Nottebehm for New York, put back to Portsmouth on the 8th inst.

The Colombo, from Shields for New-York has been towed into Queenstown from Kinsale, to undergo repairs, with mizzenmast sprung, loss of sails and leaky.

The Cleopatra, from New York for Holland, put into Scilly with part of her cargo thrown overboard, loss of stanchions, bulwarks, &c.

The W. A. Banks, from Messina for Philadelphia, and Audubon, from Palermo for Boston, cleared at Gibraltar Feb. 26 and the Josephine, from Palermo for New-York, on the 2 st.

The Silver Star, from Sunderland for New-York, was off Eastbourne March 7.

The Coringa, from Manila for Boston, with foremast head carried away, was spoken on the 23d of Dec. off Cape of Good Hope.

The Sarah Purington, (of Bath, U. S.,) Ballard, from London for Charleston, was fallen in with on the 23d of Feb. lat. 48 N., lon. 17 W., dismasted and in distress. The crew were taken off and arrived at Havre March 8.

Foreign Shipping Intelligence.

[PER STEAMSHIP NIAGARA AT BOSTON.]

Arrived at Liverpool—March 11, New World, Knight, and Benjamin Adams, Chase from New York; 10th, Judah Touro, Moses, from New-Orleans; Lizzie Southard, Spall, from Savannah.

Entered inward at London—March 11th, Spitfire, Arey, from Goo-chow foo; 10th, Eastern State, Hepburn, from Callao; Golden Fleece, Lunt, do.; Winged Arrow, Bears, from Patos; 11th, Indian Hunter, Austin, Callao.

Arrived at Gravesend—March 7th, Amazon, Lord, London for New-York; 11th, American Eagle, Moore, and Yorktown, Meyer, do.

Off Deal—March 11, South Carolina, from New-Orleans for Rotterdam.

Arrived at Deal—March 11, Elec Spark, Titcomb, from Callao; 12th, Ganymede, Bramhall, do.

Off the Wight—March 10, White Cloud, Hoyt, Boston for Rotterdam.

Arrived at Queenstown—March 9, Sebra Crooker, McDonnell, from Cuba.

Whalers.

Arr. at New-Bedford March 25, bark Andrews, Smith, Pacific Ocean, Talcahuano Nov. 29, with 500 bbls. sperm oil. Sent home and sold 310 bbls. sperm oil. Reports spoke Dec. 4, lat. 57 S., lon. 65 44 W., Constitution, Winslow, Nant clean; Jan. 17, lat. 34 10 S., lon. 46 45 W., Franklin 2d, Howland, New-Bedford, 7 ds. from Rio Janeiro, bound S. 40 bbls. sperm oil; 26th, lat. 28 40 S., lon. 33 W., Alto, Lawrence, do., 110 bbls., in want of boats.

At St. Thomas, March 13, Charles and Edward, Salter, (of Dartmouth,) with 110 bbls. sperm oil—would be home in April or May.

Arr. at Talcahuano Jan. 24, ships Europa, Manter, (of Edgartown,) from a cruise, 182 sperm; Phenix, Lambert, N. B., clean; Tamerlane, Winslow, N. B., from a cruise, 2 500 whale, 16,000 bone; bark Gratitude, Cornell, N. B., cruise, 40 sperm, 1,600 whale, 3,000 bone; 26th, bark Helen Snow, Nye, N. B., cruise, 155 sperm; ship Fabius, Smith, N. B., from home, 100 sperm; 28th, barks Hathaway, N. B., 750 whale; Cavalier, Bourne, N. B., 125 sperm, 975 whale; 30th, ship Oregon, Tobey, F. H., 90 sperm; 31st, schr. Monterey, Winpenny, from a cruise, to be sold.

Sld. from do., Jan. ships Europa, Manter, cruise; Fabius, Smith, do.; bark Helen Snow, Nye, do.; ships Balena, Dowman, home; Talmaroo, Robinson, cruise; Geo. Howland, Pomery, do.

Spoken—Jan. 2, lat. 59 59 S., lon. 73 25 W., bark Neva, on a cruise; 6th, lat. 15 17 S., lon. 81 20 W., bark Helen Snow, on cruise; Dec. 17, lat. 40 18 S., lon. 57 12 W., bark Gipsy, Manter, 5 months out, 350 bbls. sperm oil.

Spoken, &c.

Jan. 30, lat. 35 S., lon. 18 E., ship Cœur de Lion, from Ragoon for Falmouth.

Jan. 28, lat. 34 S., lon. 23 E., ship Indian, from Calcutta for Boston.

March 6, lat. 04 N., lon. 38 W., Br. bark Athenian, from Calcutta for Demarara.

March 15 lat. 22 25, lon. 61 20, ship Thirty-One States, from Newcastle for Havana, 44 ds. out.

March 18, lat. 26 N., lon. 69 W., ship Old England, from Liverpool for New-Orleans, 42 ds. out. Same day, brig Manhattan, from Boston for Cienfuegos, 8 ds. out.

Feb. 20, off Madeira, bark Alfred Lemont, (of Bath,) fm London for Port Phillip, Australia, 12 ds. out.

March 13, lat. 21 13, lon. 53 08, brig Hannah, Baltimore.

March 21, lat. 31 42, lon. 68 05, ship John Quincy Adams, Lewis from Calcutta Dec. 8, and Sands Head 11th, for Boston.

March 21, lat. 31, lon. 69, bark Quincy, for Boston from Table Bay, (C. G. H.)

March 22, lat. 36 10, lon. 74 40, bark Lucy White, from Montevideo for Baltimore.

March 24, lat. 35 46, lon. 73, ship S. B. Lamb, standing to the northward.

March 25, off Smith's Island, schr. Village Belle, from Harwich for Norfolk.

Foreign Ports.

At Kingston, Jam., brig Manuella, Killey, Eastport, U. S., arrived Feb. 18; March 3, brig Norfolk, from Baltimore; 4th, schr. James Madison, do.; 6th, brigs Martha, from Philadelphia; Nathan, Johnson, do.; schr. Lamartine, Johnson, do.; 7th, schr. Eveline Rutter, from Rio Janeiro; Columbus, Davidson, from New-York; 11th, brig Laura, from Baltimore; 17th, Abbotsford, Cooper, do. Sailed—March 4, brig Argyle, Warren, for St. Jago de Cuba; Yankee Blade, Darling, Savannah la Mar, to load for London; 13th, brig Nathan, Fogerty, Havana. The schr James Madison, which arrived at this port 4th inst., was placed in quarantine, having a case of small pox on board, which proved fatal. Left on the 7th for a sea voyage, to return to this port. Brig Laura, from Baltimore, in quarantine. No sickness on board.

Arr. at Montego Bay, March 1, bark Pilot Fish, St. Thomas, to load for London; schr. J. D. Soyer, Eastport, Me.; 3d, schr. H. W. Fry, Wilson, Baltimore.

Arr. at Falmouth March 1, schr. Lotus, Clark, from New-York.

At Caldera, Feb. 4, ships Sportsman, for Baltimore; Littlefield, for Boston; brig Evangeline, for do.; and bark Lizzie, supposed for do.

Arr. at Pernambuco Feb. 23, bark Wheatland, Dessoux, Baltimore, and proceeded on to Bahia and a market.

At Laguayra March 3, schr. Samuel Jones, from Baltimore for Porto Cabello.

At Aoroyo, P. R., March 1, brig Orison, Adams, York, for New-York, in 4 ds.; schr. I. C. Hertz, Spofford, for do., ldg.; 17th, brig Renshaw, (of Bangor,) Pierce, ldg., for Boston. Sailed, Feb. 24, Br. brig Minna, for Boston.

In Sombrero Roads, March 9, brigs Santa Clara, Ellenwood, to commence ldg. next day; W. R. Kibbey, Boose, schr. Empire, (of Deer Isle, Me.,) ldg.—all bound to Hampton Roads for orders.

At Turks Island March 10, schr. Eleanor, from St. Thomas, where bound not known—the only Am. vessel in port.

At Bahia Feb. 12, bark Elk, (of Boston,) sold; barks Zingarella and Rainbow sailed previously for Rio Janeiro to load.

At St. Croix, W. E., March 14, schr. Saxon, (of Bangor,) Mack, for New-York, ldg.

At St. Helena Feb. 18, ship Ann Maria from Singapore for New-York.

At Jacmel March 2, schrs. Agathe, Atkins, for Boston; Susan Hall, Kilburn, for do., ldg.

At Aux Cayes March 2, brig Oleonore, Leonard, for Baltimore; schr G. W. Glover, for New-York.

At Port-au-Prince March 16, barks Ariel, Cheeseman, for New-York, ldg.; Orlando, Connor, for Boston; Chas. E. Lex, Almeda, for Philadelphia. Medora, ——, for New-York, ldg.; schr. F. Howell, Larrabee, hence, disg.

At Matanzas March 18, brig Beaver, Boston, next day.

T. GOULDSMITH, Auctioneer.
SPLENDID AND UNIQUE
PARLOR AND CHAMBER FURNITURE,
PIANO-FORTE,
OIL-PAINTINGS, &c.,
AT AUCTION, ON MONDAY.
T. GOULDSMITH, auctioneer, will sell THIS DAY, (Monday,) March 29, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 116 West 15th-st., near 6th-av., without any reserve, being an unparalleled opportunity for housekeepers to supply themselves, as the house is beautifully furnished and must be seen to be appreciated. Catalogues on the morning of sale will contain a full description, some of which we add to this advertisement, viz:
THE PARLORS.
French plate pier glass, rich lace curtains, landscape painted shades; gold-frame oil-paintings, very choice and effective subjects; rosewood marble-top étagere, plate-glass doors and back; corner etageres; Turkish, Voltaire and reception chairs, covered with satin brocade; tapestry velvet carpet, splendid French China mantel vases and fancy ornaments, six y-day mantel clock, &c. Also, three parlor suites, carved from solid rosewood, covered with brocade and velvet of the richest description, made to order; rosewood marble-top centre, side and sofa tables.
DINING-ROOM.
Cutlery, plated-ware, casters, French China tea-sets, cut glass goblets, decanters, wines, &c.; common stoneware of every imaginable kind, liquor-sets, finger bowls, mantel clocks, mirrors, walnut tea and dining table. Also one extension table, solid oak, in perfect order; ingrain carpets, &c.
BEDROOMS.
One of McGraw's celebrated patent sofa beds, spring-seat and arm chairs, rocking and other chairs, hair mattresses. Also, 8 spring do., spring-seat sofa; rosewood, walnut and mahogany marble-top dressing-bureaus, with washstands to match; solid rosewood bedsteads, oval mirrors. For full particulars, see catalogue. Sale peremptory, for cash. No postponement on any account—rain or shine.

AT A MEETING OF THE CITIZENS OF the Sixth Ward, Brooklyn, for the purpose of nominating Officers for the Ward without distinction of party, the following gentleman were nominated:

For Alderman.
GEORGE CURTIS.
For Supervisor.
GEORGE A. JARVIS.
For Assessor.
RICHARD WHIPPLE.
For Constable.
ISAAC SKIDMORE.
Dr. DANIEL BROOKS, Chairman.
W. HUNT, Secretary.

BURTON'S CHAMBERS-STREET THEATRE will be open to day as usual. This meeting is carried on under the auspices of Christian merchants in its vicinity. They invite fellow merchants, clerks, lawyers, mechanics, carmen, and all men in every situation, to come. Doors open at 11½ o'clock. Rev. Rufus W. Clark will lead the meeting.